THE STIRLING NEWS-ARGUS.

$1.00 PER ANNUM IN ADVANCE. $1.25 IF NOT PAID IN ADVANCE.

STIRLING, HASTINGS COUNTY, ONT., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 7, 1912.

Vol. XXXIV, No. 8.

Our Motto: Best Quality

Better Value, Best Service

One price to all, marked in plain figures,—it helps the busy business, saves time in selling, and helps to make long friends ahd reguler customers.

We Try to Get the Best and Most Up-to-Date Goods to Offer You.

WE WOULD LIKE TO INTRODUCE you to our New Lines for Fall and Winter in English, Scotch and Canadian Suitings, Black and Blue Worsteds. We make Suits to your order at.....$15.00 up to $25.00

Men's Furnishings

New creations in Hats, Caps, Underwear, Gloves, Mitts, Hosiery, Coat Sweaters.

FURS for Ladies and Gentlemen—Fur Coats, Fur-lined Coats, Stoles, Ruffs, Muffs, etc.

Take a look anyway, at

FRED. T. WARD'S,

MEN'S WEAR SPECIALIST

COOK & FOX

"THE STORE OF QUALITY"

DRESS GOODS

Of exceptional worth and merit at our popular low prices.

ALL WOOL SERGES—In Navy and Black, in Suiting Serges, Coating Serges, Whipcords and French Serges in medium and heavy weights; also, Heavy Diagonal Serge in Black, Navy, Tan and Gray, now in such great demand for Tailored Suits. Prices, 50, 75, 90c., $1.00, $1.25, $1.50, $1.75 yd

POPULAR GRAY AND BROWN SUITINGS—Including Scotch Homespuns, English and Scotch Tweeds, Diagonal Weaves, etc, in pretty stripes and mixtures. Heavy and medium weights.....50c. to $1.50 per yd

TRIMMINGS

We carry a complete stock of Dress Trimmings to match all Suitings, including the new large Ivory and Novelty Buttons, Crochet Buttons, new Laces, Lace Sets, Overlaces, Bandings, etc. Also, new Silk SERGE LININGS. Do not spoil your suit with poor trimmings.

UNDERWEAR! UNDERWEAR!

Our values for Men, Women and Children are second to none, with an excellent showing to choose from.

SPECIALS

Ladies' Fall weight Vests and Drawers, Gray or White, fine even weave, correct weight, only.....25c

Natural and Bleached Wool, all sizes.....$1.00 to $1.60

CHILD'S AND MISSES' Vests and Drawers, very heavy, ribbed, regular value 35c., special.....25c

YARNS! YARNS! YARNS!

Note these prices. The quality is the best we can buy.

AVIATION WOOL, full weight, all colors, only.....10c. skein

BERLIN WOOL, plain and fancy shades, only.....8c. skein

BEEHIVE AND ANDULUSIAN YARN.....10c., 3 for 25c

SAXONY YARN, Black, White and Gray.....15c., 2 for 25c

SCOTCH FINGERING YARNS, very best quality, in Gray and Black, ...25c. skein

FACTORY YARNS, best on the market, fine even twist, two or three ply, ...15c. skein

SHETLAND FLOSS in white and colors.....4 for 25c

BROOMS

Do not fail to get one of our 35c. Brooms for.....25c

HONEY.—10 lb. Pail Pure Honey.....$1.00

FOWL! FOWL! FOWL!

If you want to get best proceeds from your Fowl, get our prices before selling, also shipping days. The following are our prices for delivery here Friday, Nov. 8th:

No. 1 Chicken ...12c. lb. Old Fowl....8c. lb.

HEADS ON. ALL FEATHERS OFF NOT DRAWN

FREE.—Every Dish in our store to be given away absolutely Free. They do not cost you a cent. Save all of your checks and get as many as you can. Five per cent. rebate given on all purchases, sugar excluded.

Highest price for produce — Phone 43 — Goods promptly delivered

UNION BANK OF CANADA

Paid-up Capital, Reserve Fund and Undivided Profits (Over) $8,175,000

Total Assets (Over) $63,000,000

Save Systematically

Haphazard, occasional saving seldom accomplishes much. It's the steady, persistent, regular depositing of so many dollars a week, or month, or season, in the Union Bank of Canada, which makes one financially independent. The money accumulates all the more rapidly, too, because of the Interest which is added every six months.

Try it.

STIRLING BRANCH—W. S. MARTIN, Manager.

LONDON, ENG., BRANCH, 91 Lombard Street, E.C. { F. W. ASHE, - - - Manager. G. M. C. HART SMITH, Assistant Manager.

Athletes Not Long Lived

A Montreal despatch says: Louis Cyr, "the strongest man in the world is dying at the residence of his son-in-law, Montreal. He is now only 49 years old. He started his career in 1882, and in 1891 the millionaire sports-mad, Richard Fox, took him under management, and produced him in all the European capitals. In London Cyr established an unequalled record by lifting with his shoulders a platform bearing a weight of 3,655 pounds. In 1895 Cyr beat his own record in Boston by lifting a platform carrying eighteen men, weighing in all 4,300 pounds. Cyr retired in 1904 after having given exhibitions all over America.

The War Scare

The Vancouver Province of a recent date prints an interview with Mr. Wm. Holden on his return to that city from his European trip. In speaking of the war scare as regards Great Britain and Germany he said:

"One hears more of the war scare on this side of the Atlantic than on the other. Of course there is a tangible kind of urgency for war preparedness that is as constantly with the people as a London fog, but go out either in that city and Berlin and try to find men who demand war between Britain and Germany and see what result you get. I could not find any. I met a good many people in Berlin and not one but declared that war was the last thing they wanted."

A Busy Session Promised

A despatch from Ottawa says: With the date for the opening of the sessions drawing near the Cabinet is rapidly preparing its legislation and Government measures promises to be in such a shape that there will be none of the long delays which was a feature of Parliament in previous sessions.

Three important measures at least will be introduced shortly after the opening. The most important, of course, is the naval bill which overshadows everything else this coming session.

The Bank Act is now being finally revised and along with it a bill for the regulation of private banks.

Present indications are that private legislation will not be very heavy. An exception, however, is the divorce cases which number 39 so far, and pass all records.

An Amazing Thing

It is an amazing thing that an intelligent people permit intoxicating liquor to be made, sold or used, when they know it is the cause of continual destruction of property and slaugher of lives. Here is a railway wreck on the Lackawanna Railroad. The engineer had been drinking, this drink which is known by everyone to poison the brain. Forty persons are killed and sixty desperately injured in this one catastrophe. Yet in an insane way the government protects the makers and sellers of it, and the sale goes on, and those who think straight and speak the truth about it are called fanatics. Some time the people will come to their senses. They are now allowing distillers and saloonkeepers to murder right and left because they are in the business of so doing.—Herald and Presbytery,

Just to bring the idea home to us, let us consider the fact that there are said to be 75,000 dead scattered over farms and through villages as near Constantinople as the scene of the Thanksgiving Day sham battle was to Toronto.—Toronto Star.

A drove of 300 fine steers passed through Brighton on Tuesday last enroute from Cobourg to Corbyville where they will be fed during the winter on the residue of the grain from the distillery. Local judges estimated this drove to be worth $15,000, at the present price of beef. It is said that the object in driving them that distance is to get them in such a condition that they will at once take ahold of the feed, which otherwise they would refuse for a time after coming off the grass.—Brighton Ensign.

Why Is Food Dear?

Why should Canadian ham and bacon be ten or twelve cents dearer here than in England?

There is no use in making the excuse that labor is better paid in Canada than in England. The excuse is bad, because the bacon is produced by Canadian labor. The Englishman in England pays this cost of production, and also the cost of transportation by rail and ocean.

Therefore we ought to get the bacon and ham for a great deal less than is paid in England, instead of ten or twelve cents a pound more.

Canada is a storehouse of food, producing more than it can consume, and helping to feed the rest of the world. Yet the price of food is far higher here than in England, which does not produce nearly enough food for its own needs.

The very best of our own products are carried past our doors and sold in England for prices which would not buy the most inferior food in Canada. WHY?—Toronto Star.

Madoc Junction Items

Quite a procession passed through here to attend the "doings" in Stirling on the 5th.

Mrs. Werden and Mrs. Davis left this week to visit friends in Syracuse, N. Y.

There were a number of strangers around making calls Halloween.

Mrs. A. Juby is staying with her sister, Mrs. Smith, in Campbellford.

Mrs. A. Eggleton visited her daughter, Mrs. Fred Faulkner last week.

Mr. H. Burke took charge of the service here last sabbath, taking for text "Lord save me." He made an earnest appeal to those who had not yet yielded to the Saviour.

Rev. E. A. Tonkin gave us an excellent Thanksgiving sermon.

Mr. and Mrs. H. P. Kennedy, of Toronto, spent the holidays with Rev. and Mrs. Barker.

Miss Mildred Clarke visited her brother at Angus, Ont., last week.

Harold

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Heath are the proud possessors of a baby boy.

Mr. Wm. Armstrong, of Montreal, has returned home, after spending Thanksgiving with his mother, here.

Mrs. S. Bailey met with a painful accident by falling down stairs and breaking her arm

Miss Gladys Runnalls, of Toronto, spent Thanksgiving at home.

Mrs. J. Lough, of Marmora, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. Bailey.

Mr. Jas. Cranston shipped a carload of cattle to Toronto this week.

Miss Kathleen Bailey spent Sunday at Wallbridge.

Thoughts Of A Shut-In

No gift of eloquence have I
To preach, exhort' or pray,
Nor can I point with glowing words
To Christ, the living way.

But I can tell how wondrous dear
My Saviour is to me,
And strive to let my light shine bright,
That all around may see.

Oh, happy I would be indeed,
If I could help just one.
My prayer is to be useful here,
Till my time on earth is done.

Dear Jesus knows my heart's desire,
To work and help some other,
But if I can't go and work like some,
I'll let my light shine brighter.

In patience here I pray and wait,
Though oft alone in prayer I stay,
Yet, oh, I feel 'tis wondrous sweet
Just trusting Jesus all the way.

MRS. ALLEN WESCOTT.

Wm. Curry, a Sidney farmer, was killed while driving to his home near Trenton, his wagon upsetting.

That there should be any survivors to take part in the celebration of a battle that took place a hundred years ago is almost incredible, yet when the centenary of the Battle of Borodino was celebrated recently in Russia, the Tsar conferred honors on five aged men who fought in that battle and in the accompanying campaign against Napoleon in 1812. All five are inmates of the Russian Soldiers' Home, and their army service is perfectly authenticated. The oldest of the five is a hundred and twenty-two years old.

"It is a pleasure to tell you that Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is the best cough medicine I have ever used," writes Mrs. Hugh Campbell, of Lavonia, Ga. "I have used it with all my children and the results have been highly satisfactory." For sale by all dealers.

Bank of Montreal

Established - 1817

CAPITAL, (ALL PAID).....$16,000,000.00

REST..... 16,000,000.00

UNDIVIDED PROFITS (April 30, 1912) 696,463.27

A General Banking Business transacted.

Stirling Branch
Bank Corner

T. E. BUTLER YEATS
Manager.

STERLING HALL

SPECIAL OCTOBER SALE

Good old October! You are beautiful with your golden leaves. We are glad to see you. But your mornings and evenings are cold. Winter with its snows will soon be here. So it is well to be prepared early. We have done our part in these preparations and we invite our customers to do theirs. We have arranged some exceptional offerings in Fall and Winter merchandise, to which we call special attention. We invite all our friends to come in and see the store and new goods whether they wish to purchase now or not.

HERE ARE A FEW OF OUR OCTOBER OFFERINGS:

Special Values in Furs

Since placing our Fur orders for this season's trade very considerable advances have been made in the prices of all fine Furs. Hence we are fortunate in being able to offer a choice selection at prices much below present prices.

LADIES' COATS—Lined with natural muskrat, Sable collars, special at.....$60.00

LADIES' COATS—Lined with No. 1 Canadian muskrat, mink collars, special at.....$75.00

COON COATS for men, special values at..... .....$50.00 to $85.00

ORENBERG MARMOT—Nearest in appearance to genuine Mink. Muffs, Stoles, Throws, Caperines at.....$5.00 to $15.00

SABLE OPPOSSUM—A close imitation of genuine sable, in all lines of small Furs at..$7.00 to $20.00

Ladies' Silk and Net Waists

Special in Ladies' Black Pailette Silk Waists, worth $3.50 for.....$2.50

Full line Black Silks at.....$3.50 to $5.00

Cream and White Net Waists..$3.00 and $3.50

LADIES' WINTER COATS

Latest models.....$7.50 to $15.00

MEN'S WEAR

Sweater Coats, from.....75c. to $4.50

Ful range Men's Heavy Coats.....$7.50 to $15.00

Winter Caps from.....50c. to $1.50

Grocery Specials

Uncolored Green Tea, 35c. value for.....25c

Fine assortment of Cakes at.....10c. lb

Finest Durham Mustard, 10c. can for.....5c

Pure Barbadoes Muscovado Sugar, 20 lbs. for....$1.00

MATHER-LUERY COMPANY, LIMITED.

AN OPPORTUNITY

FOR A RELIABLE MAN

IN STIRLING

A thoroughly responsible concern would like to get in touch with someone well known in STIRLING and district, someone who can follow up inquiries and intelligently present a high-class proposition. References required—must have someone who will not misrepresent—simply state facts. This is a permanent and highly profitable position for the right man. Apply

H. W. McCURDY, 502 Temple Building, Toronto, Ont.

A GOOD HABIT

Tea when you are tired, particularly if it's

LIPTON'S TEA

Goes farthest for the money

Now is the Time to Think About your Maple Syrup Business

Consult any of your neighbors who have used the "Champion" Evaporator. They will tell you to install before the snow is on the ground. Costs no more to buy now than in March. Write for free booklet.

THE CRIMM MFG. CO., LIMITED
58 Wellington St., MONTREAL, QUE.

Oil was used for burning in lamps so far back as the twentieth century before Christ.

At the tender age of three, masculine conceit had gripped that small boy with a relentless clutch. He had kissed a little girl of three, and she was rubbing her lips vigorously. "You mustn't do that again," said the boy's mother, "She doesn't like it. Just see how hard she is trying to rub your kiss off." "Oh, no she ain't," said the boy, "she's rubbin' it in."

It is Criminal to Neglect the Skin and Hair

THINK of the suffering entailed by neglected skin troubles — mental because of disfiguration, physical because of pain. Think of the pleasure of a clear skin, soft, white hands, and good hair. These blessings, so essential to happiness and even success in life, are often only a matter of a little thoughtful care in the selection of effective remedial agents. Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment do so much for poor complexions, red, rough hands, and dry, thin and falling hair, and cost so little, that it is almost criminal not to use them.

Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold by druggists and dealers everywhere, a postal to "Cuticura," Dept. 5M, Boston, U.S.A., will secure a liberal sample of each, with 32-page Skin and Scalp Treatment.

CHINESE LAUNDRIES.

Manchester Sees Them Increasing Rapidly.

Manchester, England, is about to take measures to bring about better hygienic conditions amongst the Chinese laundries, so many of which have lately been established in the city. The Manchester correspondent of the Lancet says: "It appears that the number of small Chinese laundries conducted by Chinamen has increased at an astonishing rate, and at present about 40 are established within the city area. On the advice of the medical officer of health, the sanitary committee has now decided to issue special notices in Chinese characters warning against spitting on the premises, and pointing out that penalties will be imposed for any offence in that direction. There is a prevalent belief—but whether based on fact or not, it is difficult to say—that spitting is very prevalent in some Chinese establishments, and that this act is not confined to spitting on the floor. Spitting is said to be a part of the process in some laundering businesses, as in the ironing process it is stated that the operator expectorates freely on the articles which are being dealt with, and that as an aid to the sustained secretion of saliva chewing gum is largely practised by the laundry men.

YOUR HAIRS NUMBERED!

Method Has Been Devised For Planting Scalps.

Dr. Szekely Ferencz has devised a method of implanting hair into the scalps of bald-headed persons. In carrying out the process the scalp is first carefully cleansed and anesthetized with a solution of novocaine. The operator uses a number of small hooks, made of gold wire, and in the eyelet of each hook a doubly folded hair is inserted. The hook is then pushed into the scalp with the aid of a Pravatz needle, of which from 300 to 400 are in readiness all prepared with hook and hair, and, of course, thoroughly sterilized before use. When the needle has been pushed into the scalp it is turned at a right angle and then pulled out, leaving the hair under the skin fastened by the outstanding end of the book. As at one sitting not more than from 300 to 400 hairs can be implanted, a full head of requires from twenty-five to forty sittings, assuming that from 10,000 to 20,000 hairs will cover a head. Dr. Szekely is sometimes able to apply the treatment every alternate day. If there is an inflammation around a hair this is pulled out and the inflammation promptly ceases.

MOTHERS RECOMMEND BABY'S OWN TABLETS

Mothers having once used Baby's Own Tablets for their little ones will always be found using them as long as there is a baby in the home. The Tablets are acknowledged by thousands of mothers as being their best friend in keeping the little ones well. Whether it be constipation, colic, indigestion or worms; whether baby is suffering from cold or has simple fever, or whether his teething is difficult, the Tablets are the one safe remedy which will speedily cure him. They are guaranteed by a government analyst to contain not one particle of harmful drug and may be given with benefit to the new-born babe or growing child. Sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

True.

Romantic Husband—Ah, how I'd like to be back again on the old farm.

Prosaic Wife—Huh! But I notice you had no desire to be back until you knew the harvest work was done.

Cure For Consumption.—For consumption, weak lungs, lingering coughs, laryngitis and bronchitis. Names and addresses of those only given a few days to live by specialist and doctors, after taking this cure are alive and well, will be sent on request. Write Wm. R. Copeland, 511 Pape Ave., Toronto, Ont.

Far Better.

Miss Waflee—"George said I was the best singer he ever saw."

Mrs. Hitt—"Wouldn't you rather be the best singer he ever heard?"

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, &c.

Mutual deception is a popular game during courtship.

The following conversation once took place between two Quakers:—"Martha, does thee love me?" asked a Quaker youth of one at whose shrine his heart's holiest feelings had been offered up. "Why, Seth," answered she, "we are commanded to love one another, are we not?" "Ah, Martha, but does thee regard me with the feeling the world calls love?" "I hardly know what to tell thee, Seth. I have greatly feared that my heart is an erring one. I have tried to bestow my love on all, but I may have sometimes thought perhaps that thee was getting rather more than thy share."

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

WEAK STOMACHS

Need New, Rich Blood to Restore Them to a Healthy Condition.

Actually in need of food to nourish the body and yet afraid to eat because of the racking pains that follow. That is the condition of the sufferer from indigestion—a choice between starvation or merciless torture.

The urgent need of all dyspeptics, of everybody whose organs of digestion have become unfit to perform their important duty, is for stronger stomachs that can extract nourishment from food. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills give weak stomachs just the strength they need by enriching the blood supply, thus giving tone and strength to the stomach and its nerves, and enabling it to do the work nature intended it to do. Thousands of cases of indigestion have been cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, of which the following is but one instance. Miss L. A. Brown, Port Albert, Ont., says: "For a number of years I was a terrible sufferer from indigestion, and as a result I became completely run down, and suffered from backaches and nervous troubles as well. I had to force myself to eat, but never enjoyed a meal owing to the awful pains that followed eating. Life was becoming a burden, and as medicine after medicine failed to help me I felt I was doomed to go through life a constant sufferer. Finally a married sister strongly urged me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and I have reason to be thankful that I followed her advice, as they have fully restored my health, and I can now enjoy all kinds of food without the least discomfort, and my friends say I am looking better than I have done for years. At all events I know I feel like a new person, so shall always praise Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

Sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for $2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

REINDEER FOR CANADA.

Experiment Sussessful in Northern Districts.

Shortly before Earl Grey left Canada on his return to England he suggested the establishment of a herd of reindeer in the northern parts of western Canada. Earl Grey had always taken a deep interest in the work of Dr. Grenfell on the Labrador coast and in northern Newfoundland, mindful of the great boon the reindeer has been to the people there in furnishing transportation, meat and milk. Last year the forestry branch of the Department of the Interior at Ottawa purchased fifty reindeer from Dr. Grenfell and shipped them into the Great Slave Lake district. Now that experience has shown that the deer can be shipped with a fair degree of success and that the animals can quickly adapt themselves to the climatic and other conditions of the remote parts of the north-west, the herd will be increased by other large shipments. There is now no doubt that the reindeer will be a boon to these northern districts. The policy which the United States Government is following in Alaska might be laid down in Canada. The plan followed in Alaska is that any responsible man who wishes to establish a herd of reindeer for himself may do so by making application to the Government for as many as he can feed and care for. He is given over twenty or thirty animals, as the case may be, and at the end of a certain period—three or five years, as agreed upon—he must return the same number to the Government, and keep for himself all the surplus stock bred and raised from the herd during the allotted term.—London Globe.

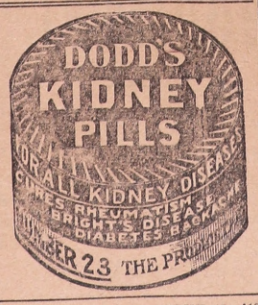
The Strongest Argument.

He—What, in your opinion, is the strongest argument in favor of woman suffrage.

Clever Suffragist — The mental calibre of the women who oppose it.

Love and reason are seldom chums.

Ike Pilsin is authority for the statement that if the fellows who bragged that their words were as good as their bonds paid him what they owed he'd be able to keep his word oftener.



NOT MUCH LARGE TIMBER.

But Much Pulpwood Found in Lac Labiche Region.

The Forestry Branch of the Department of the Interior has had a number of parties out during the past season continuing the examination of the unexplored districts to find out the supply of timber on Dominion Lands and determine the lands which should be reserved permanently for timber purposes. These parties are generally in charge of graduates of the Forest School of the University of Toronto. The work for the season is almost completed and the parties are now returning from the field. Two of the parties have already reported.

Mr. S. H. Clark examined during the past season the district lying north of Lac Labiche and east of the Athabaska River in Northern Alberta, which is along the route which was proposed for the Alberta Great Waterways Railway. The season was wet, and, as the district was found to be covered largely by muskeg, the examination of it was difficult. The muskegs were almost impassable, and the few trails that were found are in poor condition. In spite of the condition of the trails quite a large number of people were going in to Fort McMurray to locate.

It had been reported that there was considerable large timber north of Lac Labiche, but the examination brought out the fact, which has too frequently been the case, that the quantity of large timber is small and only in a few scattered areas. There is, however, a large quantity of immature spruce and jack pine, which needs only protection from fire to be a valuable crop for pulpwood or lumber. The land is generally covered with muskeg, and the soil, nowhere first-class, becomes lighter and sandy towards the east, where it consists of sandy jack pine ridges with muskeg between. The undrained muskegs make the timber growth slow, but the whole district is more suited for timber than for agriculture.

And Toot it From a Motor Car.

"If you were on the horns of a dilemma between a nice poor young man or a horrid old rich man, which would you take?"

"I'd take the horn of plenty."

A druggist can obtain an imitation of MINARD'S LINIMENT from a Toronto house at a very low price, and have it labeled his own product.

This greasy imitation is the poorest one we have yet seen of the many that every Tom, Dick and Harry has tried to introduce.

Ask for MINARD'S and you will get it.

Not a Permanent Return.

"I see your married daughter is home again?"

"Yes, but only for a visit, my dear, only for a visit."

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

Vegetable Battery.

Scientists tell us that there has been discovered in the forests of India a strange plant which possesses in a very high degree astonishing electric and magnetic power. The hand that breaks a leaf from it receives instantly a shock equal to that which is produced by the conductor of an inductive coil. At a distance of six metres a magnetic needle is affected by it. The energy of this singular force varies, but in times of storms its intensity increases in striking proportion. One never by any chance sees a bird or an insect light on an electric plant; nature seems to warn them that they would find their death.

Bad Blood

is the direct and inevitable result of irregular or constipated bowels and clogged-up kidneys and skin. The undigested food and other waste matter which is allowed to accumulate poisons the blood and the whole system. Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills act directly on the bowels, regulating them—on the kidneys, giving them ease and strength to properly filter the blood—and on the skin, opening up the pores. For pure blood and good health take

Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills

LANGMUIR'S CREOSOTE Shingle Stains

Protect — Preserve — Beautify

Samples and Booklets on Application

JAMES LANGMUIR & CO., Limited

1674½ Bathurst Street TORONTO

Maypole Soap

DYES SO EASILY

With Maypole Soap there is no trouble and no muss in home dyeing. Dyes cotton, wool, silk or mixtures. 24 colors—will give any shade. Colors 10c. Black 15c—at your dealer's or postpaid with booklet "How to Dye" from 108

F. L. BENEDICT & CO. Montreal

Sick headaches—neuralgic headaches—splitting, blinding headaches—all vanish when you take

Na-Dru-Co Headache Wafers

They do not contain phenacetin, acetanilid, morphine, opium or any other dangerous drug. 25c. a box at your Druggist's. 123

NATIONAL DRUG & CHEMICAL CO. OF CANADA, LIMITED.

Children Should Have Good Light for Studying

A poor light strains the eyes, and the injurious effects may last for life. An oil lamp is best. The light from the Rayo Lamp is soft and mellow. You can read or work under it for hours without hurting your eyes.

The RAYO is constructed scientifically. It is the best lamp made—yet inexpensive and economical.

The Rayo Lamp, made of solid brass—nickel plated. Lighted without removing chimney or shade. Easy to clean and rewick. Made in various styles and for all purposes.

Dealers Everywhere

THE IMPERIAL OIL COMPANY, Limited

TORONTO MONTREAL HALIFAX WINNIPEG ST. JOHN

BOYS AND GIRLS. OWN A CANDY STORE OF YOUR OWN.

This elegant store is the greatest money making and pleasure providing outfit ever offered and you can start in to-day selling the finest candies to all your friends.

Each of these wonderful stores contain a complete stock of fine Chocolates, Bonbons, Butter Scotch, Lozenges, Candy Balls, Kisses, etc., etc., all in lovely glass jars and metal candy cases, the same as in any big candy store.

We also provide a fine counter with drawers for stock, the magnificent set of candy scales you see above, complete with weights and platforms, a fine set of bright metal scoops to serve the candy with, a stock of Bonbon boxes, candy bags and in fact every necessity of the candy store business.

Then besides all this wonderful stock of candies and store fittings, WE GIVE YOU THIS ELEGANT CASH REGISTER AS AN EXTRA PRESENT.

It is an exact model of the big cash registers costing $100.00 each and rings up every sale made. It is complete with bank look and keys and is a wonderful present in itself.

Boys and girls, get this candy store and you will be the envy of all your friends. We will give it to you complete with the elegant cash register and all, if you will sell among your friends, only 30 bottles of our delightful Royal Japanese Perfumes at only 10c. each. They come in six lovely odors—White Rose, Carnation, Lily of the Valley, Heliotrope, Wood Violet and Jockey Club, put up in fine large bottles with beautiful gold floral labels. Everybody wants this lovely perfume at only 10c. a bottle. It sells like hot cakes.

Send and get the perfume to-day. We trust you with it. When sold, return our money, only $3.00, and the complete candy store, exactly as illustrated above, cash register and all, will be sent to you ABSOLUTELY FREE. This is a wonderful offer to bright boys and girls. Be the first in your neighborhood to get this wonderful store. Address,

NATIONAL PRODUCTS, LIMITED
Dept. C. 309. TORONTO, CANADA.

MALE HELP WANTED.

$60 TO $100 MONTHLY WAITING for young men as Telegraphers and Station Agents after six months' attendance here. Advancement rapid. Day and Mail Courses. Write for free book 18. Dominion School Railroading, Toronto.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CANCER, TUMORS, LUMPS, etc. Internal and external, cured without pain by our home treatment. Write us before too late. Dr. Bellman Medical Co. Limited, Collingwood, Ont.

LEARN SILVER PLATING—PARTICULARS free. Specialties Agency, Box 1836, Winnipeg.

FEATHER DYEING

Cleaning and Curling and Kid Gloves cleaned. These can be sent by post, 10 per oz. The best place is

BRITISH AMERICAN DYEING CO.
MONTREAL

FARMS FOR SALE

H. W. DAWSON, Ninety Colborne Street, Toronto.

HUNDRED ACRES—COUNTY HALTON; Good House; Buildings; Orchard. Cheap and on easy terms.

SEVENTY-SIX ACRES WITH GOOD buildings and apple orchard; about five miles from Hamilton.

H. W. DAWSON, Toronto.

92 ACRES—FIVE MILES FROM LONdon market, soil clay loam, two acres orchard, frame house, bank barn. Will exchange for city, town or village property, or for larger farm. The Western Real Estate, London, Ont.

NEW FOREST RESERVE.

Recommended in Prince Albert District, in Saskatchewan.

The Forestry Branch of the Department of the Interior has again, during the past summer, had parties out examining the timber on some of the regions still in the hands of the Dominion Government, with a view to reserving from settlement lands more suitable for forest growth than for farming. Some of these parties have finished the work assigned them and have made their reports.

Mr. C. H. Morse made an examination of a district north-west from Prince Albert lying between the Shelbrook branch of the Canadian Northern Railway (on the west) and the third Dominion meridian (longitude 106 degrees), and recommends that the tract between the meridian on the east and the Sturgeon River on the west should be made a forest reserve. This land is not pure sand, but has some stretches of sand among lands of better quality; none of it, however, can be classed as good agricultural land. At the present time this tract carries, in places, a good stand of spruce, as good a stand as will be found anywhere in the country. The reproduction of the forest is good, and this should make one of the most valuable forest tracts in the west. The rate of growth is good. As it is calculated that the present stand of timber, which is held under license, will be cut out in ten years, it will be seen that the necessity for looking for a future supply is close at hand.

The tract lying between the railway and Sturgeon River was found to be of good agricultural quality, and, as the timber is pretty well cut out, it was not considered necessary to recommend any further reservation beyond the time required for the removal of the present stand.

It takes a truly great man to convince other people that he is great.

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows.

Neglected Duty.

"She blushed for shame."

"Why?"

"When someone questioned her the other night she had to admit that her children had kept her so busy she hadn't had time to read the latest novel."

Are your hands chapped, cracked or sore? Have you "cold cracks" which open and bleed when the skin is drawn tight? Have you a cold sore, frost bite, chilblains, or a "raw" place, which at times makes it agony for you to go about your household duties? If so, Zam-Buk will give you relief, and will heal the frost-damaged skin. Anoint the sore places at night, Zam-Buk's rich healing essences will sink into the wounds, end the smarting, and will heal quickly.

Mrs. Yellen, of Portland, says: "My hands were so sore and cracked that it was agony to put them near water. When I did so they would smart and burn as if I had scalded them. I seemed quite unable to get relief from anything I put on them until I tried Zam-Buk, and it succeeded when all else had failed. It closed the big cracks, gave me ease, soothed the inflammation, and in a very short time healed my hands."

Zam-Buk also cures chafing, rashes, winter eczema, piles, ulcers, festering sores, sore heels and backs, abscesses, pimples, ring-worm, etc., cuts, burns, bruises, scalds, sprains. Of all druggists and stores, or post free from the Zam-Buk Co., Toronto. Price 50c a box.

Zam-Buk

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

E. F. PARKER,

ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES, Stirling, Ont.

J. S. MORTON,

ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES

OPTICIAN, GRADUATE CANADIAN Ophthalmic College. Member Canadian Association of Opticians.
Eyes examined and imperfect sight corrected with glasses.

CHAS. F. WALT, D.D.S., L.D.S.

FIRST CLASS HONOR GRADUATE IN Dentistry of the University of Toronto. Graduate of the Royal College of Dental Surgeons, of Ontario.
OFFICE—One door north of new Bank of Montreal.
Open every day. Evenings by appointment only.

G. G. THRASHER,

SOLICITOR, NOTARY PUBLIC, CONVEYANCER, &c. Office in W. S. Martin's Block, Mill Street.

PERSONALS.

Mrs. R. A. Sutcliffe is visiting friends in Brighton.

Mr. E. T. Williams attended the funeral of the late J. B. Morton at Moira to-day.

S. S. No. 3, Rawdon

Report for October.
Honors 80%. Pass 60%.
Class IV—Esther Smith 84, Viola Scott 80, Melbourne Johnson 67.
Class III—Lottie Johnson 81, Gordon Linn 67. Violet Hannah 66.
Class II—Clayton Hannah 63.
Class Pt II—Fleeda Hubble 92, Donald Sharp 87, Arthur Weaver 79, Roy Smith 78, Etwert Hannah 62.
Class Pt 1—Gerald Sharp 71.

ALICE M. WALDRON, Teacher.

Sine School Report for October

Jr IV—Laura Waller 60, Ethel Martin 56.
Jr III—Lorne Tucker 71, Pearl Benedict 62, Maud Stevens 55, Annie Bailey (not graded).
Sr II—Florence Martin 74, May Tucker 68, Seymour Waller 61.
Jr II—Annie Forestell 70, Iva Kemp 56.
Sr I—Winnie Martin, Russell Benfield, Samuel Bailey.
Jr I—Jennie Green, Myrtle Nerrie, Charlie McMullen, Ormond Bailey, Willie McMullen, Thomas Clements.
Present every day:—Pearl Benedict, Maud Stevens, Iva Kemp, Jennie Green, Thomas Clements.

MARY MATTHEWS, Teacher.

Report of S. S. No. 19, Rawdon

Arithmetic.—Sr IV.—E Hagerman 90, F. Hagerman 90.
Jr. IV.—E Bedell 85, Keitha Sine 55.
Sr III—J Wright 83.
Jr III—J Sine 85, C Bedell 30.
Jr II—V Hagerman 80, M Heagle 40.
Sr I—F Hagerman 90, C. Johnston 83, L Hagerman 64.
Geography—Sr IV—E Hagerman 83, F Hagerman 65.
Jr IV—E Bedell 65, K Sine 50.
Sr III—J Wright 76.
Jr III—J Sine 41, C Bedell 40.
Literature—Sr IV—E Hagerman 75, F Hagerman 60.
Jr IV—E Bedell 78, Keitha Sine 64.
Sr III—J Wright 71.
Jr III—J Sine 73, C Bedell 53.
Jr II—L Stevens 51, M. Heagle 35.
Grammar—Sr IV—F Hagerman 86, E Hagerman 85.
Jr IV—E Bedell 86, K Sine 79
Sr III—J Wright 81
Jr III—J Sine 75, C. Bedell 53.
Composition—Sr IV—E Hagerman 76, F Hagerman 68.
Jr IV—E Bedell 78, K Sine 57.
Sr III—J Wright 61
Jr III—J Sine 51, C Bedell 48.
Jr II—L Stevens 68, M Heagle 40.
History—Sr IV—E Hagerman 77, F Hagerman 70.
Jr IV—E Bedell 61, K Sine 51.
Sr III—J Wright 50.
Jr III—C Bedell 50, J Sine 45.
Spelling—Sr IV—F Hagerman 70, E Hagerman 70.
Jr IV—K Sine 96, E Bedell 96.
Sr III—J Wright 66.
Jr III—J Sine 96, C Bedell 80.
Jr II—L Stevens 90, M Heagle 88, V Hagerman 54.
Reading—Sr IV—F. Hagerman 85, E Hagerman 81.
Jr IV—K Sine 88, E Bedell 85.
Sr III—J Wright 84.
Jr III—J Sine 81, C Bedell 54.
Jr II—L Stevens 74, M Heagle 65, V Hagerman 50.
Sr I—C Johnston 85, F Hagerman 84, L Hagerman 75.
Writing—Sr IV—E Hagerman 92, F Hagerman 85.
Jr IV—E Bedell 92, K Sine 91
Sr III—J Wright 74.
Jr III—C Bedell 85, J Sine 75.
Jr. II—L Stevens 80, M Heagle 50, V Hagerman 48.
Sr I—F Hagerman 54, C Johnston 50, L Hagerman 48.
Average attendance 14

C. K. BATEMAN, Teacher.

The Salonica of the war despatches is none other than the Thessalonica of the Scriptures, but the present "epistle to the Thessalonians" is written in blood.

Don't waste your money buying strengthening plasters. Chamberlain's Liniment is cheaper and better. Dampen a piece of flannel with it and bind it over the affected parts and it will relieve the pain and soreness. For sale by all dealers.

THE RELIABLE GROCERY AND CROCKERY STORE

The newest and freshest of Groceries always arriving here. It is not what you pay, but what you get.

Fresh Dates in bulk.....10c. or .....3 lbs. for 25c
Fresh Dates, in pkg.....10c. pkg
Fresh Figs, in bulk, 15c. or 2 lbs. for 25c
Fresh Figs in pkg.....10c. pkg
Grape-Fruit.....10c. or 3 for 25c
Spanish Onions.....4c. lb
Common Onions.....35c. pk
Fresh Cranberries.....2 lbs. for 25c
Finest Salted Peanuts.....20c. lb

For the quick dinner try a can of Campbell's Soup, only.....15c. can
Once tried always liked.

Finest Meats always fresh and sliced to suit the taste.

Try our Home Made Loaf of Hooper's Bread and you'll be back for more.

Bring us your Fresh Eggs.
All kinds of produce taken.
Salt for sale.

J. L. ASHLEY

Goods promptly delivered. Phone 31

ADVERTISING NOTICES

In the local column will be charged as follows: To Regular Advertisers.—Three lines and under, 25 cents each insertion; over three lines, 7c. per line. Matter set in larger than the ordinary type, 10c. per line.

To Transient Advertisers.—10c. per line each insertion. No insertion less than 25c.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE.

Trains call at Stirling station as follows:—

GOING WEST.		GOING EAST.	
Mail & Ex...	6.03 a.m.	Passenger.	10.17 a.m
Passenger...	6.45 p.m.	Mail & Ex.	3.31 p.m

The Stirling News-Argus.

THURSDAY, NOV. 7, 1912

LOCAL MATTERS.

The deer hunters are away to the northern woods, but not all, as dear huners can be seen on the streets any day or evening.

The death of John B. Morton, for many years a prominent resident of Huntingdon, took place at Belleville Hospital on Tuesday.

The Campbellford Despatch says that Mrs. J. A. Frederick, of that town, picked enough straw-berries from the vines on Thanksgiving Day to serve five persons for dinner.

The regular monthly meeting of the W.M.S., of the Methodist church, will meet Tuesday afternoon, Nov., the 12th at 3 o'clock in the parsonage. A full attendance requested as we have special business on hand.

A party of deer hunters left for the north early on Monday morning. Among the party were Dr. Faulkner, J. S. Morton, Geo. Whitty, H. Horton and Geo. Reynolds. Others intended to join the party at Wellman's.

On the Stirling Cheese Board on Tuesdvy there were 523 boxes offered. The sales were—Watkin 278 at 12½c., and Cook 245 at 12 1/16c. On motion of Mr. C. W. Thompson, seconded by Mr. H. Morton, the Board adjourned for two weeks.

A copy of the Vancouver Daily World, just received, in noticing the return of Mr. Wm. Holden to that city, states that he has brought several hundred thousand dollars from Europe which has been entrusted to him for investment in that city and British Columbia.

Members of the A.O.U.W. who are interested in proposed changes of rates of assessment and prospective legislation in this behalf at next Grand Lodge will do well to attend the regular monthly meeting of the local Lodge on Tuesday evening next, when the subject will be amply discussed.

A meeting of the executive committee of the local branch of the Laymen's Missionary Movement was held on Friday evening, Oct. 25, and arrangements were made to hold the first of the regular monthly meetings for Prayer and Mission Study for the season, in St. Andrew's church at 4 o'clock p. m., on Sunday Nov. 24. All interested laymen are cordially invited to attend.

A quiet wedding took place at the home of Mr. John Wood, Ivanhoe, on Wednesday evening, Oct. 30th, 1912, when his sister, Mrs. Annie Arthurs, of Stirling, was united in marriage to Mr. Joseph Wood, of Ivanhoe. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. W. H. Buckler. The groom's gift to the bride was a gold watch and chain. Mr. and Mrs. Wood expect to reside in Stirling. Their many friends wish them much happiness.

Special Offer

The Daily Globe, including the Saturday Illustrated section, by mail to any address in Canada (Toronto excepted) United States or Great Britain from receipt of order to April 1st, 1913, for one dollar. Subscriptions received at this office, and will be forwarded promptly.

Thankoffering Services

The annual Thankoffering services in connection with the Methodist church, Stirling will be held next Sabbath, Nov. 10th, 1912. Rev. Dr. E. C. Laker, of Port Hope, will preach at 11 a. m., and 7 p. m. At 3 p. m., Dr. Laker will give an Illustrated Lecture to members and friends of the Sunday School. Through the courtesy of the Presbyterian people their services will be withdrawn and will worship with us on this occasion.

The Board request an offering of $600 and are confident that if the usual liberality of the people is manifested, the amount will be secured. The choir will render music in keeping with the occasion. Public cordially invited to all services.

Geo. M. Ostrom, seventy years old, was found dead in bed at his home at Bayside, near Belleville.

Mr. George Kappele, the official referee, has given judgment for amounts totalling $298,577 against shareholders of the Farmers Bank under a double liability clause. There are 149 judgments.

The Fifth of November

The ever memorable fifth of November was celebrated in Stirling in a most enthusiastic manner. The congregation of St. John's Church had made arrangements to serve dinner in the Town Hall, and had invited the Orange Lodges of the surrounding district to take part. These began to arrive early in the day, each with its fife and drum band. Dinner was served from 11 o'clock to two, and a very large number partook of the bounteous repast provided.

After dinner a procession was formed, the following Lodges taking part, Frankford, Wellman's, Tanner's, Halloway and Stirling. After marching through the streets they went to St. John's Church Park where addresses were delivered by Rev'ds. Mr. Lyons of Thomasburg, L. S. Wight, J. A. Hilts and J. A. Connell, Stirling, and Robert Cook, Esq., M. P. P.

The day was fine and warm a real Indian summer day, and the large number of visitors thoroughly enjoyed the occasion.

The following note was returned to the Hastings Co-Operative Fruit Growers' Association:

Godbout, Oct. 12. 1912.

The packing and quality of the apples in this barrel were satisfactory in every way. "Honesty is the best policy."

Sincerely yours,
NAP. A. CORNEAU,
Dom. Fishery Officer.

Uniformity in Canadian Dairy Products

A few months ago there was held at Ottawa a conference of dairy experts and officials from all parts of the Dominion. The meeting was called by the Honourable- the Minister of Agriculture for the purpose of endeavoring to perpetuate the uniformity in quality and character of Canadian cheese and butter that has been responsible for the success of Canadian dairying. As pointed out by the Dairy and Cold Storage Commissioner, who presided over the Conference, many things come up in the practice of dairying over which slight difference of opinion may arise so that it seems desirable to bring together from time to time those in charge of dairy schools, and the chief instructors, in the various provinces, to discuss methods and practices, in order to arrive at some agreement as a body of dairy advisors. The Conference lasted two days during which time many matters of importance were taken up and freely discussed. Some of these were the pasteurization of whey, factory refuse in relation to tuberculosis in hogs, testing and grading cream at cream gathering creameries, whey butter, methods of paying patrons of cheese factories, and other subjects relating to the production of butter and cheese. For the information of buttermakers and cheesemakers, and others interested in dairying, there has been printed a verbatim report of the proceedings of this Conference. Copies may be procured by applying to the Publications Branch of the Department of Agriculture, at Ottawa.

The story of a 4,000 mile trip after moose is told by a German hunter in the opening number of the November issue of ROD AND GUN IN CANADA published by W. J. Taylor, Woodstock, Ont. Frank Houghton contributes an amusing tale of Western life entitled "Two is not Always Company", while the seventh article of the series "The Culture of Black and Silver Foxes" under the heading, "Food and Feeding" appears in this issue. A trip after Caribou in Newfoundland, The Seventh Summer Camp of the Alpine Club of Canada, Tenderfoot Deer Hunters in the Laurentian Mountains, A trip to the Coast, Game Protection in British Columbia, A Wolf Hunt in Saskatchewan and other stories and articles constitute a typically Canadian bill of fare for sportsmen and lovers of outdoor life.

A Gift With A Thought In It

There's one very simple way out of the Christmas shopping problem: don't shop, but sit quietly at home and subscribe for The Youth's Companion. The chances are, too, that no present you could buy for the young friend or the family you delight to honor could confer so much pleasure as this gift of The Youth's Companion for a whole year—fifty-two weeks' issues, and the fifty-second as keenly anticipated and enjoyed as the very first.

There will be stories for readers of every age; sound advice as to athletics; suggestions for the girl at college or making her own way in the world; good things for every member of the family—all for $2.25—less than five cents a week.

The one to whom you give the subscription will receive free all the remaining issues of 1912, and well as The Companion Window Transparency and Calendar for 1913, in rich, transhicent colors. It is to be hung in the window or over the lamp-shade. You too, as a giver of the present, will receive a copy of it.

THE YOUTH'S COMPANION,
144 Berkeley St., Boston, Mass.

New Subscriptions received at this office.

The boy's appetite is often the source of amazement. If you would have such an appetite take Chamberlain's Tablets. They not only create a healthy appetite, but strengthen the stomach and enable it to do its work naturally. For sale by all dealers.

Is your husband cross? An irritable, fault finding disposition is often due to a disordered stomach. A man with good digestion is nearly always good natured. A great many have been permanently cured of stomach trouble by taking Chamberlain's Tablets. For sale by all dealers.

Deaths

WALT.—In Stirling, on Nov. 3rd, Pauline Matilda, infant daughter of Dr. and Mrs. C. F. Walt, aged 1 month and 9 days.

GUEPIN.—In Sidney, on Nov. 6th, David Guepin, aged 81 years.

Auction Sales

MONDAY, NOV. 11TH.—On lot 23, in the 12th con., of Rawdon, the farm stock belonging to Mr. Jas. R. Russell. Sale at one o'clock. G. A. Hay, Auctioneer.

WEDNESDAY, Nov. 13.—On lot 21, con. 12, Rawdon, the Farm Stock and Implements belonging to Mrs. Barton Wellman. Sale at 12.30 p.m. Wm. Rodgers, Auctioneer.

SATURDAY, Nov. 16TH—At the residence of Mrs. Hamblin, Church Street, Stirling, two horses, farm implements, Household Furniture, and other articles. Sale at one o'clock p. m. Wm. Rodgers, Auctioneer.

Notice

After Nov. 15th, 1912, Morgan's Mill at Spring Brook will close down till Feb. 1st, 1913. All customers please take notice.

JOHN MORGAN.

For Sale

Fine High Grade Holstein Yearling Heifers, all coming in.

A. C. SINE,
8-2 Lot 8, con. 7, Rawdon.

Found

On Front St., Stirling, a Woollen Shawl. Owner can have same by proving property.

C. F. WALT, D.D.S.

For Sale

Three pure bred Ayshire Bulls. Apply to

W. J. HAGGERTY,
7-6w Stirling

Strayed

Came into the premises of the subscriber, on or about Oct. 17th, a Calf. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges and take it away.

EZRA THOMPSON,
Stirling

Farmers Improve Your Stock

The undersigned has for service two pure bred Tamworth Boars, registered pedigree. Terms 75c.

Also, for sale, pure bred Tamworth pigs, either sex.

C. U. HEATH,
Lot 12, con. 7, Rawdon.

BLACKSMITH & WOOD SHOP TO LET

The shop on the south side of Front St. at the east end of bridge. Apply at the house to

MRS. SARAH A. JOYCE.

Poultry Wanted

The undersigned will ship Poultry every Tuesday until further notice. Highest market price paid. No moulting fowls taken.

Special shipping day for Turkeys, Geese and Ducks on Tesday, Nov. 26th.

T. J. THOMPSON
JOHN TANNER

Executor's Notice to Creditors

In the Surrogate Court of the County of Hastings, in the Estate of Albert Thompson, late of the Village of Stirling, in the County of Hastings, farmer, deceased.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to Ontario Statute I. George V. chapter 26, sec. 55, that all persons having claims against the Estate of the late Albert Thompson, deceased, who died on or about the 18th day of October, 1912, are required to send by post prepaid and registered or to deliver to the undersigned executor of the said Estate at Stirling, on or before the 14th day of December, 1912, their names and addresses and a full statement of the particulars of their claims and the nature of the security (if any) held by them, duly verified.

And further notice is hereby given that after the said 14th day of December, 1912, the said executor will proceed to distribute the Assets of the deceased amongst those entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have notice and he will not be liable for the Assets or any part thereof, to any person or persons of whose claims he shall not then have received notice.

EZRA THOMPSON,
Executor of the Estate of said deceased
by P. J. M. ANDERSON,
his solicitor.

Dated at Stirling this 5th day of November, 1912.

THE IDEAL GROCERY

LUERY'S WEEKLY STORE NEWS

Take care in your hurrying around after wealth that you do not soon have to worry around after health. We help you to get both by selling you the choicest food stuffs at the lowest possible prices.

This week we have:

Head Cheese, choice, at 15c. lb. or 2 lbs. for.....25c
Mathew's Mince Meat.....10c. lb
Heintz's Mince Meat.....20c. lb
Honey in 5 and 10 lb. pails..... .....60c. and $1.10 pail
Sweet Potatoes.....5c. lb
Grape Fruit.....3 for 25c
Boneless Cod Fish.....10c. lb
Finnan Haddies.....12½c. lb
Fresh Canned Mackerel.....15c. tin
Cranberries.....15c. quart
Heintz's Cranberry Sauce
Anchor Brand, Shiriff's & Wagstaff's Orange Marmalade, 16 oz. glass jars.....20c., 2 for 35c
Anchor Brand & Duerr's Strawberry and Raspberry Jams, 25 and 35c. jar
Upton's and Anchor Brand Berry Jam, in 5 lb. pails.....50c. pail
Salted Peanuts.....20c. lb
Salt for sale. Dried Apples wanted.

G. H. LUERY
Phone 18

G. W. ANDERSON

Winter is almost here again and we are fully prepared for it with one of the most complete stocks ever gathered together for the inspection of the people of Stirling and surrounding district.

Our stock consists of all the latest colorings and weaves in Dress Goods, Silks, Allover Laces and Trimmings, Men's and Ladies' Sweater Coats, Men's and Ladies' Winter Underwear, Men's Clothing, Furnishings, Hats, Caps, and a complete line of Staple Dry Goods and Smallwares. It will pay you to come in and look these goods over before buying. We are sure that we can please you.

TRY OUR

Dressmaking and Ladies' Tailoring Dep't.

This Department, although newly re-opened, has been steadily increasing its business and we are pleased to say that it has produced very satisfactory results. Every garment turned out carries our personal guarantee as to quality of workmanship, and there is nothing too small or nothing too large for us to handle in this department.

Ladies' Suits, made complete, from.....$12.00 up
Ladies' Dresses, made complete, from....$10.00 up

GIVE US A TRIAL

GROCERIES

Corn Flakes, 3 packages for.....25c
Post Toasties, 3 packages for.....25c
Puffed Wheat, 3 packages for.....25c
Puffed Rice, 2 packages for.....25c
Best Gold Dust Corn Meal, 8 lbs. for.....25c
Try our 10 and 12½c. line of Cakes. They are unequalled for quality and cleanliness in manufacture.

Have You Used Fleischmann's Yeast?

It is unequalled. We are agents for it. Try some of it and you will be a steady user.

G. W. ANDERSON

Phone 29 Goods delivered promptly.

We are paying 27c. per dozen for Eggs.

HOW ABOUT SOME NEW SHOES FOR FALL?

We are showing the finest line of Footwear in the town—the best values and the most attractive styles. We would like to talk the Shoe question over with you.

Our styles are all new and original—they have snap and ginger to them and still retain the lines that exhibit good taste. We know our Shoes are right and our Prices are right. We want you to know it. The only snre way you will find out is to wear a pair.

Come in—look them over—try on as many styles as you wish—you'll surely find your idea of a satisfactory Shoe.

Just glance over these items—then come and see the Shoes:

Ladies' Patent, Gun Metal or Tan Boots, button or lace, "Empress".....$2.50 to $4.50
Other makes.....$1.50 to $3.50
Girls' Patent Boots. button or lace.....$2.00 and $2.50
Girls' Dongola Boots.....$1.25 to $2.00
Infants' and Children's Patent, Tan or Kid Boots.....65c. to $1.65
Boys' Patent, Box Calf or Kid Boots, 11 to 2.....$1.50 to $3.50
Little Gents' Box Calf, Tan or Dongola Boots, 8 ro 10½.....$1.35 to $1.50
Men's Tan, Gun Metal, Velour or Patent Boots, button or lace.$2.50 to $5.50

Our Hand Made Work is A1 quality.

If you are particular about your Shoes, we can interest you.

J. W. BROWN
Reliable Boot and Shoe Merchant.

ROYAL JEWEL STEEL RANGES

Are as near perfection as modern mechanical skill can make them.

In fine appearance, and general efficiency they excel all others.

There are cheaper ranges made, but better ones **never.**

THE ROYAL JEWEL RANGE
THE RANGE OF QUALITY

See this Range, examine its construction, and learn the many points in which it excels all others.

Ask for illustrated booklet containing full information in regard to the Royal Jewel. It will pay you to get it and read it.

JEWEL STOVES AND RANGES ARE MANUFACTURED BY
THE BURROW, STEWART & MILNE CO., LIMITED.
AT HAMILTON, ONT., AND ARE FOR SALE BY

McGee & Lagrow

TURKISH ARMY CRUSHED

Ready to Sue for Peace—Constantinople Is at the Mercy of the Allies.

A despatch from Sofia says: A few more details have reached here of the four days' battle between Adrianople and Constantinople, which resulted in the utter rout by General Savoff, Bulgarian Commander-in-Chief, of the Turkish army of 250,000 men, under Nazim Pasha, the War Minister. The battle extended along the line from Lule Burgas eastward to Serai. The Turkish front was over 31 miles long. The Turkish forces greatly outnumbered the Bulgarians, the latter not exceeding 150,000, many having been left investing Adrianople.

The eastern wing of the Turkish army, at Viza, was able to maintain its ground at first against the Bulgarian troops, but could gain no success, and, after three days' fighting, fled. The Bulgarian army vigorously pursued the Turks, who retreated in disorder and panic on Serai and Tchorlu. On Thursday they were driven from this stand. Many guns and large quantities of ammunition have been captured. Aivali, near Lule Burgas, and Maras have been burned. All the Christian inhabitants, according to the Bulgarians, were massacred.

Turkey to Sue for Peace.

A despatch from Constantinople says: The Cabinet is in session. It is believed to be discussing the question of suing the Balkan States for peace. It is known that grave news has been received from the front, but its exact nature has not been divulged.

On to the Capital.

A despatch from London says: The Vienna correspondent of the Daily Chronicle sends the following:—

"The Servian Foreign Minister and the Greek Premier, who brought about the Balkan alliance, started for Paris on Friday, it is supposed to negotiate with Premier Poincare. It is understood that the Bulgarian army in following up its successes will advance on Constantinople. The Balkan allies will not accept an armistice, but are willing to negotiate peace direct with Turkey."

Servians Push Forward.

A despatch from London says: The Servian troops are extending the area of territory conquered by them in Macedonia. It was reported on Thursday that they have crossed the mountains and taken the Town of Prisrend, where they captured a considerable quantity of Turkish war material. They are said also to have taken Diakovo, still farther to the west.

500 Prisoners and 7 Guns.

A despatch from London says: Describing the defeat of the Turks at Kailar, Macedonia, a despatch to the Chronicle says they left 2,000 dead, while 500 were taken prisoners. Seven guns fell into the hands of the Greeks. The main body of the Greek army is now marching in force to attack Salonica.

Roasted on Gridiron.

A despatch from London says: The Servian Legation has received a despatch from Belgrade giving accounts by returned Servian officers of atrocities committed by the Turkish troops before abandoning the country conquered by the Servians.

"Wherever the Turks passed," says the despatch, "the Servian army found only land strewn with bodies of men, women and children, mutilated in the most barbarous fashion. Bodies of men were also found bound to trees. They had been burned alive by means of fires kindled under their feet. One body bore indications of having been roasted on a gridiron."

Turks Again Defeated.

A despatch from London says: The Times Sofia correspondent, telegraphing Friday, says: "The Turks on Thursday made a desperate effort to retrieve the situation. The retreating troops rallied between Tchorlu and Istrandia, and were reinforced by a division sent from Constantinople. They were completely defeated, however, by the Bulgarians, who captured Tchorlu, Istrandia and Rodosto. Altogether some 50,000 Turks had assembled at Tchorlu, and a fresh series of battles occurred over the district extending from Tchorlu to Istrandia and along the heights dominating Rodosto. A diversion was attempted on the Turkish right wing. General Torgut, of Albanian fame, landed at Midia with 20,000 men and advanced toward Viza, where he encountered the Bulgarian troops, under General Kutinchef. The turks were completely defeated, but whether they succeeded in regaining their ships or retreated eastward is not stated.

Enormous Sacrifices.

A despatch from Sofia says: Whether the European concert holds together or breaks up there is reason to believe that the allied States will hold firmly to their programme. They already have undergone enormous sacrifices, and are prepared to face every eventuality. Only those who have been brought into close contact with the terrible realities of this war can estimate the extent of those sacrifices. In Sofia the wounded are arriving literally in thousands. All the larger public and many private buildings have been transformed into hospitals. Even at that some have to be laid on the bare floors. The wounded from the last great battle have yet to arrive. How arrangements can be made to accommodate them it is hard to say.

TWO HUNTERS DROWNED.

Winnipeg Young Men Victims of Storm in North Country.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: Two families of this city were plunged in grief on Tuesday night when one member of a hunting party returned with the news that his two companions, Edgar Guy Lees and Henry Keane, had been drowned at Netley's Portage in the storm that swept over this section Monday night. Edgar Lees was the son of the superintendent of the Industrial Bureau and the Exhibition Grounds. Henry Keane was the eldest son of a widowed mother.

MANIA FOR SETTING FIRES.

John Bradshaw Found Guilty of Starting One in Bush.

A despatch from Nelson, B. C., says: John Bradshaw, accused of setting fire to the bush at Hock Ranch, on Granite road, was found guilty by the jury. This is the fourth time Bradshaw has been tried in connection with incendiary fires in Nelson, which resulted in the destruction of the Hall Mines smelter, the Yale Columbia Saw Mills, great damage to the Nelson Brewery, two city blocks and various other buildings.

ONE AND QUARTER PER CENT.

Patrons of Charles D. Sheldon's Blind Pool to Get this Much.

A despatch from Montreal says: Failing on Thursday in the Appeal Court to get back the $13,778 that Mrs. S. C. Matthews won on the last day that the blind pool investment system, invested and run by Charles D. Sheldon, the curators of his estate on Friday morning announced that creditors would only get one and a quarter per cent. on the dollar. The ex-financial wizard, who is in St. Vincent de Paul Penitentiary, is engaged in mending the shirts of his fellow convicts.

"PROUD AND GLAD"

Because Mother Looked So Well After Quitting Tea and Coffee.

A woman was almost distracted with dyspepsia and heart trouble.

Like thousands of others, the drug—caffeine—in coffee was slowly but steadily undermining her nervous system and interfering with natural digestion of food. (Tea is just as injurious as coffee because it contains caffeine, the poisonous drug found in coffee.)

"For 30 years," she writes, "I have used coffee. Have always been sickly—had heart trouble and dyspepsia with ulcers in stomach and mouth so bad, sometimes, I was almost distracted and could hardly eat a thing for a week.

"I could not sleep for nervousness, and when I would lie down at night I'd belch up coffee and my heart would trouble me. It was like poison to me. I was thin—only weighed 125 lbs., when I quit coffee and began to use Postum.

"From the first day that belching and burning in my stomach stopped. I could sleep as soundly as anyone and, after the first month, whenever I met any friends they would ask me what was making me so fleshy and looking so well.

"Sometimes, before I could answer quick enough, one of the children or my husband would say, 'Why, that is what Postum is doing for her'—they were all so proud and glad.

"When I recommended it to anyone I always tell them to follow directions in making Postum, as it is not good to taste if weak, but fine when it has the flavor and rich brown color." Name given by Canadian Postum Co., Windsor, Ont.

Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

AUDITOR'S STRONG CRITICISM

REPORT ON TORONTO HYDRO-ELECTRIC COMMISSION.

Civic Official Points Out Apparent Deficit—Mayor Makes Reply.

The city of Toronto auditor's report upon the finances of the Municipal Hydro-Electric Power Commission for the period from June 1, 1911, to June 30, 1912, was presented to the City Council Oct. 14. It says that at the close of 1911 an unadjusted balance of $16,795.62 was carried forward. However, it declares that the making of a good inventory disclosed a shortage of $113,477.40 between the amount standing in the books and the actual amount of stores on hand. The report declares that it was apparently decided to charge the whole of the working deficit on the books of 1911 to construction account. "Entries were consequently made," says the report, "charging the several construction accounts with a pro rata percentage of the total deficit as found amounting to $117,803.35." This sum, it explains, is obtained after crediting the income earned during the period, and in addition to it there is an outstanding capital charge due the Provincial Hydro-Electric Power Commission amounting to $248,245.80. The following figures show the position of the civic plant on Dec. 31, 1911:—

Cash from city	$2,400,993 11
Interest, etc., charged by city, carried to debit of capital expenditure	92,198 54
Deficit on operating and general expenses to date	117,803 25
Total charge to 31st December, 1911	$2,610,995 00
Outstanding liabilities:—	
Unadjusted items of city account	16,795 62
Unadjusted stores shortage	113,477 40
Due Prov. Hydro-Electric Commission	248,245 81
	$ 378,518 83

Finds a Deficit.

The City Auditor is of the opinion that a portion of the $117,803 should have been carried forward as a charge against future earnings. He gives a general review of the figures for the six months ending June 30, 1912. He reaches the conclusion that there was a deficit of $85,642.31 on the operations of the period. His statement of operating expenses and earnings is as follows:—

Wages, material, etc	$213,674 85	
Current, etc.	76,522 61	
Carried to credit of depreciation reserve	35,027 16	
Accrued sinking fund (half year)	21,274 28	
Interest on bonds and advances (one-half charged to revenue)	35,305 92	
	$382,804 82	
Earnings	297,162 51	

The auditor calls attention to the fact that for the half year preceding June 30, 1912, no amount had been provided to meet accrued sinking fund charges, but that an item of $50,888 had been written into the balance sheet to cover the amount. Added to the deficit this made a total of $136,530 to be carried forward against future earnings. In addition, $36,305, the remainder of the interest account, would have to be added to capital account. The City Auditor thinks that such items should be charged directly to revenue. Treating them in this way, the present position, he says, would be:—

Total charge to 31st Dec., 1911, as above		$2,610,995 00
Cash from city from 31st Dec., 1911, to 30th June, 1912	715,000 00	
Int. credited by Com.	72,611 84	
Total charge to 30th June, 1912		$3,398,606 84
Summary.		
Deficit to 31st Dec., 1911, carried to capital expen.	117,803 35	
Deficit to 30th June, 1912	85,642 31	
Accrued sinking fund at 30th June, unprovided for	50,888 07	
Proportion of int. charged to capital	36,305 92	
Net shortage to 30th June, 1912.		$ 290,639 65
Outstanding liabilities:—		
Unadjusted items in City Treasurer's account	16,795 62	
Shortage, stores account	113,477 40	
Prov. Hydro Com.	248,245 81	
		$ 378,518 83

Income Accounts.

A comparison of the principal income accounts for the six months ending December 31st, 1911, and 30th June, 1912, respectively, is as follows:—

	1911. 31st Dec.	1912. 30th June.
Com. lighting	$ 57,104 78	$ 68,562 76
Com. power	9,277 33	24,574 39
Mun. bldg. light	635 05	203 34
Mun. power	4,313 00	54,664 05
Mun. st. lighting	75,893 90	120,058 50
Meter rents	30 00	130 00
	$147,254 06	$268,313 03
Sundry credit items	3,542 56	28,849 48
	$150,796 62	297,162 51

The City Auditor says that the system of bookkeeping in use by the commission is "cumbersome and smothered in detail." He thinks that the volume of business of the civic electric department is, and has been, over-stated. He believes that considerable saving could be made in expense accounts. He points out that by the close of the year sinking fund and interest charges will have to be met out of earnings. He asks why "renewal and depreciation funds" and "sinking funds" should be charged against the annual cost of the undertaking, and expresses the opinion that the system of purchasing electricity on the peak load plan might well be superseded.

Mayor Makes Reply.

Mayor Geary, speaking of the auditor's report, said that the bookkeeping system of the civic commission had been built up under expert advice after years of experience, that the department was not overstaffed, and that the system of purchase of current had been decided upon by the Hydro-Electric Power Commission of the province. The Mayor explained that the unadjusted balance of $16,795 at the close of 1911 represented a difference between the revenue estimated by the City Council and the actual revenue, and, in the opinion of the commission, should not be charged to it at all. Of the item of $113,477 described as shortage on the stores' account, the Mayor said that it was merely a question of bookkeeping. Certain invoices were charged to stores, while as a matter of fact the goods went directly to the job and were never credited when used. A great proportion of the amount had already been traced. The Mayor said that the sum of $248,245 given as due the Hydro-Electric Power Commission of Ontario was not correct. The amount, which referred to the eastern entrance, represented claim plus interest to July 1, 1912, not the amount of the claim on Dec. 31, 1911. The so-called working deficit of $117,803, he described as a technical deficiency which might properly be included in the capital cost of the undertaking. It was due, he believed, to the disorganization introduced into the operation service by the concurrent demands of construction operations.

Analyses the Deficit.

The Mayor says that the loss for the quarter ending March 31, 1912, was $55,768, and the loss for the quarter ending June 30 was only $29,873. Of the first quarter's loss, $17,056 is interest on investment, $17,065 is written off for depreciation of the new plant, and $12,639 is put aside for sinking fund. The loss for the quarter ending June 30 includes also allowances for interest, depreciation and sinking fund.

Mr. Geary declared that the loss for the quarter ending September 30, the net loss was only $4,647, and this, after allowing for interest $20,999, depreciation $19,443, and sinking fund $15,000. As a matter of fact, he said the months of August and September had each shown a small profit got by civic enterprise. The gain, he asserted, was proceeding and the initial loss was being made good. Business, he said, had grown wonderfully. The city had 12,000 customers and a plant which could do many times the business with little additional cost, even for current. "We carry," he declared, "against future profits the charge for sinking fund prior to January, 1912, $50,888, and our deficit for the first nine months of the first year, which is not an operating year, but rather a year of construction is $90,290, included in which is $51,470 depreciation and $36,381 for sinking fund."

LIEUTENANT BECKER.
Convicted of the murder of a New York gambler.

30 VOLCANOES ACTIVE.

Great Change in Physical Features of Island of Tongas.

A despatch from Sydney, N.S.W., says: Thirty volcanoes are in eruption on the Island of Ninafon, in the Tongan group, and many remarkable changes in the physical features of the island have resulted. A large lake in the centre of the island has dropped two feet from its original level, according to reports received here.

Sample free if you write National Drug & Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited, Toronto.

PRICES OF FARM PRODUCTS

REPORTS FROM THE LEADING TRADE CENTRES OF AMERICA.

Prices of Cattle, Grain, Cheese and Other Produce at Home and Abroad.

Breadstuffs.

Toronto, Nov. 5.—Manitoba Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 96 1-2c, Bay ports; No. 2 at 94c, and No. 3 at 92 1-2c, Bay ports. Feed wheat, 65c, Bay ports.

Ontario Wheat—No. 2 new white and red wheat, 95 to 97c, outside, and sprouted, 80 to 85c, outside.

Oats—No. 2 Ontario, 39 to 40c, outside, and 43 to 44c, on track, Toronto; No. 3 Ontarios, 37 to 38c, outside. Western Canada oats, 45c for No. 2.

Peas—Nominal.

Barley—Forty-eight-lb. barley of good quality, 65 to 66c, outside.

Corn—No. 2 old American, 70c, all rail, Toronto, and No. 3 at 69 1-2c, all rail. No. 2 Bay ports, 65c. New corn, December delivery, 58 1-2c, Toronto.

Rye—77 to 78c for No. 2 outside.

Buckwheat—55c, outside.

Bran—Manitoba, $23, in bags, Toronto freight. Shorts, $26.

Country Produce.

Butter—Dairy, rolls, choice, 26 to 27c; bakers', inferior, 22 to 24c; choice dairy, tubs, 20c; creamery, 29 to 30c for rolls, and 27 to 28c for solids.

Eggs—Case lots of new laid, 30c per doz.; fresh, 27 to 28c.

Cheese—14 1-2c for large, and 14 3-4c for twins.

Beans—Hand-picked, $3 per bushel; primes, $2.90, in a jobbing way.

Honey—Extracted, in tins, 12 to 12 1-2c per lb. for No. 1, wholesale; combs, $2.50 to $3, wholesale.

Poultry—Well-fatted, clean, dry-picked stock was quoted as follows:—Chickens, 14 to 15c per lb; fowl, 11 to 12c; ducks, 14 to 15c; geese, 13 to 14c; turkeys, 22 to 24c. Live poultry, about 2c lower than the above.

Potatoes—75 to 85c per bag, on track.

Provisions.

Bacon—Long clear, 15 to 15 1-4c per lb., in case lots. Pork—Short cut, $26 to $27; do., mess, $21.50 to $22. Hams—Medium to light, 17 to 17 1-2c; heavy, 15 1-2 to 16c; rolls, 14 1-2 to 15c; breakfast bacon, 19c; backs, 21 to 21 1-2c.

Lard—The market is unchanged, with demand moderate. Tierces, 14 1-2c; tubs, 14 3-4c; pails, 15c.

Baled Hay and Straw.

Baled Hay—No. 1 hay is firm at $13 to $14, on track, Toronto; No. 2, $11 to $12. Mixed hay is quoted at $9 to $9.25 a ton, on track.

Baled Straw—$10, on track, Toronto.

Montreal Markets.

Montreal, Nov. 5.—Oats—Canadian Western, No. 2, 53 to 53 1-2c; extra No. 1 feed, 52 1-2 to 53c. Barley—Manitoba feed, 61 to 62c; malting, 78 to 80c. Buckwheat—No. 2, 55 to 60c. Flour—Manitoba Spring wheat patents, firsts, $5.80; seconds, $5.50; strong bakers', $5.10; Winter patents, choice, $5.35; straight rollers, $4.95 to $5; do., bags, $2.35 to $2.40. Rolled oats—Barrels, $5.05; bags, 90 lbs., $2.40. Bran—$23; shorts, $26 to $27; middlings, $28 to $30; mouillie, $30 to $35. Hay—No. 2, per ton, car lots, $13 to $13.50. Cheese—Finest Westerns, 13 to 13 3-8c; finest Easterns, 13 5-8 to 13 3-4c. Butter—Choicest creamery, 29 3-4 to 30 1-4c; seconds, 28 1-2 to 28 3-4c. Eggs—Selected, 30 to 31c; No. 2 stock, 21 to 22c. Potatoes—Per bag, car lots, 72 1-2 to 75c.

Live Stock Markets.

Montreal, Nov. 5.—Choice steers, $6; lower grades $4 per 100 pounds. Choice butchers' cows from $3 to $4.25 per 100 pounds. The trade in bulls was slow from $2.50 to $3.25 per 100 pounds. Canners from $1.50 to $2.75 per 100 pounds. Sheep and lambs—Sales of the former at $4, and the latter at $6 to $6.25 per 100 pounds. Calves from $3 to $10 each, as to size and quality. Hogs, $9 to $9.25 per 100 pounds, weighed off the cars.

Toronto, Nov. 5.—Cattle—Choice butcher $5.75 to $6.10; export, $6 to $6.25; good medium, $5 to $5.60; common, $3.75 to $4; cows, $3 to $5; bulls, $3 to $4.50; canners, $1.50 to $2. Calves—Good veal, $8 to $9; common, $3.50 to $6. Stockers and feeders—Steers, 350 to 1,050 lbs., at $5.25 to $5.70; feeding bulls, 900 to 1,200 lbs., at $2.75 to $4.25. Milkers and springers—$50 to $80. Sheep and lambs—Light ewes, $4 to $4.25; heavy ewes, $3 to $3.50; lambs, $6.15 to $6.30. Hogs—$8.40 to $8.50, fed and watered, $8 f.o.b.

United States Markets.

Minneapolis, Nov. 5.—Wheat—December, 85 5-8c; May, 92 1-8c; No. 1 hard, 88 3-8c; No. 1 Northern, 86 to 87 7-8c; No. 2 do., 84 to 85 5-8c. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 64 1-2 to 65c. Oats—No. 3 white, 30 1-2c. Rye—No. 2, 60 to 62 1-2c. Bran—$18.50 to $19. Flour—First patents, $4.35 to $4.65; second patents, $4.20 to $4.45; first clears, $3.20 to $3.50; second clears, $3.40 to $3.70.

Duluth, Minn., Nov. 5.—Wheat — On track, No. 1 hard, 88 5-8c; No. 1 Northern, 87 5-8c; No. 2 do., 84 5-8c; No. 1 do., to arrive, 87 5-8c; Montana No. 2 hard, to arrive, 87 5-8c; October, 86 5-8c, nominal; December, 86 5-8c; May, 91 3-4 to 91 7-8c bid.

Fritz Eberts, sentenced to be hanged at Macleod for killing a mounted policeman, has had his sentence commuted to life imprisonment.

POTATO REPORTS WORSE.

Yield From Heavy Clay Land Is Practically Valueless.

A despatch from Toronto says: Reports from all parts of York county indicate that now that the farmers are taking their late potatoes out of the pits, where they were stored since digging, the loss and depreciation from rot is much greater than was thought likely. Little of the crop will be available for shipping. In nearly every case the yield was very large, but the greatest loss is found where this is the case. Heavy clay land is practically useless, but the sandy and lighter soils will give probably half a crop. Some good yields are reported from the light lands of Whitchurch, in North York.

TUBERCULOSIS SUNDAY.

December 1st Is the Day Set Apart for the Purpose in Ontario.

Following the worthy example set in the United States, where Sunday, October 27th, was observed as Tuberculosis Day in over 50,000 churches, it is proposed that Sunday, December 1st, shall be devoted to a similar purpose throughout Ontario. The Inter-Denominational Ministerial Association of Toronto, representing all the Protestant churches of the city, have already agreed to the proposal, and appeals are now being made to the prelates of the Roman Catholic and Anglican bodies, and to the leading clergymen of the other churches, to have that day generally observed throughout the province. It is suggested that in the sermons of the day, the clergy should review the work already done in fighting the white plague, outline the possibilities of future effort, give practical instruction as to home treatment, and issue warnings against the use of numberless fraudulent, worthless and positively dangerous so-called "cures" for tuberculosis. Replies already received indicate that the churches throughout Ontario will fall into line with the Toronto denominations. Tuberculosis Sunday in the United States was endorsed by President Taft, ex-President Roosevelt, and scores of leading statesmen and churchmen, and it is expected that the public men of Canada will not be behindhand in approving of the movement here.

HEALTH OFFICERS.

Must Pass Examination Test Before Appointment is Confirmed.

A despatch from Toronto says: The medical officers of health for the several districts into which the Province has been divided have nearly completed their course of instruction under Dr. J. W. S. McCullough, Secretary of the Provincial Board of Health, and Professor Amyot, Provincial Bacteriologist. It is expected that they will go out to their posts about the fifteenth of November. Before their appointments are confirmed, however, each will have to pass an examination on the health act, sanitation, bacteriology, hygiene and other subjects coming within the sphere of the work assigned. The doctors have been studying for some months and have been given special training at the Provincial Laboratory. The department looks for greatly improved results from the new organization.

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HOUSEHOLD

Tasteful Hot-Pots.

The hot-pot ought to be a favorite dish in this country when all its good points are weighed. These are mainly economy of fuel, time and material. When one comes to economy of material it is difficult to exhaust its merits. At least nothing is wasted, and all the good features of a stew or braise may be embodied in a hot-pot. The less fat the better; all meat should be trimmed from superfluous fat and mutton from skin also. A steady heat is essential, and tendency to burn is obviated by placing the dish in water.

Beef Hot-pots.—Beef hot-pots are limitless in kind; the recipe below justifies the title, being the embodiment of savor and excellence. Slice evenly some meat, flatten it with the rolling pin and spread with a tasty mince from chicken, a little bacon (not too fat), a few drops of onion juice, breadcrumbs and seasoning, moistened with milk. Roll the slices and pack them in a dish lined with boiled beans. Pour over the slices of meat a little stock, then cover with tomato sauce. Two pounds of meat and two cupfuls of sauce will make a good-sized pot. Now cover with more beans, then with a greased paper, then put on the lid and cook in the oven. Serve piping hot, with a napkin pinned round the dish. Time according to the meat, from two to three hours.

Mutton Hot-pots. — Mutton hot-pots are variable in flavor. For a really good one loin cutlets with a gravy flavored with red currant jelly stand out prominently. The top and bottom may consist of beans as above or a macedoine of vegetables, or a puree of potatoes, with braised carrots added at the finish, will be found very tasty. When rice or other starchy food is introduced extra care against burning is needed. Parboiled macaroni covered with grated cheese is a top dressing liked by many, or the cheese omitted, and the macaroni cooked in a good gravy will be more to the taste of others.

Scotch Hot-pot.—Cut up a couple of pounds of mutton and fill up the dish thus: At the bottom a good layer of sliced carrots, the outer part grated, chopped onions, parsley, celery and thinly sliced turnips; now the meat and barley with seasoning, and enough strained stock to moisten well; it should cover the meat. Cover and steam the pot for two hours or so. Leave room at starting for the swelling of the barley, and about 20 minutes before sending to table add a top layer of cooked macaroni. If brushed over with meat extract at the last moment the appearance is improved.

Calf's Head Hot-pot.—In bygone days pies from calf's head, with other savory ingredients, were among the standing dishes. Hot-pots on similar lines are equally inviting and have the charm of novelty for most people. Supposing the half of a medium-sized head, cooked with the skin on until three parts done, reserve later a fair proportion of the trimmings, and proceed as follows: Line the pot with thin slices of streaky bacon trimmed from rind, then cover the bottom with pieces of the head and tongue; follow with hard-cooked eggs in quarters and some forcemeat balls. Go on thus, having a top layer of bacon, and see that the meat is loosely packed, that there may be space for plenty of gravy, which should be made from stock. Cover and bake until the meat is tender, then garnish with a vegetable macedoine at the moment of serving.

Duck Hot-pot.—Joint one duck, make a good gravy and a sage and onion stuffing. Line the pot with the joints of duck and stuffing and fill with gravy. Add a potato crust, made as follows: To one pound of steamed potatoes add the yolk of one egg, one tablespoonful of chopped parsley, one tablespoonful of melted butter, or the same quantity of thick cream, salt and pepper to taste, a dust of red pepper and half a teaspoonful of powdered sage; blend to a smooth paste, brush over with a well beaten egg and return to the oven to brown and reheat. For the sage and onion stuffing chop three parboiled onions, add five powdered sage leaves, two tablespoonfuls of bread crumbs, one tablespoonful of butter, pepper and salt to season; mix well together and use as directed.

Chicken Hot-pot.—Singe, clean and point a fowl weighing about four pounds, then put it in a pot with six cupfuls of boiling water, one sliced onion, one sliced carrot, one bay leaf, one blade of mace and two cloves; let it simmer till tender, then add seasoning of salt and pepper. Wash well two cupfuls of rice and put it on to cook with 3½ quarts of boiling water; allow to cook for 30 minutes, then turn into a colander and drain thoroughly. Mix with it two level teaspoonfuls of salt, two well beaten eggs, half a cupful of butter and 1½ cupfuls of milk. Place in a deep buttered baking dish a layer of chicken, then a layer of the rice mixture, then of chicken, and so on, finishing with the rice. Cover the rice with one pint of the stock the chicken was boiled in. Bake in a moderate oven for 40 minutes. Serve hot.

Dishwashing.

Of all the necessary things in housekeeping the one most disliked by the average woman is dishwashing.

Times without number you hear the housewife's wail: "If it were not for washing dishes I would not mind the work."

Yet this need not be such a dreaded task if you will step aside from the beaten path and wash the dishes only once a day.

Unless you have a large family who require a quantity of dishes at each meal this is not only practicable, but a big time-saver.

Have ready two good-sized dishpans, and after each meal scrape all scraps from the dishes to be washed, empty all liquid from cups and glasses and stack the dishes carefully in the pans, putting the large plates in the bottom and smaller ones on top. In the second pan put all small pieces, vegetable dishes and small platters.

Stand the silver upright in a jug or pitcher and pour over all enough very hot water, in which a good soap powder or a little washing soda has been dissolved, to cover. Now let the dishes stand in these receptacles until the morning hours, when work is easiest.

The hot water will grow cold, but the grease from the dishes will be floating on top and can be scooped off first, then the water poured off. This done, the dishes will be virtually clean and ready to be rinsed in steaming hot water.

After this, if you are a wise housekeeper, you will have a wire drainer ready to receive the dripping china, in which it can be placed on a decided slant and left to drain dry.

They are ready then for the next meal, clean, bright and polished.

Glasses, of course, and silver must be dried on a cloth. Glasses should be quickly washed and dried after each meal; but that is a small matter if all the other dishes can be left until you are quite ready to "do" them.

Try this method, ye weary housekeepers, and find how soon it will be regularly adopted, and you will not lose a moment's conscience-stricken sleep because of dishes left unwashed.

AUSTRALIA'S WHEAT LANDS.

Millions of Acres Have Been Added to the Area.

During the last few years, an area totalling millions of acres has been added to the previously recognized wheat-growing lands of South Australia.

Some of this has already been served by railways and profitably settled, but there remains a great deal more to be accomplished in that direction. Last season, the wheat, hay and grain crop was valued at £5,401,005 as a result of the government's vigorous policy of development, and it is anticipated that within the next few years the area under wheat will be doubled.

Speaking at a public function, the commissioner of crown lands and immigration, the Hon. F. W. Young, M.P., said the ministry rejoiced in the continued prosperity of the State, and hoped, by prudent and progressive legislation, and by sound administration, to enable the people to obtain full advantage of the conditions that existed. They were not handicapped by want of faith in the soil. South Australia was a land of great opportunities, owing largely to what had been done by some of the grand pioneers. The government hoped, by wise laws and affording such assistance as would stimulate and not destroy individual effort, to encourage the people to take full advantage of the splendid opportunities that were presented to them.

In that direction, parliament was putting to account vast areas of crown lands which in the past had been of little value and was also attempting to conserve the waters of the State.

It's mighty uninteresting gossip that doesn't give somebody the worst of it.

A machine has just been invented that can make rag hearthrugs at the rate of one a minute.

"Keep out of debt, young man," said the philosopher. "People will think better of you for it."

Most of the troubles that look big won't last the first round with a real fighter.

"What have you against that man? He has done some very good things." "Yes; but I was one of them."

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL STUDY

INTERNATIONAL LESSON, NOVEMBER 10.

Lesson VI.—Worlds temperance Sunday, Hosea 7. Golden Text, Isa. 5. 11.

Verse I. When I would heal Israel—Jehovah in mercy was willing to forgive Israel, but his generous purpose was frustrated by the increasing iniquity of Ephraim, as the northern nation is frequently called, and the wickedness of Samaria, the national capital. Israel took advantage of Jehovah's long-suffering and kindness, interpreting these as an indication of weakness or disregard for the nation's iniquity. Isaiah (28. 1) points to drunkenness as one of Ephraim's greatest transgressions.

Commit falsehood—Are guilty of fraud and deceit.

The thief . . . the troop of robbers—Theft and robbery were common.

2. I remember—Despite his long-suffering Jehovah will remember and punish wickedness.

Beset them about—Their wrongs constitute an impediment to them on every side.

3. Make the king glad—The wicked practices of the people have the royal approval. The king and princes together delight in depravity and crime.

4. All adulterers—King, princes, and people alike.

As an oven heated—They are consumed by their own passions.

He ceaseth—The clause introduced by these words describes the calm between one outbreak of violence and the next.

5. The day of our king—Some recent national event or celebration is referred to. We are to think possibly of the king's coronation day or of his birthday.

Stretched out his hand with scoffers—Joined in their sacrilege.

6. Made ready their heart — Strengthened their determination to do wrong by further carousing and the use of stimulants until their passion for destruction is as a flaming fire.

7. Devour their judges—The reference of this verse is to the murder of public officials and the assassination of kings, practices which had become all too common.

8. Ephraim—In the sense of Israel as elsewhere.

Mixeth himself—By intermarriage and political alliances of every sort./

Among the peoples—With neighboring nations.

A cake not turned—Which burns on the bottom while remaining wholly unbaked on top. The figure used may cover either the thought of ruin or of folly and inconsistency, or it may combine with both these thoughts the conception of a nation half cultured, a society which has developed disproportionately, a religion half lived, and a political policy that is vacillating and half-hearted.

9. Strangers have devoured his strength—Foreign alliances and the adoption of foreign habits and customs have weakened instead of strengthened the nation. To the ruinous effect of these practices the people are utterly blind. Like a person who grows old without realizing the fact, the waning of the nation's strength is not perceived.

10. The pride of Israel—Its vain conceit and self-imagined excellency. These bear damaging testimony to Israel's apostasy.

11. Like a silly dove—The nation's foreign policy of seeking alliances with Egypt and Assyria was without wit or wisdom. Such policy, moreover, was contrary to the expressed will of Jehovah, who, consequently, will make it of no effect.

12. Spread my net—The figure of the dove is continued. The foreign alliances shall prove an entanglement and a snare.

As their congregation hath heard—Margin, when the report cometh to their congregation.

13. Woe . . . destruction—The exclamation of sorrow and distress is linked with the thought of folly and ignorance, the threat of destruction with that of transgression and wrong.

Spoken lies against me—Instead of praise and thanksgiving, Jehovah has received falsehood and slander at the hands of his people. The reference is probably to the complaint against Jehovah for his lack of protection against the ills which the people have imposed upon themselves by their actions.

14. Not cried unto me—Religious observances have entirely ceased.

Howl upon their beds—In despair and distress they cry out in anguish instead of calling upon Jehovah for help.

15. Taught and strengthened their arms—Such skill and strength as the nation possesses are due to the instruction and help received from Jehovah. This gift of Jehovah's the ungrateful people use in devising mischief against their divine benefactor.

16. Like a deceitful bow—Like a weapon that is not true or reliable.

Their princes shall fall—The judgment of foreign invasion is imminent.

This—The fall of the princes.

Their derision in the land of Egypt—Their conquerors shall despise and mock them for their misplaced confidence and foolish alliances.

COCKNEY DIALECT.

Canon Horsley Tells of Some Interesting Experiences.

During his long associations with the poor children of South London, Canon Horsley has been much interested and amused by their extraordinary pronunciation of words. "Frequently," he says, in his reminiscences, "I Remember," "I write on the blackboard some phrases I have heard in the schoolroom or the street according to its Walworth pronunciation, and then invite some boy or girl to write the English thereof underneath. The children take very kindly to my corrections, though fearfully puzzled when some of their sentences are pilloried in their phonetic form. Thus: 'Biby's tiker rome'; 'Bin navin a gime'; 'Biby's nime's Jimes — plain Jimes'; 'Ai i'nt a gowin'; 'Ai in't 'ad no kike'; 'Ow, shy cans'; 'Rowziz lite' are hardly intelligible until I read them with the local whine and vowel sounds, and then at once they recognize 'I've been to take her home'; 'I've been having a game'; 'Baby's name is James—plain James'; 'I'm not going'; 'I haven't had any cake'; 'Oh, shake hands'; 'Rose is late.'"

Canon Horsley also mentions that one of his daughters saw in a local draper's window some ties and desired to buy one for her brother. Going in, she said: "I want to see some ties, please. "This way for corsets, miss." "No, I said ties—neckties." "Oh, I beg your pardon, miss, I thought you said stys"—i.e., stays!

Concerning slang used by the London urchin, the Canon gives some amusing examples. "Needle thread" for bed, "You and me" for tea, "Jim Skinner" for dinner, "Cain and Abel" for table, "Crimea" for beer, "Brussels sprout" for boy scout are somewhat common. Other terms new to the Canon were "jossop" for broth, "scatty" for mad, "shont" for foreigner, "rozzer" for policeman, "coal" for a penny, "mibbies" for marbles, "bar" for a sovereign, "dadla" or "fadger" for a farthing, "mingee" for greedy, "wet sack" for dunce, "water bonse" for a "cry baby," and "moggies" for cats.

RAZORS FROM HORSESHOES.

Chinese Manufacturers Make Them at Small Cost.

Chinese manufacturers are still on a basis of the most primitive handicraft; an efficiency engineer would surely find the occupation of a lifetime in bringing them up to Western standards. The production of cutlery, for example, is thus described by Consul General Knabenshue of Tientsin.

An interesting feature of Chinese industry is the making of knives and razors from old horseshoes. The local blacksmiths in the interior cities and towns supply the great population of the empire with knives, razors and scissors of an inferior quality at a very small cost. This cutlery comes from small shops, where only one or two men are employed, usually the proprietor and his sons, and is chiefly made from old horseshoes, imported from England and the Continent. A discarded steel shoe offers the best material for blades, but the blacksmiths prefer the old shoes of soft iron that come from Glasgow and Hamburg.

One British firm at Tientsin brought over a cargo of old horseshoes from Australia recently, but could not dispose of them, as the native smiths said that the iron was too hard. They like the soft iron, because it can be more easily worked by their primitive methods.

A razor commonly used by the poorer class, having a cutting edge of less than two inches, costs twenty t'ung-tzus, about nine cents in American currency. Upon the strop the blade takes a fair cutting edge, but is too soft to hold it. Any number of stroppings are necessary before the act of shaving can be completed. After the blades are forged, they are simply case-hardened, and not subjected to the careful tempering employed in the production of Western cutlery.

Quite Different.

Office Boy—"Do you want to see the editor on business, sir?"

Stranger—"No, pleasure exclusively. I want to maul him."

Quarrelsome.

"Do they quarrel much?"

"Do they quarrel much? Say, they couldn't quarrel more if they were European nations."

"Here's some fish marked 'C. O. D.,' sir." "Send it away—I ordered shad."

NEW IDEAS FOR VENTILATION

In Large Buildings Aim Is to Get Uniform Conditions.

In the erection of big buildings it has been the aim of the engineers, in modern times, to secure conditions of uniform temperature, uniform air pressure and uniform atmospheric moisture and ventilation without drafts, says Harper's Weekly, but now a couple of English engineers have come to the conclusion, after a careful study of the subject, that this aim is not in accord with the true physiological needs of the human race.

They point out that in nature the skin comes in contact with constant physical and chemical changes. There are variations in temperature and in pressure caused by the breeze; there are differences in the amount of moisture and variation in the flow of the blood to the skin.

The writer says that the English House of Commons is ventilated by a stream of air that is taken from over the river and passed above a spray of water and thence over steam pipes which heat it to a uniform temperature of sixty-three degrees Fahrenheit, allowing it to enter through the floor without causing a draft. When the House "divides" for a vote the members pass into the lobbies. At the same time the air current is turned off from the chamber and passed to pipes leading to the lobbies.

Strangers visiting the House, especially persons from rural or from colonial regions, find the air here very depressing. This depression, say the experts, results not from the particular temperature, nor from the condition of the air with respect to oxygen, etc., but to the fact of the uniform conditions to which the skin is exposed.

The nerves in our skin need to be stimulated. Absolute rest is not congenial. It is for this reason that the smoke from a cigarette is frequently a relief or that a very small quantity of ozone is so bracing in shops or factories or schools. The ozone is helpful not so much because it supplies oxygen—for if present in quantities sufficient to be smelled it is a poison—nor because it destroys organic matter; it is helpful because of its delicate stimulation of a nervous system that is tired of doing nothing.

COULD RUN MOTOR 100 HOURS

Great Power of Electricity in Human Body.

One does not fancy the human body as an electric dynamo, but if the heat and muscular energy expended by an average man of sedentary habits were converted into electrical units he would find himself in possession of quite a valuable asset.

It is proved that a man uses up about two and one-half kilowatt hours of electrical energy in a working day. Approximately one-half of this amount is used to keep the temperature of the body constant, while the other half is expended in muscular energy.

This amount of electricity may not seem great, but, says a writer in the Popular Mechanics Magazine, it is sufficient to maintain four twenty-five-watt tungsten lamps of twenty candle-power each of twenty-five hours; run a sewing machine motor for one hundred hours; heat an electric toaster for four hours; an electric heater for two hours; an electric curling iron for one hundred hours; run a large fan for thirty-two hours, or warm a chafing dish for six hours.

Wise Sayings.

Business is based, not on money, but on honesty.—Dr. Ambrose Shepherd.

When a man prophecies a thing and it happens, one is always ready to believe that he did his best to make it happen.—A. A. Milne.

The churches would be as full as the restaurants at one o'clock in the day if men realized that they were spiritual beings.—Rev. J. Halsey.

Those who squander are not the possessors of wealth; the absence of means very often carries with it a careless prodigality. — Violet Tweedale.

We take care of our health; we lay up money; but who provides wisely that he shall not be wanting in the best property of all—friends?—Emerson.

That women are less amenable to discipline than men is the consequence of man's treatment of woman as toy, chattel, or inferior.—A. Maurice Low.

Secrets of Success.

Concentration is one of the great secrets of success. Some one has said that if you will sit down to a task and apply yourself to it for half an hour without allowing one thought of what you are going to do next, one thought of what you have accomplished, one moment of dreaming of alien things, to creep into your mind, without permitting yourself one glance out of the window, one instant of toying with things near at hand, you can do an average person's hour's work in that half hour.

WAKENING CHURCH NAPPERS

Stroke of Wand on Nape of Neck—Tickling Faces.

One John Rudge is on record as having bequeathed to the parish of Trysull, in Shropshire, England, twenty shillings a year to be paid to "a poor man" employed to go about church in summer to keep people awake

At another English church, that of Acton in Cheshire, it was the practice during the middle of the last century for one of the church wardens to proceed through the church during service with a huge wand in his hand, wherewith, if any one of the congregation were observed to be asleep, he was instantly awakened by a tap on the head.

In Warwickshire a similar custom prevailed. A warden bearing a stout wand shaped like a hay fork at the end stepped stealthily up and down the nave and the aisles and whenever he saw an individual asleep he touched him so effectively that the nap was broken—this being sometimes accomplished by the application of the fork to the nape of the neck.

A more playful method obtained in another church. The beadle went about during service carrying a long staff, to one end of which was attached a fox's brush and to the other a knob. With the former he gently tickled the faces of the women sleepers, while with the knob he bestowed a sharp rap on the heads of male offenders.

KING GEORGE'S LIBRARY.

Embraces Books on Fleets of Nearly Every Country.

King George possesses one of the finest collections of naval books and pamphlets that have ever been got together. Formerly his library has been kept at York Cottage, but it is now being transferred to Windsor, where a specially fitted-up room has been provided for it. His collection is not confined to books dealing with the British Navy, but embraces the fleets of almost every country in the world, and is in a diversity of languages.

There is nothing affecting the sea and its command that escapes his Majesty's notice, and a leading firm of West End booksellers has a standing order to forward copies of any naval books that may be published to wherever the court happens to be situated the moment it makes its appearance. His Majesty examines all these most carefully and decides whether they are worthy of being added to his collection or not. The King has a great liking for making marginal notes in such books as he reads, and some of these would prove decidedly interesting if it were possible to inspect them.

CURIOUS LAWSUIT.

Russian Woman Bequeathed $20,000 For Care of Pet Dog.

The Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals should be interested in a lawsuit arising from the will of a Russian princess who died early this year.

Among her bequests was one of $20,000 to a toy terrier, Gipsy, with the proviso that her pet should be intrusted to the charge of a certain very old friend whom she named. Within six months Gipsy followed her mistress to the grave, and, as even the most daintily fed and luxuriously clothed and bejeweled of toy terriers can not run through money at the rate of $20,000 a year, the legacy was practically intact when she passed away.

The lady who had tended Gipsy to the last took it for granted that on the dog's death she would succeed to the property, but she has not been allowed to remain in possession of it undisturbed. A claim has been formulated on behalf of an offspring of Gipsy's, who, being a puppy of high degree, was duly registered at birth.

The claim has been heard, but as the question is one of momentous concern to the canine race, the judges are taking some time to consider their verdict.

A TEETOTAL START.

"Why do you object to my marrying your daughter?"

"Because you can't support her in the style she's been accustomed to."

"How do you know I can't? I can start her on bread and milk, same as you did."

The Stirling News-Argus.

THURSDAY, NOV. 7, 1912

Wilson Elected President

The election of President of the United States took place on Tuesday last, and resulted in the election of Prof. Woodrow Wilson, the Democratic candidate, by a large majority. There were three candidates for the Presidency, the two others being Roosevelt and Taft. The two latter were running on the Republican ticket, and consequently split the vote of that party. Roosevelt was the candidate of the Progressive party, and polled a much larger vote than Taft, who was the regular nominee of the Republicans. The results show that the people generally are dissatisfied with present conditions and think a change will be for the better.

The War in the Balkans

The war between the allied Balkan States and Turkey has been carried on with the utmost vigor by the allied forces and with uniform success, till now the Turkish power is utterly crushed, and the remanants of her armies have been forced back to within the outer fortifications of Constantinople.

The Turkish Government has made application to the great powers of Europe to request an armistice, but Great Britain, France and Russia do not think it best to interfere; while Germany, Austria and Italy seem inclined to do so. This disagreement among the powers it is feared may yet lead to a general European war, though it is hoped that eventually this may be averted.

In the meantime Great Britain has sent a strong fleet to the Mediterranean, as near the scene of conflict as possible. Warships of every nation have arrived at Constantinople to protect the foreigners and christians there, as a fanatical outbreak on the part of the Mohametans is feared.

About fifteen years ago, legislation was adopted, whereby vacant lands, if of five acres or more in extent, and under one ownership, in villages towns and cities, must be assessed as farm property. Why this law was passed has always been a mystery. To encourage a man to hold large areas within a corporation and wait till prices became high enough for him to sell at a huge profit or to encourage him to hold it against a settler who would improve it, was not for the best interest of the corporation or fair to those who by improving their property, made that of the other fellow valuable. The owner who held the large area and presumedly was best able to pay got off easier than the small owner in the way of taxes. Those large areas, held for speculative purposes are detrimental to the growth and improvements of the town. Public improvements naturally shun them as much as possible and the residents out beyond or in the vicinity of them consequently suffer. Taken altogether the law is a sort of bonus to the wealthy owner at the expense of the small one. Municipalities have been agitating for its repeal for some time and there is a strong probability that the next session of the Legislature will remove it from the statutes.—Markham Sun.

Pure Food For Thought

The pure food campaign has had its triumphant swing. Under Dr. Harvey Wylie, and other men of like nature, there has been a very great amount of interest taken, and not a little action also, in the purification of food. The justification and good of the campaign requires no argument. Its importance is universally conceded. Everyone eats, and everyone wants to eat purity, and not impurity. So the cause has swung victoriously along.

But the Christian Science Monitor, of Boston, that unique national daily newspaper that has within the last few years done much to revolutionize journalism in the interests of purity and idealism, has applied the pure food watchword in a way that calls for attention and commendation. At recent Pure Food fairs in several states of the Union, it had a booth for the advertisement of its publication, with the very significant sign inscribed above it: "Pure Food for Thought."

The meaning must have been apparent to all. Purity is a term just as applicable to thought as to food. There is no essential difference between eating adulterated food and reading adulterated truth. A can of rotten meat and a column of rotten scandal are on a par. Both are dangerous. Of the two, the latter is perhaps more to be feared. It is more insidious in its operation and more lasting in its evil effect. It is possible to recover fully from the one after a temporary unpleasantness, but the other leaves an abiding stain.

The Christian Science Monitor has made a departure and a discovery equally great. The departure was the elimination of the sensational altogether, and the presentation of facts in a wholesome, unbiased way. And the discovery was that the success of the paper has been achieved by leaps and bounds. It has refuted the long held opinion that the public needed tobasco sauce on its news, and that flaring headlines alone could catch and hold the average reader. Mentally and physically, the public is entitled to pure food, and the press generally is coming to realize this.—Ottawa Citizen.

A CANADIAN PAINTER.

J. Colin Forbes, R.C.A., Is at Work on "Christ and Barabbas."

Mr. J. Colin Forbes, R.C.A., the Canadian, who has painted more public men than perhaps any other artist, and whose portrait of Gladstone is frequently called the best ever done of that statesman, is engaged in the execution of an ambitious canvas called "Christ and Barabbas." In his studio the other day he was good enough to talk about the difficulties of conceiving such a work.

"I do not remember 'Barabbas' being used in painting as a foil to Christ," he said. "Even in literature the only book with this subject as its motif that comes to my mind is Marie Corelli's, considered by many to be one of the finest word paintings we have.

"There are, of course, difficulties which every painter meets in portraying an Oriental picture—atmosphere, for instance, and for my picture I have secured all the costumes and paraphernalia from Palestine; but the outstanding difficulty, I find, is to mould the face of Christ. Many of the painters who have attempted this subject have confessed their dissatisfaction with the results achieved, and you will not have failed to note that most of them have been influenced by the type of face of their country."

J. Colin Forbes numbers among the famous men who have sat to him, the Earl of Dufferin, Sir John Macdonald, Sir Alexander Mackenzie, the Hon. Edward Blake, Sir Charles Tupper, Sir Oliver Mowat, Sir Wilfrid Laurier, the late President Harrison of the U.S.A., and Prof. Schurman of Cornell University. His painting of Gladstone in the National Liberal Club is "not to be surpassed as a truthful and effective portrait," according to one critic. What many considered to be a better effort is that painted by Mr. Forbes at Mr. Gladstone's home. Of this he says:

"I stayed for a considerable time at Hawarden studying him both in private and public life. He would sit in one corner of his study writing and Mrs. Gladstone in another, and I can still clearly call to mind the strong, deeply-lined face of the great man as he sat at his table, writing, writing, writing, as if he never would stop. He used a very old quill pen, which he would stick into a potato on the table when he stopped writing.

"I made a careful study of him when speaking in public. I remember on one occasion, at a public meeting, his cravat became disarranged, and was hanging down the back of his coat, but when Mr. Gladstone became eloquent he lost all thought of his attire. Mrs. Gladstone was on the platform on this occasion, and crossing over to her husband she put her hand on his shoulder and just said, 'William.' Mr. Gladstone stopped speaking at once and simply said, 'Yes, dear,' and then continued his discourse in a more modulated voice, but the tie still remained hanging down."

Mr. Forbes' pictures of King Edward and Queen Alexandra are, of course, familiar to Canadians who have been in the Parliament Buildings at Ottawa.

"King Edward," said Mr. Forbes, was a King without effort. He was kindness itself with regard to sittings, and scarcely a day passed while I was at work on the portraits that some act of courtesy did not testify as to his Majesty's thoughtfulness. The Queen, too, was exceedingly gracious. She did not readily consent to be painted, but directly she acceded to the petition she seemed interested, and did all in her power to assist me."—Star Weekly.

Buying Band Instruments.

With the ever increasing tide of immigration from all parts of the world the small goods trade, which includes band instruments, stringed instruments, accordions, etc., has profited to a great extent in Canada. The new towns and cities of the West have been filled up wih adventurous spirits, Great Britain being the home of many of them. As every village and hamlet of the old land has some musical organization or other the newcomers emulate conditions that they knew at home, immediately start to organize a band, an orchestra, and, of course, a choir, or choirs, which later often evolve themselves into a choral society.

While we import band instruments from England, France, Germany and Austria, very little comes in from the United States. The leading makers are English and French. We manufacture to some extent here in Canada. Stringed instruments for the most part come from Germany, as do most of the smaller instruments. Several Canadian houses make an exclusive business of band and orchestral instruments and music, and the trade is growing rapidly.

Football Box Score.

The Rev. Father Stanton of Ottawa College favors keeping a record of what the players accomplish in the Rugby football games in which they play, similar to the baseball box score. If a player made a tackle possibly he would be shown with a perfect 1,000 percentage. Also the scoring would show how many times each player received the ball and what he did with it when he got it.

The kicks to the halves and their disposal of the sphere would also be carefully jotted down and averages made up on them. At the end of each story of the game he would have a summary showing the record of each player.

Canada's Water Power.

It is estimated that the available water power in Canada is 17,000,000 horse-power. That developed in 1910 amounted to 1,016,521 horse-power, of which 742,966 horse-power was for electrical energy, 158,051 for the paper and pulp industries, and 115,515 for other industries.

The possession of immense water power in the Province of Quebec, in which industrial activity was greatest, makes still greater development in manufacturing in that province probable in the near future.

WHEN THE BLIND PLAY.

Exciting Game of Poker Among Rich Yet Sightless Parisians.

You ought to see the rich blind men of Paris play poker, writes Sterling Heilig.

Among them are millionaires, men of great families bearing well known titles, heads of houses, lost to the world by their blindness. Among them are blind men who dress with scrupulous coquetry, faultlessly frock-coated, in high hats whose polish might serve pretty women for a mirror. There are those who wear the monocle, glance round as if taking interest, and put their pail guides gaily on the shoulder—not to have the look of being led.

There are others, powerful in family influence and riches, who go morose, slouching in neglected clothes. Their only real companions, fellow clubmen, cannot see them.

So, the six blind players handled their cards with smiles of satisfaction or frowns of impatience. They had no need to train their faces. They use their voices for deception, or keep silence. One tall, sallow plunger—the forgotten scion of a great Jewish family foremost in finances—received ace high on the deal. That man knew each card before I, at his elbow, saw it. His light fingers read their corner pointings, with nonchalent deftness, that would have baffled the late Mr. Sheedy. He had been blind from boyhood, when he rescued a small sister from a blazing room.

I watched his face light up with humorous purpose, as the others drew four, one and three cards and two dropped out. In monotone he raised 300 francs—and asked for two cards. Silently the three men sat, intense, alert, to sense impressions beyond ordinary human delicacy, waiting for a clue.

The florid man with the blond beard would not pay 300 francs to draw four cards but, gently, the two others pushed their chips up. The athletic brother of the second Duke of France (he lost his sight by a gun explosion fifteen years ago), smiled when he filled his flush; but the white-faced invalid at his side never relaxed the refined strain as he caught a third 10-spot to his pair. The orginal bluffer, holding his ace-high and two useless cards, picked up his draw — two more aces.

Exultation and hesitancy struggled on his unguarded face—he was no bluffer now, for he had three aces. He spoke no word. He seemed careful not to move a muscle of his body. He was hiding from the other blind men.

The flush bet the smallest chip. The pale individual came with him — in one word. What would the astute Hebrew do with his three aces? Hoist the one-card and three-card draws as they deserved?

I think he must have waited half a minute, as they hid from him in the black void; and he sought to feel some indication from them. Then he just fished up the little chip that called. He seemed to feel that there was a flush out against him.

It was a standoff all round for those mind readers. And in the other hands I saw played there was the same mingled sureness, with nerve and reserve that gives one the impression that these supermen of the void have triumphs that we of gross sight sensations know not.

Same Thing.

Sandy MacWhustle was fond of a drop of whisky—indeed, he owned that sometimes he did take more than was good for him. On the occasion, however, which led to his appearance at the police court he had not felt so bad as to justify admission of the offense. "I was nae drunk!" he protested indignantly. "I had a wee dram certainly; intoxicated ye micht say. But drunk—decidedly not!"

"Oh, in that case," said the magistrate, "certainly there is a difference. For being drunk I should inflict a fine of 10 shillings. Giving due consideration to your explanation, I will make it half a sovereign!"

Quite Right.

A good story is being told of a reply given by a Scotch student to a question set in an examination paper.

"If twenty men reap a field in eight hours," ran the question, "how long will it take fifteen men to reap the same field?"

The student thought long and carefully before setting down the answer, and when he handed in his paper this is what the examiner read: "The field, having already been reaped by the twenty men, could not be reaped a second time by the fifteen."

Wax From Trees.

The wax palm of the Andes is a vegetable wonder. It grows to a height of nearly 200 feet and thrives not only on the plains, but the mountains. The wood is tough and durable and is employed in carpentry. The wax comes from the pits between the trunk and fronds. It is yellow or grayish white, is as pure as beeswax and is used for making candles. A peon climbing the trees can gather from twenty to thirty pounds from each.

Luminous Seas.

The sea is often luminous on summer nights because the phosphoric acid contained in decaying jellyfish, being deprived of oxygen, is converted into phosphorus. This unites with the oxygen of the air and becomes luminous.

Tea In Java.

In Java tea is served in broad flat cups and flavored with Batavia arrack, and in Formosa it is steeped with tea flowers and one or two orange flowers. The result is a perfume and a flavor of the most intense kind.

Mahogany Polish.

Two tablespoonfuls of olive oil and a dessertspoonful of vinegar make a good polish for mahogany.

Candlelight Energy.

The energy released by a candle burning steadily for two full days is equal to one horsepower.

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A. F. McDONELL, Agent, Stirling,
Phone 6

Farm For Sale

South half of lot 38 in the 9th con. of Sidney, containing sixty-seven acres. One mile and a half north of Halloway. About forty acres in good cultivation, six acres of fall wheat and six of rye now sown. For further particulars apply to

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Part of lots 11 and 12 in the 3rd con. of Rawdon, on the Marmora gravel road, containing 100 acres, more or less; about two miles from Stirling. Good house, basement barn and outbuildings. Good young orchard. About eight acres of woodland. Part of farm tile drained. For further particulars apply to

WM. H. FANNING.
Stirling, Ont.

STALLION INSPECTION

Under Ontario Stallion Act

Route for Stallion Inspectors in District No. 6.

Place	Time Inspection Commences		Date
Norwood	9.00 a.m.	Fri.	Nov. 8
Tweed	2.00 p.m.	"	" 8
Queensboro.	9.00 a.m.	Sat.	" 9
Madoc	2.30 p.m.	"	" 9
Marmora	9.00 a.m.	Mon.	" 11
Stirling	9.00 a.m.	Tues.	" 12
Foxboro	3.00 p.m.	"	" 12
Belleville	9.30 a.m.	Wed.	" 13
Shannonville	2.00 p.m.	"	" 13
Trenton	9.00 a.m.	Sat.	" 16
Frankford	2.30 p.m.	"	" 16

For Sale

In the Village of Stirling, a desirable residence, up to date, good cellar, cistern, bathroom and electric lights. All necessary out buildings. About 20 fruit trees, good well at the door. Can be bought on reasonable terms. Possession given to suit purchaser. For further particulars apply to

THOMAS HAMBLIN, owner,
or J. T. BELSHAW, Stirling.
If not sold can be rented

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Nyal's Cod Liver Compound
With Extract of Malt and Hypophosphites.

Kepler's Solution
Cod Liver Oil with Extract of Barley Malt.

Nyal's Nutritive Hypophosphites
Restorative and builder.

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A 200 acre farm in Sidney township, two miles west of Foxboro and known as the Lucas farm,

Also, 50 acres in Thurlow township, five minutes walk from the village of Foxboro. A new canning factory is being built quite near which will make it interesting to any person wanting to grow goods for factory use. Both farms will be sold on reasonable terms. Apply to owner who lives on the Lucas farm.

R. COULSON,
Foxboro.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

In the Surrogate Court of the County of Hastings

In the matter of the Estate of Charles Fraser Stickle, late of the Village of Stirling, in the County of Hastings, gentleman, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given pursuant to section 55, chapter 26 of the Statutes of Ontario, 1., George V., that all persons having any claims or demands against the Estate of the said Charles Fraser Stickle, deceased, who died on or about the 5th day of June, A.D. 1912, at the Village of Stirling, in the County of Hastings, are required to send by post prepaid, or to deliver to Mrs. Sarah Ann Montgomery, or Mrs. Agnes E. Zwick, Stirling, Ontario, the executrixes of the said deceased, on or before the 11th day of November, A.D. 1912, their names and addresses, with full particulars in writing of their claims and statements of their accounts, and the nature of the securities, if any, held by them.

And further take notice that after the said 11th day of November, A.D. 1912, the said Executrixes will proceed to distribute the assets of the said Estate to the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they shall have notice, and the said Executrixes shall not be liable for the said assets or any part thereof, to any persons of whose claim or claims notice shall not have been received by the said Executrixes at the time of such distribution.

SARAH ANN MONTGOMERY
AGNES E. ZWICK
Executrixes of the said Estate.
Dated this 9th day of October, A.D. 1912.

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GEO. SPOTTON, President.

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NEWS-ARGUS OFFICE

ONLY A MONTH;

OR, A CURIOUS MYSTERY EXPLAINED.

CHAPTER XXXIII.—(Cont'd)

Mr. Boniface was much of the same opinion when he noticed Frithiof later on in the day.

"Frithiof," said Mr. Boniface, "you have got one of your bad headaches."

"Yes," replied the Norwegian, candidly; "but it is not a disabling one. I shall get through all right."

"What plans have you made for your Whitsuntide holiday?"

"I don't think we had made any plan at all."

"Then I want you all to come away with us for a few days," said the shop-owner. "You look to me as if you wanted rest. Come to us for a week; I will arrange for your absence."

"You are very good," said Frithiof, warmly. "But indeed I would rather only take the general holiday of Saturday to Tuesday. I am not in the least ill, and would rather not take extra days when there is no need."

"Independent as ever!" said Mr. Boniface, with a smile. "Well, it must be as you like. We will see what the three days will do for you."

Where and how this holiday was to be spent only Mr. and Mrs. Boniface knew, and Cecil and Roy were as much astonished as any one when, at two o'clock on Saturday afternoon, a coach-and-four stopped at the gate of Rowan Tree House.

"What! are we to drive there?" asked Cecil. "Oh, father, how delightful! Will it be very far?"

"Yes, a long drive; so keep out plenty of wraps; in case the evening is chilly. We can tuck away the children inside if they get tired. Now, are we all ready? Then we will drive to the model lodgings."

So off they started, a very merry party, but still merrier when the three Norwegians had joined them, the girls, as usual, dressed in black, for economy's sake, but wearing very dainty little white sailor's hats, which Sigrid had sat up on the previous night to trim.

"I feel like the 'linen-draper bold,' in the ballad," said Mr. Boniface, with his hearty laugh. "But I have taken precautions, you see, against a similar catastrophe. We have had more than the 'twice ten tedious years' together, have we not, Loveday?"

"Yes," she said, with her sweet, expressive smile, "we are just beginning the twenty-seventh, Robin, and have had many holidays unlike Mr. and Mrs. Gilpin."

They were still like lovers, this husband and wife of twenty-six years' standing; and it was with a sort of consciousness that they would be happier if left to themselves that Frithiof, who sat between Mrs. Boniface and Cecil, turned toward the latter, and began to talk to her.

"This is a thousand times better than a cariole or a stolkjaerre," said Frithiof. "What a splendid pace we are going at, and how well you see the country! It is the perfection of traveling."

"So I think," said Cecil. "At any rate, on such a day as this. In rain, or snow, or burning heat, it might be rather trying. And then, of course, in the old days we should not have had it all snugly to ourselves like this; which makes such a difference."

On they drove, free of houses at last, or passing only isolated farms, little villages, and sleepy country towns. The trees were in all the exquisite beauty of early June, and the Norwegians, accustomed to less varied foliage, were enthusiastic in their admiration.

"If we can beat you in mountains, you can certainly beat us in trees!" cried Sigrid, her blue eyes bright with happiness.

At last, after a great deal of tea and bread and butter had been consumed, they mounted the coach again, leaving a sort of reflection of their happiness in the hearts of the people of the inn.

"There's merry-makers and merry-makers," remarked the landlord, glancing after them; "yon's the right sort, and no mistake."

And now Mr. Boniface began to enjoy to the full his surprise. How he laughed when they implored him to say where they were going! How triumphant he was when the driver, who was as deaf as a post, utterly declined to answer leading questions put to him by Roy!

"I believe we are going to Helmstone, or some great watering-place, where we shall have to be proper and wear gloves," said Cecil.

This was received with groans.

"But to get a sight of the sea one would put up with glove-wearing," said Sigrid. "And we could, at any rate, walk out into the country, I suppose, for flowers."

At length Frithiof started to his feet with an eager exclamation.

"The sea!" he cried.

And sure enough, there in the distance, was the first glimpse of a long blue line, which made the hearts of the Norwegians throb with eager delight.

"It seems like being at home again," said Swanhild, while Frithiof seemed to drink in new life as the fresh salt wind blew once more upon him, bringing back to his mind the memory of many a perilous adventure in his free, careless boyhood.

"A big watering-place," groaned Roy. "I told you so. Houses, churches, a parade, and a pier; I can see them all."

"Where? where?" cried every one, while Mr. Boniface laughed quietly and rubbed his hands.

"Over there, to the left," said Roy.

"You prophet of evil!" cried Cecil, merrily; "we are turning quite away to the right. "How did you hear of this delightful place, father?" cried Cecil; "it is just perfect."

"Well, I saw it when you and Roy were in Norway two summers ago," said Mr. Boniface. "Mother and I drove out here from Southbourne, and took such a fancy to this farm that, like Captain Cuttle, we made a note of it, and kept it for a surprise party."

Mr. Horner, in his suburban villa, was at that very moment lamenting his cousin's absurd extravagance.

"He was always wanting in common sense, poor fellow," observed Mrs. Horner. "But to hire a coach and four just to take into the country his own family and that criminal's children, and those precious Norwegians, who apparently think themselves on a level with the highest in the land—that beats everything! I suppose he'll be wanting to hire a palace for them next bank holiday!"

As a matter of fact, the farmhouse accommodation was rather limited, but no one cared about that. Though the rooms were small they had a most delicious smell of the country about them, and every one, moreover, was in a humor to be as much out-of-doors as possible.

To Roy those days were idyllic; and Sigrid, too, began to understand for the first time that he was something more to her than Frithiof's friend. The two were much together.

They sat down to rest in a little sheltered nook under the high chalk cliffs, and it was there that he poured out to her the confession of his love, being so completely carried away that for once words came readily to his lips, so that Sigrid was almost frightened by his eagerness. How different was this from Trovald Lundgren's proposal!

What was it that had made everything so bright to her since then? Was it not the goodness of the man beside her—the man who had saved her brother's life—who had brought them together once more—who now loved her and asked for her love?

When at last he paused, waiting for her reply, she was for a minute or two quite silent; still her face reassured Roy, and he was not without hope, so that the waiting-time was not intolerable to him.

"If it were only myself to be thought about," she said at length, "I might perhaps give you an answer more readily. But, you see, there are other people to be considered."

The admission she had made sent a throb of delight to Roy's heart. Once sure of her love he dreaded no obstacles.

"You are thinking of Frithiof," he said. "And of course I would never ask you to leave him; but there would be no need. If you could love me—if you will be my wife—you would be much freer than you now are to help him."

But of this she was not quite sure. All had come upon her so suddenly that she felt as if she must have time to think it out quietly before making a definite promise.

"Give me a fortnight," she said, "and then I will let you have my answer. It would not be fair to either of us if I spoke hastily when so much is at stake."

Roy could not complain of this suggestion; it was much that he was able at least to plead his own case with Sigrid, and in her frank, blue eyes there lurked something which told him that he need fear no more.

Meanwhile time sped on, and, unheeded by these two, the tide was coming in. They were so absorbed in their own affairs that it was not until a wave swept right into the little bay, leaving a foam wreath almost at their feet, that they realized their danger. With a quick exclamation, Roy started up.

"What have I been thinking of?" he cried, in dismay. "Why, we are cut off!"

Sigrid sprung forward and glanced at Britling Gap. It was too true. Return was absolutely impossible.

"We could never swim such a distance," she said. And turning, she glanced toward the steep white cliff above.

"And that, too, is utterly impossible," said Roy. "Our only hope is in some pleasure-boat passing. Stay, I have an idea."

Hastily opening his knife, he began to scoop out footholds in the chalk. He saw that their sole chance lay in making a standing-place out of reach of the water, and he worked with all his might, first securing a place for the feet, then, higher up, scooping holes for the hands to cling to; he spoke little; his mind was too full of a torturing sense of blame, a bitter indignation with himself for allowing his very love to blind him to such a danger.

In their terrible position all sense of time left them; they could not tell whether it was for minutes or for hours that they had clung to their frail refuge, when at length a shout from above reached their ears.

"Courage!" cried a voice. "A boat is coming to your help. Hold on!"

It was Frithiof who had first discovered them; the rest of the party, after seeing over the light-house, had wandered along the cliffs talking to an old sailor, and, Lance being seized with a desire to see over the edge, Frithiof had set Cecil's mind at rest by lying down with the little fellow, and holding him securely while he glanced down the sheer descent to the sea. A little further on, to the left, he suddenly perceived to his horror the two clinging figures, and at once recognized them. Dragging the child back, he sprung up and seized the old sailor's arm, interrupting a long-winded story to which Mr. Boniface was listening.

"There are two people down there, cut off by the tide," he said. "What is the quickest way to reach them?"

"Good Lord!" cried the old man; "why, there'll be naught quicker than a boat at Britling Gap, or ropes brought from there and let down."

"Tell them help is coming," said Frithiof. "I will row round."

At Britling Gap not a soul was in sight, and he dared not waste time in seeking help. The boat was in its usual place on the beach. He shoved it out to sea, sprung into it, paused only to fling off his coat, then with desperate energy pulled toward the place where Roy and Sigrid awaited their rescuer with fast-failing strength.

How his pulses throbbed when at length he caught sight of Sigrid's figure! and with what skill he guided his boat toward the cliff, shouting out encouragement and warning! The two were both so stiff and exhausted that it was no easy task to get them down into the boat, but he managed it somehow, and a glad cheer from above showed that the watchers were following their every movement with eager sympathy.

"Let us walk back quickly," said Mr. Boniface, "that we may be ready to meet them," and with an intensity of relief they hurried back to Britling Gap, arriving just in time to greet the three as they walked up the beach. Sigrid, though rather pale and exhausted, seemed little the worse for the adventure, and a glad color flooded her cheeks when Mr. Boniface turned to Frithiof and, grasping his hand, thanked him warmly for what he had done. Cecil said scarcely anything; she could hardly trust herself to speak, but her heart beat fast as, glancing at Frithiof, she saw on his face the bright look which made him once more like the Frithiof she had met long ago at Bergen.

(To be continued.)

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"I hadn't thought of the matter in exactly the light you suggest," replied the nervous youth. "You see, I'll be leaving a pretty good home, myself."

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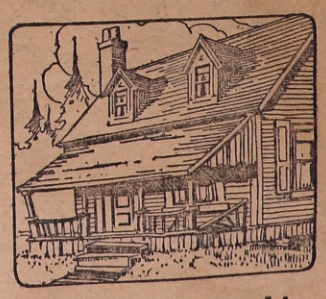

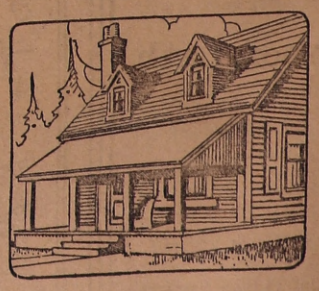

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The Upper Athabaska Region Offers New Delights

The rapid linking together of the Grand Trunk Pacific to form a new transcontinental highway across central Canada opens another hinterland for the tourist. It makes easy of access a vast new section of the Rockies in central Alberta and the sunset province, and of all this area it is doubtful if there is a more interesting and inviting region than that embraced by the upper watershed of the Athabaska River and its several southern tributaries. The natural starting point for tourists intending to visit any of this county is Fitzhugh, a picturesquely situated frontier town in Jasper Park, some two hundred and fifty miles west of Edmonton.

How little of this region has been actually trodden by white men is evidenced by the fact that only four short summers ago the largest sheet of water on the entire east slope of the Rockies was found in its recesses. This beautiful mountain lake, some seventeen miles in length and lying between green wooded slopes, forms a broad expansion of the Maligne River, and resembles a Scotch tarn in its far melting vistas of water and crag. This lake is some thirty miles southeast of Fitzhugh, and twenty miles farther south is another large lake, where the trout fishing is excellent. The latter body of water forms the chief source of the Brazeau River. To the west of it, in Alpine grandeur, lies the region of wild, lofty peaks, dominated by Mount Alberta, where enormous glaciers give birth to the Athabaska and North Saskatchewan rivers.

This region is also a noted game country. It lies far enough north to have escaped in part, during recent years, the far searching reach of the Stoney Indian; bears of all kinds are still fairly numerous; the sheep (and more especially the goat) hunting, is good, while scattered moose, deer, and even elk may be occasionally seen.

Meantime the crying need of the district, for tourists and fire-ranger alike, is the need for more and better trails. Hence, to provide a good and adequate system of trails will be the first and constant effort of the Dominion Forestry Branch in carrying out its recently assumed duty of administering this region, so as to protect its forests from fire and make every auxiliary resource contribute its part to the public welfare. During the present season, the rangers in charge made a good start on this work, and next year it will be again pushed with vigor. Already, between Laggan or Morley on the C. P. R., and Fitzhugh, an old through trail is in existence; a trail which promises to be a very popular Alpine tourist route when improved. It traverses the Brazeau, Clearwater and Bow River Forests and everywhere its improvement will be promptly undertaken by the Forestry Branch.

The scenery in this upper Athabaska country is varied and beautiful in its colour effects, and specially so in early autumn. From the deep green carpet of pine and spruce on the valley floor, the eye passes to intermingled belts of blushing gold poplar and light green lodgepole, fringed above the timber line by sombre masses of Alpine fir. Higher still, the warm reds and ochres of disintegrating ferruginous rocks form a Joseph's coat of many colours, while over all loom the background of mountain summits wrapped in their eternal snows.

A Calm View of Germs

We all know that we live in the midst of a countless army of invisible organisms, and that to them we owe many of our most painful and dangerous diseases. With regard to them we stand, as it were, between Scylla and Charybdis,—the Scylla of ignorance or indifference, and the Charybdis of worry and fear—and it is hard to say which is the worse. The germs are here, and therefore we ought to inform ourselves about them, and take proper precautions against them; but it is wrong to let ourselves be thrown into a panic. Common sense should remind us that in spite of the omnipresence of germs, infection of any sort is rare.

It is not necessary to become a monomaniac upon learning that money is generally "filthy lucre" in another than the Scriptural sense. We like to handle all we can of it, and generally do so with impunity. At the same time we know the germs are there, and we ought to remember that the human mouth was never intended as a receptacle for coin.

It is disagreeable to reflect that hands are usually dirty things, but it is true. The most scrupulous person cannot keep a sterilized hand, except by living in a rubber glove, and then the glove would be dirty! The human hand is meant to do things with; you cannot do anything without touching things, and that means contact with germs. But there is little danger if we keep our hands as clean as we can and observe a few simple precautions.

Most important of all, we can learn to keep our hands away from our faces. That is a rule that parents and teachers should teach the young in the habit-forming period of life. The hands should not even be used to wash the face with unless they have been thoroughly washed themselves, and the eyes should never be touched by them.

Finally, let other people's towels and brushes alone. That is a measure of protection you owe not only to yourself but to them.

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Hamilton temperance workers presented a petition to the Council for a by-law to cut off twenty-seven licenses.

The Cecilia, a small passenger steamer, was wrecked on Lake St. Louis, near Montreal, on Friday night last, and twelve persons were drowned.

You can judge somewhat of a man's character by noticing where he puts his hen-house—near his own dwelling and away from his neighbor's, or away from his own and near his neighbor's.

During the eight months that ended with August, Canada bought goods from the United States at the rate of a million dollars a day. This is twice as much as we bought from them three years ago.

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All kinds of dressed and undressed lumber on hand.

Also, Lath and Shingles of the very best quality.

J. W. HAIGHT.

Farms and Village Property For Sale

Farms situated in Rawdon, Hungerford and Thurlow, and two choice village properties.

A General Insurance business transacted. No fees charged on renewals or new business.

For full particulars write

W. S. MARTIN & SON
Stirling

Breeders

Insure you Live Stock Stallions, and in foal Mares.

Why risk the lives of your high bred stock, or the life of a valuable mare and foal, when a policy in the

General Animals Insurance Co. of Canada

Will protect them. For full information as to rates, write or apply to

MORDEN BIRD,
Agent, Stirling

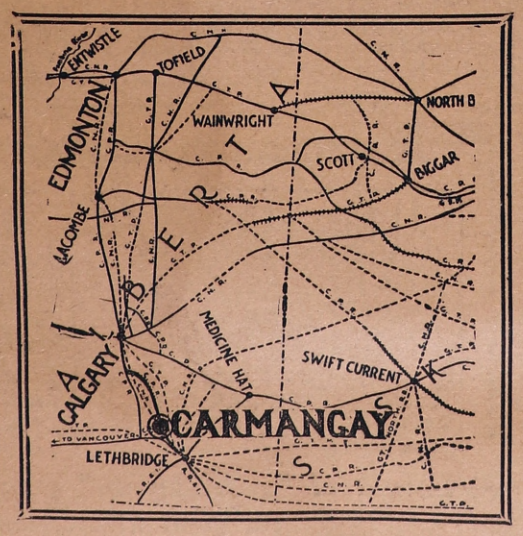
Representing first-class Fire, Accident and Health Insurance Companies,

SOUTHERN ALBERTA, THE SUNNY AND THE GOLDEN

CARMANGAY

NATURE'S FAVORITE

Nature made the future of Carmangay absolutely certain. Agriculture and industry must follow when Nature shows the way.



CARMANGAY has the finest climate in Canada.

CARMANGAY has the purest water supply in the Western Prairies. The railroads appreciate this, as the water is free from alkali, and they have planned accordingly.

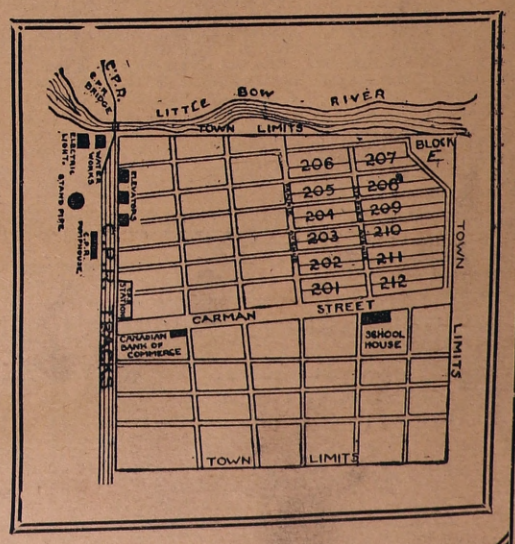
CARMANGAY has abundant coal within a few miles. Again the railroads appreciate this. Industries must go where coal and railroads join. Pittsburg, Pa., is an example.

CARMANGAY has inexhaustible quarries of the finest building material.

CARMANGAY has two banks, although the present population is but five hundred. The bankers know what is coming, and also that the first comers will reap the rewards of foresight.

CARMANGAY has a $60,000 school. Others will soon be required.

CARMANGAY has three large elevators, and plans for others are completed.



CARMANGAY is on the main line of the Canadian Pacific from Calgary to Lethbridge. This line was completed only five months ago, which accounts for the fact that property in this most desirable townsite in Southern Alberta is now available. We strongly recommend our clients to act promptly, as Carmangay offers such an unusual opportunity for investment that Western buyers will rapidly take up the remaining lots within the town limits.

We wish to impress upon our friends that the Carmangay property is not a subdivision. It is a portion of the original townsite, and is indicated by the words "Block E" in the diagram. It will be noted that the property is within the town limits, and adjoining the best residential district. We repeat, quick action is necessary. To our clients for whom we have made money in the past this recommendation from us will be sufficient incentive for promptness.

Please write name and address plainly in coupon in opposite corner, and mail without delay. Allotments will be made in the order that applications are received. First come, first served.

WESTERN CANADA REAL ESTATE CO.
502 TEMPLE BUILDING, TORONTO

The Western Canada Real Estate Company
502 Temple Building, Toronto

Please mail me descriptive folder on Carmangay.

Name .....

Address .....

THE STIRLING NEWS-ARGUS.

$1.00 PER ANNUM IN ADVANCE. $1.25 IF NOT PAID IN ADVANCE.

STIRLING, HASTINGS COUNTY, ONT., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 14, 1912.

Vol. XXXIV, No. 9.

Our Motto: Best Quality

Better Value, Best Service

One price to all, marked in plain figures,—it helps the busy business, saves time in selling, and helps to make long friends ahd reguler customers.

We Try to Get the Best and Most Up-to-Date Goods to Offer You.

WE WOULD LIKE TO INTRODUCE you to our New Lines for Fall and Winter in English, Scotch and Canadian Suitings, Black and Blue Worsteds. We make Suits to your order at.....$15.00 up to $25.00

Men's Furnishings

New creations in Hats, Caps, Underwear, Gloves, Mitts, Hosiery, Coat Sweaters.

FURS for Ladies and Gentlemen—Fur Coats, Fur-lined Coats, Stoles, Ruffs, Muffs, etc.

Take a look anyway, at

FRED. T. WARD'S,

MEN'S WEAR SPECIALIST

COOK & FOX

"THE STORE OF QUALITY"

DRESS GOODS

Of exceptional worth and merit at our popular low prices.

ALL WOOL SERGES—In Navy and Black, in Suiting Serges, Coating Serges, Whipcords and French Serges in medium and heavy weights; also, Heavy Diagonal Serge in Black, Navy, Tan and Gray, now in such great demand for Tailored Suits. Prices, 50, 75, 90c., $1.00, $1.25, $1.50, $1.75 yd

POPULAR GRAY AND BROWN SUITINGS—Including Scotch Homespuns, English and Scotch Tweeds, Diagonal Weaves, etc, in pretty stripes and mixtures. Heavy and medium weights.....50c. to $1.50 per yd

TRIMMINGS

We carry a complete stock of Dress Trimmings to match all Suitings, including the new large Ivory and Novelty Buttons, Crochet Buttons, new Laces, Lace Sets, Overlaces, Bandings, etc. Also, new Silk SERGE LININGS. Do not spoil your suit with poor trimmings.

UNDERWEAR! UNDERWEAR!

Our values for Men, Women and Children are second to none, with an excellent showing to choose from.

SPECIALS

Ladies' Fall weight Vests and Drawers, Gray or White, fine even weave, correct weight, only.....25c

Natural and Bleached Wool, all sizes.....$1.00 to $1.60

CHILD'S AND MISSES' Vests and Drawers, very heavy, ribbed, regular value 35c., special.....25c

YARNS! YARNS! YARNS!

Note these prices. The quality is the best we can buy.

AVIATION WOOL, full weight, all colors, only.....10c. skein
BERLIN WOOL, plain and fancy shades, only.....8c. skein
BEEHIVE AND ANDULUSIAN YARN.....10c., 3 for 25c
SAXONY YARN, Black, White and Gray.....15c., 2 for 25c
SCOTCH FINGERING YARNS, very best quality, in Gray and Black, ...25c. skein
FACTORY YARNS, best on the market, fine even twist, two or three ply, ...15c. skein
SHETLAND FLOSS in white and colors.....4 for 25c

BROOMS

Do not fail to get one of our 35c. Brooms for.....25c

HONEY.—10 lb. Pail Pure Honey.....$1.00

FOWL! FOWL! FOWL!

If you want to get best proceeds from your Fowl, get our prices before selling, also shipping days. The following are our prices for delivery here Friday, Nov. 8th:

No. 1 Chicken ...12c. lb. Old Fowl....8c. lb.

HEADS ON ALL FEATHERS OFF NOT DRAWN MUST BE DRY PICKED

FREE.—Every Dish in our store to be given away absolutely Free. They do not cost you a cent. Save all of your checks and get as many as you can. Five per cent. rebate given on all purchases, sugar excluded.

Highest price for produce — Phone 43 — Goods promptly delivered

UNION BANK OF CANADA

Paid-up Capital, Reserve Fund and Undivided Profits (Over) $8,175,000
Total Assets (Over) $63,000,000

Save Systematically

Haphazard, occasional saving seldom accomplishes much. It's the steady, persistent, regular depositing of so many dollars a week, or month, or season, in the Union Bank of Canada, which makes one financially independent. The money accumulates all the more rapidly, too, because of the Interest which is added every six months.

Try it.

STIRLING BRANCH—W. S. MARTIN, Manager.

LONDON, ENG., BRANCH, 91 Lombard St., E.C. { F. W. ASHE, - - - Manager. G. M. C. HART SMITH, Assistant Manager.

Rawdon Council

Rawdon Town Hall, Nov. 4, 1912.

Council met pursuant to adjournment. Members all present. Minutes of last meeting read and adopted.

Moved by Mr. Hawkins, seconded by Mr. Haslett, that this Council give any of its members or the Clerk the authority to write off by their order any Statute Labor charged to any one by their presenting a certificate from Road-master that said work has been done.

Moved by Mr. Jeffs, seconded by Mr. Haslett, that Council go into a committee of the whole on By-laws, Mr. Hawkins in the chair. Carried.

By-law was read clause by clause.

Moved by Mr. Thompson, seconded by Mr. Jeffs, that Council resume. Carried.

By-law was read a third time, signed, sealed and numbered appointing Mr. McIntosh, of Stirling, Township Engineer.

Messrs. Montgomery, Hawkins and Thompson reported on the Lanigan bridge and the one in the second concession, lot 7, which they claimed to be unsafe.

Moved by Mr. Jeffs, seconded by Mr. Haslett, that the same committee have bridges rebuilt. Carried.

Moved by Montgomery, seconded by Mr. Thompson, that the following accounts be paid. Carried.

S. Russell registering By-law...$	2.00
S. S. McConib, 150 yds. gravel..	7.50
Elijah McMullen, repairing culvert.....	1.00
Geo. Merrick, work on road lot 21, con., 2.....	2.50
Thos. Ryan, attending John Cains while quarantined....	12.00
Samuel Mack, sheep killed.....	4.67
Seymour township ½ job on town line and Cape Diamond Hill less ½ previous job	131.37

Council adjourned to meet Monday Dec. 16th, at 10 o'clock a.m.

W. F. BATEMAN, Clerk.

Double Drowning at Campbellford

On Friday last two children of Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Doxee, of Campbellford, were accidently drowned in the Trent river. The children were two and four years of age.

It is supposed that while Mrs. Doxsee was preparing the midday meal the children Don and Max were outside playing ball along the river above the dam. Evidently the ball went into the water and the two year old followed it. The four year old seeing the baby in the water, went to him, and thus the double tragedy occurred. Friends did not witness the drownings, but it is declared by some that a body was seen going over the dam below.

Non-Jury Sittings

In the High Court of Justice, non-jury sittings, which was held in Belleville this week, Hon. Mr. Justice Kelly presiding, a number of cases were settled by consent before coming to trial.

An action was brought by Mrs. Hogle on behalf of herself and child against the Canada Iron Mines Company, charging them with negligence on account of the death or her husband, caused by the bursting of a steam pipe by frost. Messrs. Porter and Carnew appeared on behalf of the widow, and Messrs. Northup and Ponton for the defendants. Judgment by consent was made for 1050.00 for the plaintiff.

A Grand Trunk employee named Hill was awarded $500 in his action against the Railway Co. for injuries sustained.

In August, 1910, John Wesley Jordan, of the 2nd of Thurlow, while acting as brakeman in the employ of the Grand Trunk was instantly killed at the switch on Pinnacle street below the Wharf street junction at night. Action was brought by the relatives, and finally a settlement has been reached. The railway pays to the plaintiff $375.00, who is also entitled to $250 from the benevolent fund.

If any farmer doubts the value of agricultural education when carried directly to the home, the barn and the field of the farmer, he should consider the case of France. Since that country established a practical system of agricultural education fifteen years ago, the value of the annual crops has increased by five hundred million dollars.

Sir Mackenzie Bowell

Men of both parties and of no party will join in congratulating Sir Mackenzie Bowell on his recovery from the serious illness caused by his accident.

A veteran in journalism and a veteran in Parliamentary life is Sir Mackenzie Bowell. He was learning printing in the Belleville Intelligencer when the rebellion of 1837, led by a newspaper man, broke out; he was a young man rising to a position of importance in the newspaper field when the historic struggle for responsible government was in progress. Ultimately he became editor and proprietor of the journal in which he was apprenticed as a printer.

His activities have been many. He was an enthusiastic militia man, helped to raise a rifle corps in 1858, did duty during the Fenian troubles of 1866, and retired in 1874 with the rank of lieutenant-colonel. He identified himself with the Orange order, and rose to some of its highest offices.

Sir Mackenzie Bowell's Parliamentary life dates from Confederation. His Ministerial career began in 1878. He held several offices, but was most closely identified with the Customs Department, in which he showed himself a patient and tireless worker.

The sudden death of Sir John Thompson in 1894 threw upon the shoulders of Sir Mackenzie Bowell an immense burden of responsibility and difficulty. As leader of the Government in the Senate he was the natural heir to the position of Prime Minister, and he was heir also to the troublesome Manitoba school question. Originating in the abolition of Seperate schools in Manitoba, this question made a notable progress through the courts, and finally knocked at the door of the Government and Parliament at Ottawa. There was a legend that Sir John Thompson knew a way of settling it, but if so the secret died with him. It was the sad fortune of the newspaper man to have to grapple with a question in which politics, religion, and constitutional law were intermingled in a puzzling way.

The Conservative Government, too, was approaching its decline. It had lost Macdonald, it had lost Abbott, it had lost Thompson, it had lost Thos. White. The Liberal party was strong. The fall of the Government was probably inevitable; the famous "Bolt," the resignation of half of Bowell's Ministry, dealt it a shattering blow, from which it never recovered. Deeply wounded by the desertion, Sir Mackenzie Bowell nevertheless fought loyally under the new leader, Sir Charles Tupper, and shared his fallen fortunes.

For many years he has been a picturesque figure at Ottawa, enjoying friendly relations with men of both parties, who like his blunt outspoken ways.—Toronto Star.

Donald—Little Nuptials

A very pretty wedding took place on Wednesday, Oct. 30th, at "Hillside Farm," the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Little, when their only daughter, Alice I., was married to Harvey M. Donald, son of Mr. and Mrs. James Donald, Stirling, in the presence of friends numbering about fifty. Rev. Mr. Hilts, of St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church, Stirling, officiated.

The bride, who was given away by her father, looked her best in a gown of white silk and tulle veil caught with a wreath of bridal roses, the only attendant being little Margaret Milne niece of the groom, who made a very pretty ring bearer, carrying a basket of bridal roses. The wedding march was played by Miss Eva Milne. During the signing of the register Miss B. Meiklejohn sang in her usual good style. The gifts were numerous and useful. The groom's gift to the bride was a gold watch and chain, and the bride's gift to the groom a signet ring. After luncheon the bridal party, amid showers of rice and confetti, left by motor for Campbellford, where they took the afternoon train en route for Port Hope and Toronto. On their return Mr. and Mrs. Donald will reside at "Hillside Farm."—Campbellford Herald.

"It is a pleasure to tell you that Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is the best cough medicine I have ever used," writes Mrs. Hugh Campbell, of Lavonia, Ga. "I have used it with all my children and the results have been highly satisfactory." For sale by all dealers.

Bank of Montreal

Established - 1817

CAPITAL, (ALL PAID).....$16,000,000.00
REST..... 16,000,000.00
UNDIVIDED PROFITS (April 30, 1912) 696,463.27

A General Banking Business transacted.

Stirling Branch
Bank Corner

T. F. BUTLER YEATS
Manager.

STERLING HALL

The MATHER-LUERY CO. LIMITED, announce herewith a mammoth going-out-of-business Sale. Their entire stock of DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, BOOTS & SHOES, LADIES' READY-TO-WEAR, CARPETS & RUGS, GROCERIES, CHINA AND GLASSWARE must be speedily cleared out at slaughter prices regardless of cost.

The Sale will start Saturday morning, Nov. 16th, and continue for 30 days.

The stock is fresh and up-to-date, largely bought for this Fall's and Winter's trade. Now is your opportunity to effect tremendous savings on your Fall and Winter wants.

For further particulars see large circulars.

Produce taken in exchange.

MATHER-LUERY COMPANY, LIMITED.

SPECIAL OFFER

THE NEWS-ARGUS to new subscribers to Dec. 31st, 1913, for only $1.00.

AN OPPORTUNITY

FOR A RELIABLE MAN IN STIRLING

A thoroughly responsible concern would like to get in touch with someone well known in STIRLING and district, someone who can follow up inquiries and intelligently present a high-class proposition. References required—must have someone who will not misrepresent—simply state facts. This is a permanent and highly profitable position for the right man. Apply

H. W. McCURDY, 502 Temple Building, Toronto, Ont.

ONLY A MONTH;

OR, A CURIOUS MYSTERY EXPLAINED.

CHAPTER XXIV.

Mr. Boniface insisted on keeping them all till the following day, when once more they enjoyed the delights of coaching, getting back to London in the cool of the evening, laden with wild roses, hawthorn, and the field flowers, which gladdened more than one of their neighbors' rooms in the model lodgings.

It was not till Wednesday in Whitsun week that Frithiof found himself in his old place behind the counter, and it took several days before they all got into working order again, for though the holiday had done them good, yet it was not very easy to get back into the routine of business. But by Monday everything was in clock-work order again, and even Mr. Horner, though ready enough at all times to grumble, could find nothing to make a fuss about. It happened that day that Mr. Horner was more in the shop than usual, for Roy had unexpectedly been obliged to go to Paris on business, and it chanced, much to his satisfaction, that, while Mr. Boniface was dining, Sardoni the tenor called to speak about a song. There was nothing that he enjoyed so much as interviewing any well-known singer; he seemed to gain a sort of reflected glory in the process, and Frithiof could hardly help smiling when at the close of the interview they passed through the shop, so comical was the obsequious manner of the little man toward the tall, jolly looking singer, and so curious the contrast between the excessive politeness of his tone to the visitor, and his curt command, "Open the door, Falck."

Frithiof opened the door promptly, but the tenor, whose mischevious eyes evidently took in everything that savored of fun, saw plainly enough that the Norseman, with his dignity of manner and nobility of bearing, deemed Mr. Horner as a man beneath contempt.

"Oh, by the way, Mr. Horner," he exclaimed, suddenly turning back just as he had left the shop; "I quite forgot to ask if you could oblige me with change for a five-pound note. I have tried to get it twice this morning, but change seems to be short."

"With the gleatest pleasure," said Mr. Horner, deferentially.

And, pushing past Frithiof, he himself deposited the note in the till and counted out five sovereigns, which he handed with a bow to Sardoni.

Then, with a friendly "good-day," the singer went out, and Mr. Horner, rubbing his hands with an air of great satisfaction, retired to Mr. Boniface's room.

The afternoon passed on just as hundreds of afternoons had passed before it, with the usual succession of customers, the usual round of monotonous work; there was nothing to mark it in any way, and no sense of coming evil made itself felt. In the most prosaic manner possible, Frithiof went out for the few minutes' stroll in the streets which he called tea-time. He was in good spirits, and as he walked along he thought of the days by the sea, and of the boating which he had so much enjoyed, living it all over again in this hot, dusty London, where June was far from delightful. Still, it was something to be out in the open air, to get a few moments of leisure and to stretch one's legs. He walked along pretty briskly, managing to get some little enjoyment out of his short respite; and this was well; for it was long before he could enjoy anything again in that unconcerned, free-hearted way. Yet nothing warned him of this; quite carelessly he pushed open the double swing-doors and re-entered the shop, glancing with surprise but with no special concern at the little group behind the counter. Mr. Horner was finding fault about something, but that was a very ordinary occurrence. A thin, grave-looking man stood listening attentively, and Mr. Boniface listened, too, with an expression of great trouble on his face. Looking up, he perceived Frithiof, and with an exclamation of relief came toward him.

"Here is Mr. Falck," he said; "who no doubt will be able to explain everything satisfactorily. A five-pound note has somehow disappeared from your till this afternoon, Frithiof; do you know anything about it?"

"It was certainly in the till when I last opened it," said Frithiof; "and that was only a few minutes before I went out."

"Very possibly," said Mr. Horner. "The question is whether it was there when you shut it again."

The tone even more than the words made Frithiof's blood boil.

"Sir," he said, furiously, "do you dare to insinuate that I—"

But Mr. Boniface laid a hand on his arm and interrupted him.

"Frithiof," he said, "you know quite well that I should as soon suspect my own son as you. But this note has disappeared in a very extraordinary way, while only you and Darnell were in the shop, and we must do our best to trace it out. I am sure you will help me in this disagreeable business by going through the ordinary form quietly."

Then, turning to the private detective who had been hastily called in by Mr. Horner, he suggested that they should come to his own room. Mr. Horner shut the door with an air of satisfaction. From the first he had detested the Norwegian, and now was delighted to feel that his dislike was justified.

Darnell was a rather handsome fellow, with a short dark beard and heavy mustache; he looked a trifle paler than usual, but was quiet and collected, perhaps a little upset at the unusual disturbance in the shop where for so long he had worked, yet without the faintest sign of personal uneasiness about him. Beside him stood the tall Norwegian, his fair skin showing all to plainly the burning color that had rushed to his face the instant he knew that he lay actually under suspicion of thieving.

"I will examine you first," said the detective; and Frithiof, seeing that there was no help for it, submitted with haughty composure to the indignity.

In solemn silence two pockets were turned inside out. The right-hand waistcoat pocket was apparently empty, but the careful detective turned that inside out too. Suddenly Mr. Boniface started forward with an ejaculation of astonishment.

"I told you so!" cried Mr. Horner, vehemently.

And Frithiof, roused to take notice, which before he had not condescended to do, looked down and saw a sight that made his heart stand still.

Carefully pinned to the inside of the pocket was a clean, fresh, five-pound note. He did not speak a word, but just stared at the thing in blank amusement. There was a painful silence. Surely it could be nothing but a bad dream!

He looked at the unconcerned detective, and at Mr. Horner's excited face, and at Mr. Boniface's expression of grief and perplexity. It was no dream; it was a most horrible reality—a reality which he was utterly incapable of explaining. With an instinct that there was yet one man present who trusted him, in spite of appearance, he made a step or two toward Mr. Boniface.

"Sir," he said, in great agitation, "I swear to you that I knew nothing of this. It has astounded me as much as it has surprised you. How it came there I can't say, but certainly I didn't put it there."

Mr. Boniface was silent, and glancing back Frithiof saw on the thin lips of the detective a very expressive smile. The sight almost maddened him. In the shock of the discovery he had turned very pale; now the violence of his wrath made him flush to the roots of his hair.

"If you didn't put it there, who did?" said Mr. Horner, indignantly. "Don't add to your sin, young man, by falsehood."

"I have never spoken a falsehood in my life; it is you who lie when you say that I put the note there," said Frithiof, hotly.

"My poor fellow," said Mr. Boniface, "I am heartily sorry for you, but you must own that appearances are against you."

"What! you too, sir!" cried Frithiof, his indignation giving place to heart-broken wonder.

The tone went to Mr. Boniface's heart.

"I think you did it quite unconsciously," he said. "I am sure you never could have taken it had you known what you were about. You did it in absence of mind—in a fit of temporary aberration. It is, perhaps, a mere result of your illness last summer, and no one would hold you responsible for it."

A horrible wave of doubt passed over Frithiof.

"No one in absence of mind could deliberately have pinned the note in," he said. "Besides, my head was perfectly clear—not even aching or tired."

"Quite so; I am glad that so far you own the truth," said Mr. Horner. "Make a free confession at once and we will not press the prosecution. You yielded to a sudden temptation, and, as we all know, have special reasons for needing money. Come, confess!"

"You are not bound to incriminate yourself," said the detective. "Still, what the gentleman suggests is by far the best course for you to take. There's not a jury in the land that would not give a verdict against you."

"I shall certainly not tell a lie to save open disgrace," said Frithiof. "The jury may say what it likes. God knows I am innocent."

The tone in which he said the last words made Mr. Boniface look at him more closely.

"Now I know that you are lying!" Mr. Horner cried; "don't add blasphemy to your crime. You are the most irreligious fellow I ever came across—a man who, to my certain knowledge, never attends any place of public worship; and do you dare to call God to witness for you?"

Nothing but the strong consciousness of this new Presence kept Frithiof from making a sharp retort. "God knows I am innocent," he repeated; "and only He can tell how the note got here; I can't."

"One word with you, if you please, Mr. Harris," said Robert Boniface. He led the way back to the shop, where, in low tones, he briefly gave the detective his own opinion of the case. He was sure that Frithiof firmly believed that he was telling the truth, but unable to doubt the evidence of his own senses, he was obliged to take up the plausible theory of temporary aberration. The detective shrugged his shoulders a little, and said it might possibly be so, but the young man seemed to him remarkably clear-headed. However, he accepted his fee and went off, and Mr. Boniface returned sadly enough to his room.

"You can go back to the shop, Darnell" he said.

The man bowed and withdrew, leaving Frithiof still standing half bewildered where the detective had left him, the cause of all his misery lying on the writing-table before him, just as fresh and crisp-looking as when it had been issued from the Bank of England.

"This has been a sad business, Frithiof," said Mr. Boniface, looking with his clear, kindly eyes at the young Norwegian. "But I am convinced that you had no idea what you were doing, and I should not dream of prosecuting you, or discharging you."

(To be continued.)

"MY STOMACH IS FINE

Since Taking Na-Dru-Co Dyspepsia Tablets"

Mrs. J. Merkhuger, Waterloo, Ont., enthusiastically recommends Na-Dru-Co Dyspepsia Tablets. Her experience with them, as she outlines it, explains why.

"I was greatly troubled with my stomach", she writes. "I had taken so much medicine that I might say to take any more would only be making it worse. My stomach just felt raw. I read of Na-Dru-Co Dyspepsia Tablets, and a lady friend told me they were very easy to take, so I thought I would give them a trial and really they worked wonders. Anyone having anything wrong with his stomach should give Na-Dru-Co Dyspepsia Tablets a trial, they will do the rest. My stomach is fine now and I can eat any food."

One of the many good features of Na-Dru-Co Dyspepsia Tablets is that they are so pleasant and easy to take. The relief they give from heartburn, flatulence, biliousness and dyspepsia is prompt and permanent. Try one after each meal—they'll make you feel like a new person.

50c. a box at your druggist's compounded by the National Drug and Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited, Montreal. 143

It's the CLEANEST, SIMPLEST, and BEST HOME DYE, one can buy--Why you don't even have to know what KIND of Cloth your Goods are made of.--So Mistakes are impossible.

Send for Free Color Card, Story Booklet, and Booklet giving results of Dyeing over other colors.

The JOHNSON-RICHARDSON CO., Limited. Montreal, Canada.

SAVED BY A BUOY—AND A BOY

How a Pleasure Trip Almost Ended In Disaster.

The yacht—it was a six-ton schooner, and belonged to a Mr. Carsdale—had put out from Manakau, New Zealand, on a pleasure trip up the coast. There were six aboard, the owner, his wife, a boy named Squires, who acted as "crew," two young girls, and a man friend of the skipper. It is the latter who tells the story in the Wide World Magazine:

The Miramar was sailed up through the narrow channel of the Aivitu River, between the boiling breakers on the bar, where ebbing tide and current meet the heavy Pacific swell. The wind was fair, and the boat went through on tip-toe, and a half-mile up the river.

Then the wind suddenly fell flat, the sails slatted idly, and the yacht began to drift with the hurrying tide back toward the reef and the breakers.

The word was given to drop anchor, and young Squires let it go. The chain rattled through the hawse to the very end, and then fell with a splash into the water. Harry Squires, set to chip rust from the cable that morning, had removed the shackle-bar from the ring-bolt, and forgotten to replace it! Anchor and cable were gone forever, and on the breast of a five-knot current the yacht was racing down to the bar!

In that tumble of angry water, among jagged rocks and hard stretches of wave-pounded sand, the little Miramar could not live a minute, and some of the party—perhaps all—would surely lose their lives.

Young Squires alone had his wits about him. He seized a loose end of fishing-line, knotted it round his waist, kicked off his shoes, and went overboard.

Inside the reef, a hundred yards above the line of breakers, was moored a channel buoy. It was on the port, perhaps two hundred yards below the drifting Miramar. With a short, choppy stroke, Squires struck out for this buoy.

Could he reach it? Would the sag of the dragging line prove too much for him? Already the yacht was abreast of the buoy, and to the eager watchers the swimmer seemed to be flagging—and the white line of the surf was near. Mrs. Carsdale clung to her husband's neck, and the two girls wept in each other's arms.

Then suddenly we saw that Harry had judged his distance well, after all. He was above the buoy, and breasting the current bravely. We saw him turn, shoot down on the current, throw up an arm and grasp the ring of the buoy. As it swung over to his weight, he pulled himself up and sat astride. Hand over hand he hauled in the two-inch rope we had tied to the end of the fishing-line, took a half-hitch round the ring-bolt, and waved his hand to us.

We were saved, but it was a near thing. As we swung at the end of that line, the boil of water on the bar was hardly fifty yards away. Under our stern the water was smoothing to the curl of the first surf line.

We hung there for two hours, "serving" the swaying line with pocket-handkerchiefs against the chafe of the gunwale. All that time Harry remained astride of the buoy, watching the other end of the rope. Death was only a biscuit-toss away, but the rope held.

At last the tide turned, and as we floated up-stream we picked young Squires off his perch. Carsdale wrung his hand with tears in his eyes, and the ladies, weeping also, kissed him. The young scamp! I'll be sworn, he thought more of those kisses than of the sovereign I slipped into his palm!

CURE FOR DIABETES.

New Serum Said to Have Been Very Successful.

Eleven cases of diabetes, a disease which physicians have come to look upon as incurable, have been cured by the use of bacillus bulgaricus, a new serum, according to a statement made by Dr. J. Walter Beveridge, New York.

In making the announcement Dr. Beveridge disclaimed any sovereign cure for the disease had been discovered, but said he merely was setting forth the results of the work undertaken by a trio of physicians, consisting of himself, Dr. George Llemann, of Bellevue Hospital, and Dr. I. Horowitz.

The three physicians determined to make a test of the bulgaricus culture, which they obtained from Europe. The tried it in eighty cases of diabetes. Of these one showed four and nine-tenths per cent. of sugar in the blood at the start, and at the end of the third month there was less than one-tenth of one per cent. of sugar shown in the index. Eleven cases were cured absolutely in six months, and sixty showed marked improvement, said Dr. Beveridge.

The explanation of the action of the bacillus bulgaricus offered by Dr. Beveridge is that it has formed by a process of fermentation a nascent lactic acid, which is a natural cleanser and purifier of the digestive tract in conditions such as those which obtain in cases of diabetes.

"This is the first time a bacillus culture has been used successfully in the cure of a disease," said Dr. Beveridge. "I do not say that it is a sovereign cure for diabetes or any disease, but I do know what we have been able to do with it, and I am convinced that it may open up an entirely new field in medical research and progress. It is one of the most important discoveries in medicine of the present generation."

PERRIN GLOVES

The best for all occasions.

Always suitable. Always stylish.

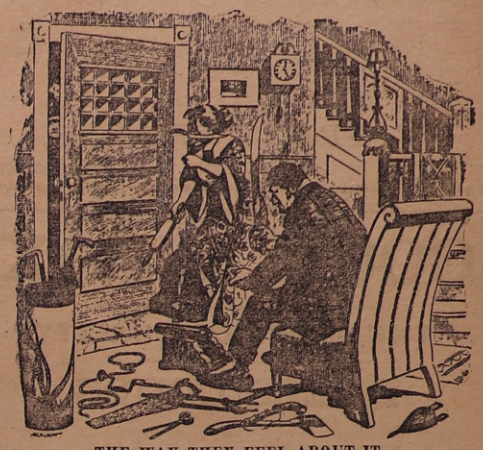
See that the trade mark is on every glove.

Great Britain uses 4,000,000 bales of raw cotton every year.

Throughout the world there are over six million members of Trades Unions in various nations.

There are sufficient places in the elementary schools of England and Wales for over 7,000,000 children

By a convention signed in 1904, the French in Newfoundland have an equal footing with British subjects.



THE WAY THEY FEEL ABOUT IT.

Waiting up until after midnight for the servant who promised to be in at ten o'clock.

THE 9TH ANNUAL ONTARIO HORTICULTURAL EXHIBITION

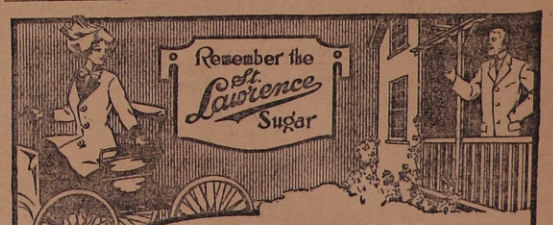
OPEN FROM 10 A.M. to 10 P.M.

FLOWERS, FRUIT, VEGETABLES, HONEY

THE ANNUAL SOCIAL EVENT

TORONTO, Nov. 12 to 16th

SINGLE RAILWAY FARES From All Points in Ontario

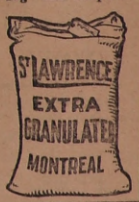


Try it—test it—see for yourself—that "St. Lawrence Granulated" is as choice a sugar as money can buy.

Get a 100 pound bag—or even a 20 pound bag—and compare "St. Lawrence" with any other high-grade granulated sugar.

Note the pure white color of "St. Lawrence"—its uniform grain—its diamond-like sparkle—its matchless sweetness. These are the signs of quality.

And Prof. Heracy's analysis is the proof of purity —"99 99/100 to 100% of pure cane sugar with no impurities whatever". Insist on having "ST. LAWRENCE GRANULATED" at your grocer's.



ST. LAWRENCE SUGAR REFINERIES LIMITED, MONTREAL. 66 A

MAXWELL'S

HIGH SPEED CHAMPION

Easiest running and most satisfactory washing machine made in Canada. Can be worked with side crank as well as top lever. Red Cypress Tub and the whole top opens up. Wash day is the easiest day of the week when you wash with the Maxwell "High Speed" Champion.

JEWEL FOOD CUTTER

is just what you need for your kitchen. So much easier, quicker and more convenient than cutting up meat, etc., with a knife.

"Jewel" is superior in every way to imported food choppers, and being made in Canada, costs less.

FAVORITE CHURN

makes the most delicious butter you ever tasted. It's real "quality" butter—that is a pleasure to eat.

Both hand and foot levers and roller bearings, enable a child to churn with the "Favourite". All sizes from ½ to 30 gallons

Write us for Catalogues, if your dealer does not handle these household necessities.

DAVID MAXWELL & SONS
ST. MARYS, Ont.

129

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

E. F. PARKER,

ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES, Stirling, Ont.

J. S. MORTON,

ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES

OPTICIAN, GRADUATE CANADIAN Ophthalmic College. Member Canadian Association of Opticians. Eyes examined and imperfect sight corrected with glasses.

CHAS. F. WALT, D.D.S., L.D.S.

FIRST CLASS HONOR GRADUATE IN Dentistry of the University of Toronto. Graduate of the Royal College of Dental Surgeons, of Ontario.

OFFICE—One door north of new Bank of Montreal.

Open every day. Evenings by appointment only.

G. G. THRASHER,

SOLICITOR, NOTARY PUBLIC, CONVEYANCER, &c. Office in W. S. Martin's Block, Mill Street.

PERSONALS.

W. H. Minchin who has been sick for a couple of weeks is now able to be out again.

Mrs. J. J. O'Leary, Oshawa, is spending a few days with her mother, Mrs. Robert Green.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Spry returned on Monday after spending the summer in the West.

Mr. John Shaw left on Saturday last for a holiday trip to northern Ontario, and also a visit to his son at Cobalt.

Mrs. Margaret Smith and Miss Susan Wescott, of Almont, Mich., are visiting their sister. Mrs. Reuben Hoard at Anson.

Mrs. C. J. Smith, Gananoque, who was on her return from the Green—Hughes wedding which event took place at the residence of Col. Sam Hughes, Lindsay, spent Thursday and Friday of last week at the rectory. Mrs. Smith is the mother of the groom.

En Route To A Grave

(WILLIAM HENRY DRUMMOND)

An eternal hymn of glory is the hum
along each rail,
Through the mountains, grim and hoary,
o'er the air suspended trail.
On through canyon, by the river, where
the spray is thrown on high,
Causing rocky banks to quiver as the
mighty force sweeps by.
Then o'er table-land, producing vast and
world-wide grain supply;
Down the mountain side, through sluicing, timber for a world doth hie.
Skirting margin of a bounding, commerce
bearing inland sea,
With the raging breakers sounding dirges
on a bouldered lee.
Then we speed toward "Royal Mountain"
where a friend of other days
Sleeps the sleep of sure awak'ning to the
tune of angel lays.

BRAMLEY KITE

East o'er the C.P.R.

Protest Against Whiskey Makers

The Rev. R. G. Peever, pastor of McLeod street Methodist church, Ottawa, at the monthly meeting of the Children's Aid Society, made allegations against a prominent Canadian whiskey producing firm, the Corby Company, which the society decided to ask the license inspector to investigate. Mr. Peever produced at the meeting a miniature bottle of the whiskey, which he alleges the firm are sending around free of charge to any youth, adult or minor, who sends in his name and address. He also put in a circular letter given him by a young boy, who also gave him the bottle. The letter states that a free bottle will be sent on request.

'This whiskey is given free distribution by the firm in order that children may cultivate a taste for it, which, of course, will naturally increase the firm's business,' asserted the minister.

After considerable discussion it was decided to consult the license inspector, and also call the attention of the Dominion Alliance to the matter.

The American people are drinking more whiskey and beer and smoking more cigars and cigarettes than ever before in their history. From July 1 to October 1, 1912, more than 3,800,000,000 cigarettes were smoked, an increase of 1,000,000,000 over the corresponding period of the previous year. The nation consumed 33,150,000 gallons of whiskey during July, August and September, an increase of 450,000 gallons as compared with that quarter of 1911, while nearly 950,000,000, cigars were smoked. A total of 19,800,000 barrels of beer were consumed during the three months, which was 330,000 barrels more than in the same period of 1911.

Don't waste your money buying strengthening plasters. Chamberlain's Liniment is cheaper and better. Dampen a piece of flannel with it and bind it over the affected parts and it will relieve the pain and soreness. For sale by all dealers.

THE RELIABLE GROCERY
AND CROCKERY STORE

The newest and freshest of Groceries always arriving here. It is not what you pay, but what you get.

Fresh Dates in bulk.....10c. or
.....3 lbs. for 25c
Fresh Dates, in pkg.....10c. pkg
Fresh Figs, in bulk, 15c. or 2 lbs. for 25c
Fresh Figs in pkg.....10c. pkg
Grape-Fruit.....10c. or 3 for 25c
Spanish Onions .....4c. lb
Common Onions.....35c. pk
Fresh Cranberries.....2 lbs. for 25c
Finest Salted Peanuts..... 20c. lb

For the quick dinner try a can of Campbell's Soup, only.....15c. can
Once tried always liked.

Finest Meats always fresh and sliced to suit the taste.

Try our Home Made Loaf of Hooper's Bread and you'll be back for more.

Bring us your Fresh Eggs.

All kinds of produce taken.

Salt for sale.

J. L. ASHLEY

Goods promptly delivered. Phone 51

ADVERTISING NOTICES

In the local column will be charged as follows: To Regular Advertisers.—Three lines and under, 25 cents each insertion; over three lines, 7c. per line. Matter set in larger than the ordinary type, 10c. per line.

To Transient Advertisers.—10c. per line each insertion. No insertion less than 25c.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE.

Trains call at Stirling station as follows:—

GOING WEST.	GOING EAST.
Mail & Ex...6.03 a. m.	Passenger...10.17 a. m
Passenger...6.45 p. m.	Mail & Ex...3.31 p. m

The Stirling News-Argus.

THURSDAY, NOV. 14, 1912

LOCAL MATTERS.

Sine creamery will commence operations for the season of 1912—13 on Wednesday, Nov. 20th.

The annual Christmas Entertainment at St. Thomas' Church, 8th line, Rawdon, will be held on the evening of Dec. 20th.

A Poultry Breeders' Association has been organized in Belleville with a membership of 75, which they expect to increase to 500. Meetings will be held monthly to discuss up-to-date methods of handling poultry.

Mr. J. C. Dale, of Madoc, who has been Superintendent of the Methodist Sunday School in that town for forty years, was presented with an address and a gold-headed cane, suitably engraved, on Sunday, Nov. 3rd.

The weekly market reports and doings of Farm Conventions are two things that every farmer should, in his own interest, read carefully. The Weekly Sun, Toronto, the farmer's business paper, is away in the lead of all others when it comes to looking after the farmer's interests. To the farmer it is worth many times the subscription price.

Coming to Stirling on November 29th. The Campbellford Dramatic Co. From beginning to end of the programme you will enjoy a hearty laugh. It will be one of the very best plays ever given in the Stirling Opera House. In Campbellford numbers had to be refused admittance. Full particulars next week.

Postponed on Account of Weather

The auction sale of the property of Mrs. Barton Wellman, lot 2 in the 12th con. of Rawdon, which was to have taken place yesterday, could not be held on account of the inclement weather and has been postponed until Monday next, the 18th inst.

A Special Offer

The Globe, Toronto, (Canada's National Newspaper) Daily Edition, including the Saturday Illustrated Section, by mail to any address in Canada (Toronto excepted), United States or Great Britain, from date of receipt of order till April 1st, 1913, for one dollar.

Subscriptions received at the News-Argus Office.

Why Not Connect

We have received complaints recently with reference to to the fact that the C. N. R. train from Trenton northward, doees not connect at C. O. Jct. with the C. P. R. trains. Passengers for the C. P. R. arrive at C. O. Jct. just too late to make connections with the C. P. R. afternoon express and are compelled to wait until the next day, with consequent financial loss and irritating delay of time. The matter of making these two roads connect at C. O. Jct. should be taken up with the Dominion Railway Commission. It is rank injustice to the travelling public at present, and we do not think that the Commission would tolerate such a state of affairs if the matter was brought to their attention. —Havelock Standard.

A Live Chance

It is seldom we can offer our local public a combination with our own paper and a big city daily at as low a bargain price as we now are able to do.

We have made an extraordinary arrangement with The Toronto Daily Mail and Empire, by which we are able to offer it in conjunction with our own paper—the two together—from now until April 1st, 1913, for $1.15.

This period will mainly cover the approaching Sessions of the Dominion Parliament and the Ontario Legislature, and perhaps the Balkan War to its termination.

The above period promises to be very interesting and full of stirring news, so we advise early subscription, which means greatest value.

Send all orders to office of this paper.

A novel sentence was given in a Vancouver, B. C., court the other day. Convicted of manslaughter by killing men by careless driving of automobiles, two young chauffeurs were given novel sentences by Justice Clement. The accused were Hughes and Pollard, youths of twenty, and they agreed when the judge allowed them freedom on bonds to devote themselves during the next few years to working for the support of the widows and children of the men whom they killed. The two lads had already spent some time in jail and were penitent.

Methodist Church Anniversary

The anniversary services in connection with the Methodist Church in Stirling last Sabbath were very successful. The weather was propitious, and the congregations were larger than on former anniversary occasions. The preacher for the day was Rev. Dr. E. C. Laker, of Port Hope, whose clear, talented and inspiring sermons were thoroughly enjoyed and appreciated by the assembled audiences. Many have already expressed a desire to hear Dr. Laker on some future occasion, and will, if possible, give him a more coadial greeting.

The trustee board had asked for an offering of $600, and the splendid liberality of the people is shown by the fact that up to date the proceeds are $640. Of this amount the Sabbath School contributed $60.50.

The excellent selections so well rendered by the choir added materially to the enjoyment of the day.

A pleasing feature of the services was the presence of a large number of Presbyterians, whose services had been withdrawn for the day.

Short Courses in Agriculture

At the Agricultural Conferenc now being held in Toronto there are upwards of 400 delegates present representing Farmers' Institutes and Farmers' Clubs in Ontario.

Mr. C. F. Bailey, Asst. Deputy Minister of Agriculture addressed the delegates on "The work of the district representatives." He said there were now 30 representatives in the province and upwards of 100 short courses in stock judging, etc., would be put on throughout the coming winter. He also told of the work the representatives were doing in connection with school fairs and spoke of two he attended where the exhibits shown by the children exceeded the entries at the county fair, he also made mention of the 6 weeks' course in agriculture put on by the representatives in connection with the High Schools citing Hastings County, where at Stirling 52 were in attendance last winter.

A Memorable Celebration

Those who thought that the 5th of November had become a back number must have been agreeably surprised when at about ten o'clock Tuesday morning, crowds began to surge into our town from every direction. From whence they came and for what reason might be asked. The answer is easily given.

Orange Lodges from Stirling and the surrounding country had been invited to attend a dinner given by the congregation of St. John's church of which the Rev. Bro. B. F. Byers is rector. Stirling, Tanner's, Wellman's, Springbrook, Holloway and Frankford were all represented by their respective lodges.

The Clerk of the weather must certainly have been in favor of the proceedings, for that memorable date proved to be the only perfect day of the season and one and all joined in making it a day of joy and happiness. The town itself, gaily decorated with flags, proclaimed the fact that a loyal and patriotic body of people had assembled.

Dinner was served in the Opera House from 11 to 1.30, and the large number of six hundred people received attention in a manner which reflected great credit upon those in charge of so great an event.

The dinner having been served the different Lodges, each in charge of its director, formed in procession as far as the Baptist church, thence to main street and down Main to the park where stirring addresses were delivered by the Rev'ds. J. A. Hilts, (Presbyterian), L. S. Wight and J. A. Connell, (Methodist), J. Lyons and S. E. Morton, (Anglican) and R. Cooke, M.P.P. The chairman, Rev. B. F. Byers, in introducing the speakers stated that he was delighted to have such a fine body of men present to address such a large gathering.

The speeches were indeed inspiring and must certainly have made a profound impression upon the hearts of all those loyal and devout British subjects. All the speeches were very marked by the enthusiastic spirit of patriotism set forth in them. One speaker said, "We must stand shoulder to shoulder as loyal subjects of our beloved King, etc." Another, "A united people we must aim to be," again, "We do not seek to persecute any who differ from us in religious matters, our work is to uplift humanity," also "There must be one set of laws for all in this fair Dominion of ours—the sanctity of the home must be preserved."

A hearty vote of thanks was tendered the staff of workers of St. John's church congregation who proved themselves efficient in catering for such a large crowd.

The afternoon's proceedings were closed by the singing of the National Anthem.

The total receipts amounted to $240.

COM.

The fight against tuberculosis has great economic importance. One-fourth of all the sixty-five hundred families that last year sought aid of the New York Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor gave illness as the reason for their applications, and in a third of these cases—that is, a twelth of all the applications—the illness was tuberculosis.

The boy's appetite is often the source of amazement. If you would have such an appetite take Chamberlain's Tablets. They not only create a healthy appetite, but strengthen the stomach and enable it to do its work naturally. For sale by all dealers.

A Beautiful Picture

We notice in this week's issue of The Family Herald and Weekly Star, that the publishers have secured, as a premium picture for subscribers, another beautiful subject entitled "Mother's Treasures," a companion to the beautiful picture "Home Again," which they gave last year. Family Herald pictures are always good and it is said that "Mother's Treasures" is the best yet. It is truly wonderful what great value one receives for one dollar a year in The Family Herald and Weekly Star. It is a paper no home in Canada should be without. Every member of a family will find some part of it interesting, and alone well worth the year's subscription. The premium picture, "Mother's Treasures," is 23 by 26 inches, all ready for framing, and alone would sell in any art store at two dollars.

The Family Herald should do bigger business than ever this season.

Through Pullman Sleeping Car To Ottawa Via Grand Trunk Railway

The Grand Trunk Railway operate a through Pullman Sleeping Car (electric lighted) to Ottawa, leaving Toronto 10.45 p. m., daily.

Berth reservations and full particulars may be secured from nearest Grand Trunk Agent. A. F. McDonell, Agent, Stirling. Phone 6.

Announcement was made at the opening session of the Farmers' Institute that fall fairs will be held in connection with the schools of the Province.

Deaths

PARR.—In Seymour, on Nov. 12th, Anthony Parr, aged 86 years, 6 months and 19 days.

Auction Sales

SATURDAY, NOV. 16TH—At the residence of Mrs. Hamblin, Church Street, Stirling, two horses, farm implements, Household Furniture, and other articles. Sale at one o'clock p. m. Wm. Rodgers, Auctioneer.

SATURDAY, NOV. 23.—On the premises in Stirling, the House and lot on the east side of Henry St., the property of Wm. Gould. Also some house furniture. Sale at 2 o'clock, p. m. Wm. Rodgers, Auctioneer.

TUESDAY, NOV. 26.—On lot 24, con., 4, Rawdon, the farm stock and implements belonging to Mr. John Parks. Sale at 12.30, sharp. C. U. Clancy, Auctioneer.

Notice

All accounts due Coulter & Co. will be paid to R. P. Coulter. Customers will kindly call and settle by cash or note.

9-4 (Signed) R. P. COULTER

Taxidermy & Head Mounting

Specimens of all kinds mounted true to life. If interested write for prices.

DARWIN WHITE,
Scientific Taxidermist,
Smithfield, Ont.

Notice

After Nov. 15th, 1912, Morgan's Mill at Spring Brook will close down till Feb. 1st, 1913. All customers please take notice.

JOHN MORGAN.

For Sale

Fine High Grade Holstein Yearling Heifers, all coming in.

A. C. SINE,
8-2 Lot 8, con. 7, Rawdon.

For Sale

Three pure bred Ayshire Bulls. Apply to

W. J. HAGGERTY,
7-6w Stirling

Farmers Improve Your Stock

The undersigned has for service two pure bred Tamworth Boars, registered pedigree. Terms 75c.

Also, for sale, pure bred Tamworth pigs, either sex.

C. U. HEATH,
Lot 12, con. 7, Rawdon.

BLACKSMITH & WOOD SHOP TO LET

The shop on the south side of Front St. at the east end of bridge. Apply at the house to

MRS. SARAH A. JOYCE.

Poultry Wanted

The undersigned will ship Poultry every Tuesday until further notice. Highest market price paid. No moulting fowls taken.

Special shipping day for Turkeys, Geese and Ducks on Tesday, Nov. 26th.

T. J. THOMPSON
JOHN TANNER

THE IDEAL GROCERY
LUERY'S WEEKLY STORE NEWS

Why complain of the high cost of living? Eat Fresh Fish. We have them. The cheapest food you can get.

Fresh Salmon.....15c. lb
Finnan Haddies.....12½c. lb
Sweet Briar Fillets.....15c
Cod Fish.....10c. lb

All cleaned, ready for use.

Pickled Pigs' Hocks.....5c. lb
Head Cheese.....15c. or 2 lbs. for 25c
Clark's Pork and Beans, 5, 10, 12½c. tin
Heintz's Baked Beans with Pork and Tomato Sauce.....15c. tin
Cape Cod Cranberries, 15c. lb., 2 for 25c

Have a look at our new China. See our 5, 10, 15 and 25c. counters for Bargains.

The newest thing out—Royal Suhl, in Trays, Bon-bon dishes, Sugar and Cream sets, Biscuit Jars, Cocoa Pots, Salads, Cake Plates, Berry Sets.....25c. to $3.00

Glass Water Pitchers, reg. 35c. for 25c
Butter Crocks, from 25c. to.....90c

G. H. LUERY

Goods promptly delivered. Phone 18

Special Sale Notice!

On Saturday, November 16th, we will start one of our Great Sales to reduce our stock to make room for Christmas Goods.

NOTE SOME OF THE GREAT VALUES WE ARE GIVING

DRESS GOODS

300 Yards best quality all wool Tweed Dress Goods in small Plaids, Checks, and Tweed effects. Regular 50c. per yd., on sale at.....29c. per yd

PRINTS! PRINTS!

1000 yards best quality Prints, all this year's patterns in all colors. Regular 10 and 12½c. per yd., on sale at.....7c. per yd

LADIES' WINTER COATS

35 only, Ladies' Coats, good styles, best materials, from $8.50 to $11.00, all to be cleared at one price.....$5.98

BEST GROCERIES

ALWAYS ON HAND

We are selling Best Raisins.....3 lbs. for 25c

Bring us your Eggs and get highest price.

G. W. ANDERSON

Phone 29 Goods delivered promptly.

Do You Know The "Empress" Shoe For Ladies?

Do you know that it is about the most desirable lady's Shoe that can be bought?

We've a complete showing of the famous make. The Shoe is always in the forefront of fashion and enjoys a constantly increasing popularity. It would hardly be right to say this Shoe is in the style—it IS the style.

Prices $2.50 to $4 50, in Patents, Gun Metals and Tans.

We have a full stock of Men's and Women's Felt Footwear, Rubbers, Moccasins, etc., for Fall and Winter wear, at the lowest prices.

See our Winter Hosiery for Women and Children.

We are leaders in Hand Made work and Repairing.

J. W. BROWN

Reliable Boot and Shoe Merchant.

ROYAL JEWEL STEEL RANGES

Are as near perfection as modern mechanical skill can make them.

In fine appearance, and general efficiency they excel all others.

There are cheaper ranges made, but better ones **never.**

THE ROYAL JEWEL RANGE THE RANGE OF QUALITY

See this Range, examine its construction, and learn the many points in which it excels all others.

Ask for illustrated booklet containing full information in regard to the Royal Jewel. It will pay you to get it and read it.

JEWEL STOVES AND RANGES ARE MANUFACTURED BY
THE BURROW, STEWART & MILNE CO., LIMITED.
AT HAMILTON, ONT., AND ARE FOR SALE BY

McGee & Lagrow

THE END OF HER HOLIDAY

Despite the fact that she had before her a full fortnight of liberty from the City office, Miss Kate Harding arrived in Rillhampton with just a suggestion of dissatisfaction in her bearing.

And she had been looking forward so keenly, too, to this summer holiday. She had determined it was to be the most splendid fortnight she had ever known, and to that end had practised a wonderful range of economies to make her dream come true.

And now, here she was in Rillhampton, within sight and sound of the sea, with ample funds in her purse, and with the comforting knowledge that her outward appearance was beyond criticism, and yet she was not quite satisfied.

The reason of her discontent was to be found in the erratic behavior of Mr. Alfred Gibson, a young gentleman belonging to that walk of life usually referred to as "something in the City." To Mr. Gibson Kate was engaged.

All through June and July, Miss Harding and Mr. Gibson had fortified themselves against the langors of summer by looking ahead to the gorgeous time they were going to have at the seaside, with his mother as a convenient chaperon. And then, only the day before yesterday, Mr. Gibson had coughed, and remarked nervously:

"Yes, but I'm not sure that I'll be able to come, after all."

Pressed for a reason, he could only mutter confusedly about the claims of business and unexpected developments. And so it was that Miss Harding arrived alone in Rillhampton, resolving, without much hope of success, to do her best to secure the utmost enjoyment out of her holiday.

Affecting, even to herself, to be a lady of some social position, Miss Harding put her portmanteau into a cab, and drove from the station to secure a room. This pose of independent means was to be an innocent pretence which would do much towards making the holiday enjoyable.

A gay, flower-decked house on the sea-front attracted her attention, and she stopped the cab. In gracious tones she inquired about accommodation. The proprietress, a pleasant, elderly lady, came forward to her, and the upshot of the interview was that Miss Harding was enabled to indite an affectionate screed to Mr. Gibson that evening on notepaper embossed with the heading, "Seaview Boarding House, Rillhampton."

A week passed, and Miss Harding found that, in spite of the absence of her fiance, she was enjoying herself just as much as she had ever hoped. The boarding-house was filled with pleasant people, and they accepted Miss Harding as one of themselves.

"Another week of this," thought the girl with a sigh, "and then back to the hateful old City! Oh, how I shall hate leaving all this, to go back and be just a nobody, after the lovely time I'm having! Of course, there's Alfred," she reminded herself dutifully, "but to leave the sea and cliffs!"

And perhaps there was also something else from which Miss Harding, although she may have been hardly aware of it, would regret to part, and that something else was the personality of Mr. Harry Lester.

He was the son of the widowed proprietress of the boarding-house, and he assisted her in the management of the establishment. On him devolved the social arrangements, and he it was who organized excursions and tennis tournaments.

Miss Harding had liked him from the first. He had always taken care that she should miss no chance of enjoyment. He had always been to her perfectly respectful; still, he seemed always to make it his duty to wait on Miss Harding's pleasure, and the girl was grateful to him for it.

"Oh, how I shall hate going back to London again!" she remarked to him one evening, when her holiday was half-way through. "I'm sure it must be lovely here all the year round!"

"It is," he answered enthusiastically—"it's splendid! Even when the weather's stormy, I love to watch the grand old sea! It's glorious all the year round here!"

"It must be," she replied. "Oh, how I should like to live here always!"

"Then why don't you?" he asked.

They glanced at each other, and, for no very obvious reason, they both blushed a little.

"I mean," he hastened to say, "there are lots of wealthy people who have houses down here."

She nodded gently.

"Oh, one can't leave London altogether!" she said, after a moment, speaking with admirable carelessness.

Two more days passed quietly enough, save for two significant things—Miss Harding, not having received a letter from Mr. Gibson for three days, punished him by writing none to him, and, secondly, she found it necessary one night to gaze long at the ring on her finger, and then remark severely to herself:

"Just you remember, please, that you're an engaged girl! You've got no right to think so much of any other fellow!"

As time slipped by, Miss Harding's spirits began to get more and more depressed at the imminence of her departure.

"Only three more clear days!" remarked Mr. Lester to her, after dinner that evening. It thrilled her a little to note the tone of woefulness in his voice. "Three more clear days, and then I don't suppose we shall see you down here again till next year."

"Perhaps not even then," she replied.

"I wonder where you'll go for your honeymoon?" he said suddenly.

It was the first time he had ever made reference to the state of affairs to be deduced from her engagement-ring.

"Oh, it'll be years and years before that comes off!" she answered vaguely. "It's bound to be ages yet!"

"You believe in long engagements, then, Miss Harding?"

"Can't help it!" she said.

"But surely there's nothing else to prevent your wedding coming off as soon as you like? I fancy I can see it," he went on, in regretful humor—"St. George's, Hanover Square, eight bridesmaids, little pages in silk, brother officers of the bridegroom, fashionable reception, and all!"

"I never said Mr. Gibson was a military man!" she replied quickly.

"I guessed it," he said. "Of course, anyone can see—if you'll forgive me saying so—that you're of good family, and rich, and all that sort of thing! Young ladies in your position always marry officers—worse luck!" he concluded gloomily.

Miss Harding made no remark.

"Oh, well, I'm sure we shall all be extremely sorry when you leave us!" he said, reverting to the former topic. "My mother'll be absolutely heart-broken. You ought to hear all the nice things she says about you to me!"

"Yes. I do wish I hadn't got to go!" she replied wistfully. "Oh, why do summer holidays have to end?"

"Seems to me," he replied, with depth of feeling, "that everything jolly has to end before you've had near enough of it!"

She glanced at him, and found that his eyes were on her. She looked away again quickly.

"Did you get a letter this morning?" he asked, turning the conversation. "Let me see! He has not written for five days, has he?"

"No; he must be frightfully busy, of course," she said. "Otherwise nothing would have kept him from writing."

On the morrow there was again no letter from Mr. Gibson for her.

"Come! Don't be angry with him, Miss Harding," pleaded Mr. Lester. "He knows you'll be home again the day after to-morrow, and he's waiting to tell you everything instead of writing to you."

With the doleful day of her departure so close at hand, the girl spent the morning rather subdued-ly. In the afternoon there was a picnic in the woods, and Miss Harding strolled off by herself to gather wild flowers to press and take home as a memento of this never-to-be-forgotten holiday.

Presently she sat down and began to indulge in day-dreams. She felt that the trend of her thoughts was distinctly reprehensible, but could not deny herself the pleasure of roaming in a rosy world of imagination, where everything came right.

"Penny for your thoughts, Miss Harding!"

She looked up, startled. Lester was standing, looking down at her.

"Won't you accept the offer?" he asked, taking a seat beside her. "You were thinking of something that pleased you, anyway. Come—a whole penny!"

"Not for a thousand pounds!" she declared, shaking her head, and smiling a trifle guiltily.

Almost before she was aware of it he had taken her hand and kissed it.

"Mr. Lester!" she exclaimed, indignantly.

"I—I'm sorry!" he said, contritely. "I couldn't help it! You looked so adorable, and I—I just couldn't help it! Please try to forgive me. I must have been mad! It was presumption on my part. I ought to have remembered the difference in our stations. You're a young lady of birth, and I'm only a landlady's son. Please forgive me for forgetting that!"

"It wasn't that that I was thinking of," she replied. "You forget that I'm engaged. It wasn't straight! It wasn't fair to him or me either!"

"You're right!" he admitted. "It wasn't straight! Please forgive me."

Apparently she forgave him, for there appeared to be no rift in their good friendship for the rest of the day.

And that evening there was at last a letter from Mr. Gibson.

Miss Harding appeared to read the epistle with mixed feelings.

"He's coming down especially to see me to-morrow," she said—"coming down for the day."

Although the tidings ought to have brought her the keenest satisfaction, Miss Harding appeared to find considerable cause for thought in them.

"I shall have to confess everything to Mr. Lester," she reflected. "I'll have to tell him just who and what I am. It hasn't done any harm, me pretending to be someone special, but he's bound to learn the truth as soon as he sees Alfred. I may as well break it to him now. After all, there's only a day or two left now, and it can't make much difference if they do know all about me now."

After breakfast next morning, she approached Lester.

"I want to tell you something," she said. "You think I'm someone special, don't you? Well, I'm not! I'm only a typist in the City! I saved up for months for this holiday so's I could have a real good time. I'm just a poor nobody, really!"

"You are?" he exclaimed, genuinely astonished. "I should never have guessed that! I mean——"

"Yes; and my sweetheart isn't an officer. He's just a clerk in the City. So now you know!"

She turned and hurried away, with flushed, shamed face.

A couple of hours later, Mr. Gibson called to see her. They were alone for some while in the drawing-room, and then Miss Harding went up to her room, while Mr. Gibson, lighting a cigarette, strolled off along the front.

She came downstairs again just before lunch.

"I suppose you'll be saying goodbye to everything, Miss Harding?" said Lester, intercepting her. He seemed to have been awaiting her advent.

"I shall be awfully sorry to go!" she said. "I shall never have such a good time here as I've had this last fortnight. I shall always remember it."

"There's just one thing I wish I'd known, Miss Harding. You see, I thought you were rich and far above me. If I'd only known you, too, worked for a living——"

"Well?"

"Well, I honestly confess I should have done my best to cut out your sweetheart! I did forget you were engaged once, didn't I? I—I suppose there's no chance for me even now, is there? I love you! You must have guessed it. And if only you'd have me, you could easily live down here at the seaside always. You and I could help mother with this place. Is your fiance returning to lunch here, Miss Harding?"

"No," she replied softly; "he's—he's not coming back. You see, he came specially to see me to-day to tell me that he's—he's found someone he cares for much more than me, and to ask me to release him. And of course, I did release him."

She stopped, and lowered her eyes. He stood looking at her for a moment.

"Here! Just step into the office with me for a moment, will you?" he begged, excitedly. "There's no one in there."—London Answers.

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You will find it wonderfully refreshing

LIPTON'S TEA

It sustains and cheers

CONSTANTINOPLE.

The famous Mosque of St. Sophia, shaken recently by earthquake, now threatened by artillery of invaders, who will, however, spare the famous edifice if it is feasible.

ENGINE SANS BOILER.

Internal Combustion Has New Development.

An invention which promises to revolutionize power production for any purpose has just passed its first tests successfully. It is an engine driven by coal, without boiler or producer.

The inventor is a young man, Mr. A. M. Low, whose work, which practically gained for him his degree of doctor of science of London (England) University, took him seven years to perfect, and marks an important step in internal combustion engine development.

"Coal is burned inside the engine," Mr. Low explained to an "Express" representative recently, "producing gas. The coal is not turned into gas until the precise moment required for using. Thus the engine is absolutely safe, for ordinary gas will explode in the presence of naked lights.

"Other advantages are that it prevents waste, and takes up little space. An ordinary motor car, for instance, wastes about three-quarters of its energy.

"With the new engine a large proportion of this waste is used, so that it runs on about half the fuel of any known plant.

"In a ship like the Mauretania it would reduce the consumption of coal by 50 per cent. In the case of battleships the invention has valuable possibilities. My idea is to develop the engine for land and maritime uses."

Cause and Effect were Similar.

Emma sent her plate back three times to be filled with turkey, and was helped bountifully each time. Finally, she was observed to look regretfully at the unfinished portion of her dinner.

"What's the trouble, Emma?" asked Uncle John. "You look mournful."

"That's just the trouble," said Emma. "I am more'n full," and then she wondered why all the others laughed.

"Rascal" was a term originally applied in England to a lean and worthless deer.

Thin Bits of Corn Toasted to A delicate Light Brown—

Post Toasties

To be eaten with cream and sugar, or served with canned fruit poured over—either way insures a most delicious dish.

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TORONTO CORRESPONDENCE

INTERESTING GOSSIP FROM ONTARIO'S CAPITAL.

Sir George W. Ross at the Canadian Club—Senator Jaffray and Sir Mackenzie Bowell—The New Judge—Real Estate.

Sir George W. Ross does not often make public addresses now, but whenever he does he is sure of a large audience and rapt attendance. Nor does he ever disappoint expectations either in the matter of his addresses or the manner of his delivery, for he takes rank as one of the first, if not the very first, orator that this Province has produced.

The general esteem in which the former Premier is held was expressed on the occasion of his addressing the Canadian Club the other day by Mr. T. A. Russell, the presiding officer. It was not every one, he said, who could retire from high office to private life, and particularly to the Senate, and could retain such a grip on affairs and such influence with the public.

Sir George's subject was "The Panama Canal." He briefly traced its history and then referred at length to the various treaty obligations in connection therewith entered into by the United States, demonstrating clearly that up to the present year the United States, by the utterances of its public men and by unequivocal language in the most solemn treaties, has again and again declared that the Canal is to be open on equal terms to the subjects and citizens of all nations, and that there should be no discrimination against any. The action of the States now in seeking to exempt its own vessels from the terms of this treaty was inexplicable.

A Masterly Address.

Sir George's marshalling of the facts was masterly. It is the first time any Canadian of prominence has grappled with the issue in public, and Sir George did so fearlessly and forcefully. The address will, no doubt, furnish the cue for others. As to future action, Sir George advocated, first, vigorous protests from Parliament, second, an appeal to the Hague, and, lastly, if Uncle Sam refused to submit to the Hague, it was hinted that perhaps some form of retaliation might be made ceffctive. Sir George said he was opposed to retaliation except as a last resort.

The occasion was one of the high spots in the Canadian Club history. The luncheon hall was filled to overflowing, and though Sir George talked across the table," that is, from his seat, his voice carried to every part of the room and gave not the slightest indication of his seventy-one years or the thousand political battles he has braved.

Senator Jaffray of the Globe.

Beside Sir George sat a brother Senator, Hon. Robert Jaffray, who as another member of the old guard, furnishes another example of the remarkable vitality of Canadian public men. Senator Jaffray is over 80 years old, but he is literally as lively as a cricket.

Indeed, during the last ten years Senator Jaffray has been much more in the public eye than he was in earlier years. He takes the keenest personal interest in all public affairs, rarely missing any address at the Canadian Club, or elsewhere, for that matter, where any issue affecting Canada is under discussion.

It is perhaps not generally known that Senator Jaffray is the one man more than any other who stands for the Globe newspaper, and whom that paper represents. His nominal connection with it is that of Presidents of the company. There are, of course, other directors and shareholders and a number of editors, but the man who is the court of last appeal on any matter of detail or in matters of large general policy is the Senator.

Formerly, his attachment to the Globe was much more slender than it is now. He had other business interests—he has been in business in Toronto for sixty years—and the Globe was but a side line with him. He was content to leave its conduct to editors and department heads. But in recent years it has become more and more the engrossing object of his life and not a day passes that he does not spend several hours in its various departments.

A Boy at Ninety Years.

But in point of years the grand old man of Ontario public life is Sir Mackenzie Bowell. At the time this is written he is lying in the Wellesley private hospital in this city recovering from the effects of a fall. His physicians have not noted any disquieting symptoms, but he is so old they are almost afraid to say he will get altogether well again. If he lives until December 27 next he will be ninety years old. When he met with his recent accident he was on his way home to Belleville from a trip to the Pacific Coast. And when he travels he asks for no special concessions in the way of luxury either.

Though members of different political parties, Senator Jaffray and Sir Mackenzie Bowell are quite cronies. A year or two ago together they accompanied a press party to New Ontario and electrified every one by the activity and energy they showed in going down mines and climbing through the wilderness.

Canadian politics will furnish no more striking romance than that of Sir Mackenzie, who rose from printer's devil to be Premier of Canada, quite equalling Lincoln's from log cabin to White House.

Mr. Justice Hodgins.

The appointment of Frank E. Hodgins to a judgeship in the Court of Appeal is regarded by Liberals and Conservatives alike as an excellent appointment. As a lawyer he has been devoted to his profession and, in addition to ability as a counsel, he is generally recognized as having that quality so requisite to his present position, known as the judicial temperament. He is known to the public chiefly through his connection with various public inquiries, including the Ontario Government's License Investigation of five years ago, the New Ontario Bush Polls Investigation, the inquiry into overclassification on the Grand Trank Pacific construction, in which he acted as counsel for his cousin, Mayor Hodgins, and more recently in the Dominion Government's investigation into the affairs of the defunct Farmers' Bank.

In personal appearance he is tall and slight, with keen features. He is a high-minded type of citizen, and one of the leading laymen in the Anglican Church in Canada. Altogether he may be expected to maintain the high reputation of the Bench in this country. He is a product of the city where he was born and raised and has spent his entire life, excepting for vacations, which he has frequently spent in the old land.

Some Critics Here.

Not so unanimous is the approval of the elevation to a judgeship of Mr. James Leitch, formerly of Cornwall. The criticism finds root in dissatisfaction with his record as Chairman of the Ontario Railway Board, where he came in close contact with the public by reason of the frequent clashes between corporations and municipalities, which had to be decided. However, that position was one of peculiar difficulty, and while there is in some quarters a lurking suspicion that his translation to a new sphere may have some connection with the criticism his administration of the Railway Board has caused to be directed against the Government, his known abilities as a lawyer may make his appointment to a judgeship a good one.

"Welcome, Little Sister."

Just when most people were reconciling themselves to indefinite delay in the matterf of the annexation to the city of the town of North Toronto, owing to the stubborn opposition of a section of that municipality's citizens and threatened legal entanglements, along came a peremptory order of the Ontario Municipal Board and annexation is practically an accomplished fact. Thereby, Toronto adds at one stroke a population of 6,000 souls, and an area of 2,400 acres, including large tracts of vacant lands. The annexation opens the way for a more symmetrical development of the city's territory, for the new area is much nearer to the corner of King and Yonge streets than are the outlying eastern and western sections. It lies along Yonge street, up "over the hill," and where it has not been spoiled by cemeteries or inferior buildings, leads itself to development as a high class residential district. Indeed, it may interest those who are inclined to take a "flyer" in Toronto suburban real estate to know that the probabilities are that North Toronto subdivisions are likely to be the next to be built up. After them will probably come Mr. Home Smith's Humber Valley property.

Real Estate Still Booms.

One hears constantly the prediction that the reaction in real estate must come soon. But as yet there is no sign of the break. Perhaps it is the fact that so many persons are suspicious of a break and are consequently cautious that is permitting the period of advancing prices to continue so long.

The chief problem in connection with North Toronto's annexation will arise out of the street railway service. The town is served by the Metropolitan Railway branch of the York Radial, which is controlled by the Mackenzie interests, who also own the Toronto Street Railway, but it is a different gauge, so that interchange of cars is impossible. North Toronto passengers coming into the city have therefore to transfer and have also, as yet, to pay two fares. Needless to say, the railway people will keep on making them pay two fares as long as they can.

A Sunday Car Agitation.

The Metropolitan cannot run cars on Sunday, so that that section of the city is going to remain "dead" on that day unless and until a special Act of the Legislature is passed, changing the present law. It is expected that this will not be accomplished without opposition, though there are few people in Toronto now who do not use the street cars on Sunday, no matter how much they were opposed to them when they were inaugurated.

Fisheries in British Columbia produce $7,200,000 annually.

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WRECK OF ROYAL GEORGE

A Passenger Describes It and Tells of The Sudden Orders That Came Too Late.

A despatch from Quebec says: We picked up the pilot off Father Point on Wednesday, says a passenger on the Royal George. Quarantine and medical men arrived about four o'clock, and then the passengers went below to finish preparations for disembarking. A slight haze hung over the river, but lights were plainly visible and full speed was maintained. We had one of the oldest pilots on board, and no one thought of danger. Suddenly those on the upper deck heard a sharp cry: "Hard a-port," from one voice, and in the same breath, "Hard astern" from the pilot. A sudden check, followed by a wrenching, grinding, bumping motion, told of the futility of both orders. The Royal George was hard and fast on the rocks of the Isle of Orleans, about eight miles below Quebec, apparently held from stem to stern.

The reversed engines made no impression. There was no shadow of disorder or confusion on board. The officers went about their duties quietly, and it was difficult to believe that a shipwreck had occurred. Unquestionably the pilot must have mistaken a bright light on the Island for one of his lights and simply laid the ship's bow on across the Rocks. The boats were swung outside as a precautionary measure, and then the order came to prepare to transfer to tugs.

Fearful of Listing.

The tide was at full when she struck. As it began to recede there was possibility of serious listing and a possible catastrophe. In view of this danger and the rapidly receding tide, the coming of the tugs seemed long delayed. Finally about 10 p.m., the old ferryboat North came alongside. But the tide was out, and she could not transfer. About midnight she stood by and about half the passengers were placed on board.

On the way up the river another ship-wreck and tragedy was averted by a hairsbreadth. There is an occasion to discuss that event. The Franch-Canadian, as a skilful navigating officer on a night as black as Egypt, is not impressive. There were shouts of "Sans Vapare" from the bridge that did not impress a dull engineer. The ferry was old and shakv, and the sleet and rain beat in or dropped through the porous sailcloth covering, and through it all women and children huddled without semblance of fear or panic, with no murmur, no cries, and no visible dread, save the drawn face and the tears of a mother hastily concealed, as she held her babe and drew her little boy to her side.

The Women Were Brave.

The British soldier and the British sailor have been extolled. I cannot express my admiration for the British woman. She is the very essence of self-control in an emergency and a model of discipline. Some of the officers feared a crush when the dock was reached. The old ferry not only reached the dock, she crashed into it, and lurched back. Two or three women laughed quietly and held their babes closer. Old men swore quietly at the haphazard carelessness with an overloaded rotten scow. Then the passengers filed out and the ferry started back for the four hundred who stopped behind without a complaint to spend a sleepless night on a stranded vessel. Apparently the only excited person in evidence was a portly Yankee, who took care to be first on shore, and he was palpably and ostentatiously first down the gang plank to the ferry. His trembling limbs and nerve-twisted features only emphasized the worth of a British woman and a British mother.

THE NEWS IN A PARAGRAPH

HAPPENINGS FROM ALL OVER THE GLOBE IN A NUTSHELL.

Canada, the Empire and the World in General Before Your Eyes.

Canada.

Louis Cyr, Canada's strong man, died at Montreal on Sunday.

A waterworks by-law was carried in Sarnia by a large majority.

A small bag containing $475 was stolen at a Toronto branch post-office.

Thos. Hunter was fatally shot with his own gun while duck-hunting near Lindsay.

Bishop Stringer is to undergo an operation for appendicitis at the Toronto General Hospital.

Simon Bryne, a lineman, met instant death while at work on an arc light pole at Kingston on Friday.

Extracts said to contain the properties of intoxicating liquors are being advertised in local option districts.

Captain M. Ironsides of Sarnia died of blood-poisoning a week after his leg had become caught in a cable.

A stray bullet killed James Cammell, near Folger station, on the K. & P. Railway, as he was sitting in his own house.

Henry Harding, a veteran member of the 13th Regiment and of the Volunteer Fire Brigade, died at Hamilton, aged 80 years.

The Marconi Company concluded an agreement with the Dominion Government regarding wireless stations on the great lakes.

Robert W. Shepherd, for thirty-five years manager of the Ottawa River Navigation Company, died suddenly at Montreal on Friday.

Guiseppe Portatelli, charged with the murder of Michele Fazzara at Guelph on October 27, was committed for trial at the Spring Assizes.

Another railway for Canada is promised by a syndicate of English and continental financiers, to be built from the Pacific to Hudson Bay.

Two children of Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Doxsee of Campbellford, aged four and two years, respectively, were drowned in the Trent River by their home.

Great Britain.

Lord Furness, the English shipbuilder, is dead.

Mr. Winston Churchill, in a speech at the Mansion House, London, told of the reorganization of the navy.

Sir Edmund Grey, in the House of Commons, stated that the right to formulate terms of peace lay with the victors.

The Irish representations at Westminster, after home rule passes, was definitely fixed at 42, an amendment to the clause containing this provision being defeated.

United States.

The women's suffrage movement succeeded in carrying four States in the Presidential elections.

A plot to dynamite the Jackson State prison was unearthed just in time to prevent its consummation.

General.

The head of the Turkish hierarchy has issued an appeal for a holy war.

The Turkish officers in Constantinople urged the Grand Vizier to continue the war.

CURE FOR TUBERCULOSIS.

Berlin Doctor Injects Benevolent Bacilli.

A despatch from Berlin, Germany, says: At a meeting of the Berlin Medical Society on Wednesday Dr. Frederich F. Friedmann announced the discovery of what he believed to be a practical cure for every form of tuberculosis. He exhibited cured patients and declared that he had treated 682 cases by his method with invariable improvement and almost invariably complete cures. Prominent physicians testified to successes by this method in their own practice. Dr. Friedmann injects living tubercle bacilli which have been rendered benevolent.

THE DOMINION'S FINANCES

October Financial Statement Reflects the Nation's Prosperity.

A despatch from Ottawa says: Prosperity in large measure continues as the predominant feature indicated by the Dominion financial statement which, for the month of October, was issued on Friday. Consolidated revenue in the month aggregated $14,758,946, an increase of over $2,000,000 over the corresponding month of last year. For the seven months ended October 31st the aggregate revenue was $96,137,597, as against $76,291,178 in the same months of last year, an increase of $20,000,000. At the present rate the total revenue of the year is likely to go over $160,000,000 and eclipse all records. All sources of revenue contribute to this magnificent showing, but Customs, with a sixteen-million increase, and excise, with a two-million increase in the seven months are the main factors. The expenditure on consolidated account in the seven months was $51,275,393, an increase of $11,000,000, and on capital account $12,000,000, a decrease of $2,000,000 compared with last year. During October the net debt was decreased by $4,022,000.

PRICES OF FARM PRODUCTS

REPORTS FROM THE LEADING TRADE CENTRES OF AMERICA.

Prices of Cattle, Grain, Cheese and Other Produce at Home and Abroad.

Breadstuffs.

Toronto, Nov. 12.—Flour—Ninety per cent. patents, $4 to $4.10. Manitobas, $5.50 for first patents, $5 for seconds and $4.80 for strong bakers'.

Manitoba Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 93 1-2c, Bay ports; No. 2 at 91c, and No. 3 at 89c, Bay ports. Feed wheat, 65c, Bay ports.

Ontario Wheat—No. 2 new white and red wheat, 96 to 97c, outside, and sprouted, 89 to 85c, outside.

Oats—No. 2 Ontario, 39 to 40c, outside, and 43c on track, Toronto; No. 3 Ontario, 37 to 38c, outside. Western Canada oats, 43c for No. 2, and at 42c for No. 3.

Peas—No. 2 at $1.10.

Barley—Forty-eight lb barley of good quality, 65 to 67c, outside.

Corn—No. 2 old American, 67c, all rail, Toronto, and No. 3 at 66c, all rail, Toronto, and No. 3 at 66c, all rail. No. 3, Bay ports, 63c. New corn, December delivery, 56 1-2 to 57c, Toronto.

Rye—78 to 80c, outside.

Buckwheat—55 to 56c, outside.

Bran—Manitoba, $22.50 to $23, in bags, Toronto freight. Shorts, $25.50 to $26.

Country Produce.

Butter—Rolls, choice, 26 to 27c; bakers', inferior, 22 to 24c; choice dairy, tubs, 26c; creamery, 30 to 31c for rolls, and 28 to 29c for solids.

Eggs—Case lots of new-laid, 32c per dozen; fresh, 27 to 28c.

Cheese—14 1-2c for large, and 14 3-4c for twins.

Beans—Hand-picked, $3 per bushel; primes, $2.90, in a jobbing way.

Honey—Extracted, in tins, 12 to 12 1-2c per lb. for No. 1, wholesale; combs, $2.50 to $3, wholesale.

Poultry—Chickens, 14 to 15c per lb.; fowl, 11 to 13c; ducks, 14 to 16c; geese, 13 to 14c; turkeys, 22 to 24c. Live poultry, about 20 lower than the above.

Potatoes—90c per bag, on track.

Provisions.

Bacon—Long clear, 15 1-4 to 15 1-2c per lb., in case lots. Pork—Short cut, $28 to $27; do., mess, $21.50 to $22. Hams—Medium to light, 17 to 17 1-2c; heavy, 15 1-2 to 16c; rolls, 14 1-2 to 15c; breakfast bacon, 18c; backs, 21 1-2c.

Lard—Pierces, 14 1-2c; tubs, 14 3-4c; pails, 15c.

Baled Hay and Straw.

Baled Hay—No. 1 at $14 to $14.50, on track, Toronto; No. 2, $12 to $12.50. Mixed hay is quoted at $10 to $11 a ton, on track.

Baled Straw—$10, on track, Toronto.

Montreal Markets.

Montreal, Nov. 12.—Oats—Canadian Western, No. 2, 52c; extra No. 1 feed, 51c. Barley—Manitoba feed, 61 to 62c; malting, 78 to 80c. Buckwheat—No. 2, 55 to 56c. Flour—Manitoba spring wheat patents, firsts, $5.50; seconds, $5.10; strong bakers', $4.90; Winter patents, choice, $5.35; straight rollers, $4.95 to $5; do., bags, $2.35 to $2.40. Rolled oats—Barrels, $5.05; bags, 90 lbs., $2.40. Bran—$23; shorts, $27; middlings, $28 to $30; mouillie, $30 to $35. Hay—No. 2, per ton, car lots, $13 to $13.50. Cheese—Finest Westerns, 13 to 13 1-2c; finest Easterns, 12 1-2 to 12 3-4c. Butter—Choicest creamery, 29 3-4 to 30 1-4c; seconds, 28 3-4 to 29c. Eggs—Selected, 30 to 31c; No. 2 stock, 21 to 22c. Potatoes—Per bag, car lots, 72 1-2 to 75c.

United States Markets.

Minneapolis, Nov. 12.—Wheat—December, 85 3-8c; May, 91 1-8c. Cash—No. 1 hard, 87 3-8c; No. 1 Northern, 85 3-8 to 86 7-8c; No. 2 Northern, 83 to 84 3-8c. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 64 to 65c. Oats—No. 3 white, 29 to 29 1-2c. Rye—No. 2, 58 to 61 1-2c. Bran—$18.50 to $19. Flour—First patents, $4.25 to $4.55; do seconds, $4.10 to $4.35; first clears, $3.10 to $3.40; do., seconds, $2.30 to $2.60.

Duluth, Nov. 12.—Linseed, on track, $1.39 1-4; to arrive, $1.39 1-4; November, $1.38 1-4 bid; December, $1.35 1-4; January, $1.34 1-4 nominal; May, $1.40 3-4. Wheat—No. 1 hard, 87 3-8c; No. 1 Northern, 86 3-8c; No. 2 Northern, 84 3-8c; December, 83 3-8c bid; May, 90 5-8c bid.

Live Stock Markets.

Montreal, Nov. 12.—The top price realized for the best steers was $6 and the lower grades down to $5.75, while the best butchers' cows sold at $4.50 and the common and inferior from $3 to $4 per cwt. Canning stock, $2 to $2.25 for bulls and at $1.50 to $2.50 for cows per cwt. Sheep and lambs, $3.50 to $4 and the latter at $6 to $6.25 per cwt. Calves from $3 to $10 each, as to size and quality. Selected lots of hogs, $8.50 to $8.75 per cwt., weighed off cars.

Toronto, Nov. 12.—Cattle—Choice butcher, $5.75 to $6.10; export, $6 to $6.35; good medium, $5 to $5.50; common, $3.75 to $4; cows, $3 to $5; bulls, $3 to $4.50; canners, $1.50 to $2. Calves—Good veal, $7 to $9; common, $3.50 to $6. Stockers and Feeders—Steers, 550 to 1,050 pounds, at $5.25 to $5.50; feeding bulls, 300 to 1,200 pounds, at $2.75 to $4.25. Milkers and springers—From $50 to $80. Sheep and lambs—Light ewes, $4 to $4.25; heavy ewes, $3 to $3.50; lambs, $5.50 to $6.25. Hogs—$8.15 to $8.20 fed and watered, and $7.90 f. o. b.

LITTLE CHILD KILLED.

Shot Through Head in Struggle to Get a Revolver.

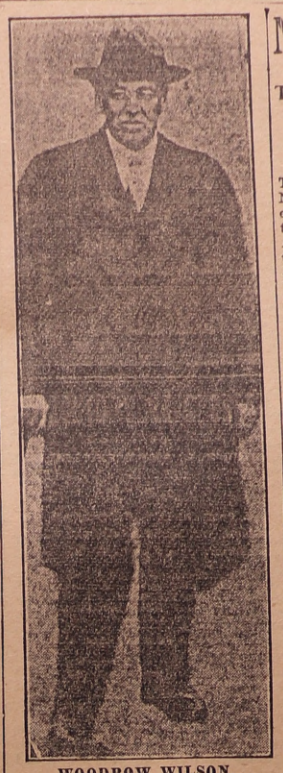
A despatch from North Bay says: On Saturday morning Arthur, the three-year-old son of Jos. Leclair, was shot through the head with a bullet from a revolver, and died on Sunday. His mother had occasion to leave the children alone in the house, and had barely left the house when the children went into the room of an uncle, who lived with the family, and, finding the keys of his trunk, opened it and found a revolver. There were three children in the room at the time, the oldest being a boy of twelve. The children all reached for the revolver, and the older boy realizing the danger of the weapon, tried to take it away from the younger children, when his finger closed on the self-cocking trigger and the explosion followed.

MONTREAL CARS COLLIDE.

Single Truck Trolley Ran Away and Nine People were Hurt.

A despatch from Montreal says: With the motorman hanging out of the vestibule shricking a vain warning, a single truck tram-car whizzed down a 5 per cent. grade on St. Lawrence Boulevard on Thursday morning, and smashed into another car standing at the corner of Ontario Street. Nine people were taken to the hospital in ambulances, of whom two are seriously injured and the others cut by glass, and a score badly shaken up. While Miss Bessie Laub was lying on the ground someone stole her purse, with $10 in it and her engagement ring.

Sarnia and Ingersoll are to vote on local option in January.



WOODROW WILSON.
Elected President of the United States.

GOVERNOR T. R. MARSHALL.
Of Indiana, elected Vice-President of the United States.

BAD FIRE AT BLIND RIVER.

Fifty Thousand Dollars Damage—Several Buildings Gone.

A despatch from North Bay says: Blind River, on the Soo branch of the Canadian Pacific, was visited by a disastrous fire on Saturday. The flames originated in Kennedy's general store and spread quickly to the adjacent buildings, five stores, the Post-office and a poolroom being destroyed, besides the Grand View Hotel. Loss estimated at about $50,000, with little insurance.

IRISMHAN LIVES TO BE 114.

Patrick Reynolds Believed in "Physical Force" Creed to Last.

A despatch from Dublin says: There died on Friday at Brattlebridge, in County Leitrim, a man named Patrick Reynolds, who was reputed to be 114 years of age. He died in the full possession of all his faculties. He knew Daniel O'Connell well and presided at many of his meetings. He was also intimately acquainted with many of the leaders of the Fenian movement of 1867, and to the last he was a staunch believer in their "physical force" creed.

PROTECTION OF WORKERS.

Department to Oversee Conditions in Construction Camps.

A despatch from Ottawa says: Hon. T. W. Crothers is taking active steps to protect laborers on construction works. A representative of the Department of Labor next season will be with all large construction gangs to see that the men are properly housed and fed, and generally given fair treatment. There has been considerable complaint in the past, especially from some of the railway camps.

NOT MUCH OF A DIAMOND.

The Recent Find in South Africa of Inferior Quality.

A despatch from Johannesburg says: The great diamond, the largest in the world, which has just been discovered in the Premier Mine, may not prove to be so valuable as at first thought. It is now officially stated that the diamond, which weighs 1,640 karats, is of inferior quality.

NAZIM'S ARMY IS CRUSHED

The Victorious Bulgars Pursuing the Broken and Demoralized Turks

A despatch from Sofia says: The Turkish army commanded by Nazim Pasha was completely crushed in the great battle of the last two days on the Serai-Tchorlu line. According to the semi-official Mir, the Turks lost in killed and wounded more than double the losses at Lule Burgas. The Bulgarians are now pursuing the defeated enemy.

The sanguinary character of the recent engagements, which it is reported have involved losses to the Turks of 40,000 men, has been due to the extraordinary energy of the Bulgarian attack. The view of the Bulgarian staff is that the Turks are so demoralized that frontal attacks may be undertaken even against the strongest positions without superior forces, and the Turkish shortage of artillery and ammunition has contributed to the success of these tactics.

The Bulgarian vanguard, it is said, has reached Lake Derkas, one detachment passing between the lake and the sea. Another line of the Bulgarian advance is reported to be attacking the forts in front of the town of Tchatalja, while still another column, which marched down the main road from Tchorlu to Silivri, is now advancing to Bogados for the purpose of forcing a passage along the coast of the sea of Marmora.

These are, however, only flying columns. The main body has not yet commenced the attack on Tchatalja fortifications.

According to statements made by prominent public men in Sofia, Bulgaria will reject mediation until Tchatalja has been captured and Adrianople has fallen, and although it is said that entry into Constantinople is no part of the allies plans, Bulgaria will not listen to the suggestion of peace negotiations unless Turkey gives an undertaking to bring no more reinforcements from Asia.

Tchataldja's Forts Taken.

A despatch from London says: The victorious Bulgarians made one swift, vicious assault on the fortifications of Tchataldja on Thursday, and won them. The disheartened Turks are now scattered over the 25-mile district between those captured lines of defence and Constantinople, and the Bulgarians are pursuing them, capturing some and killing others. There is now nothing save these disorganized, fleeing bands of Turks to stop the Bulgarians in their conquering march towards the capital of their enemies.

Bulgarians Occupy Drama.

The Bulgarians occupied the town of Drama on November 5. The Turkish troops in that region have been scattered in all directions. Most of them have surrendered their arms and are returning to their homes. Other remnants are so demoralized that the peasants terrorize them and compel them to disarm and flee. Throughout the district the inhabitants have warmly welcomed the Bulgarians, and the Bulgarian administration has been established.

It is officially announced that the port of Rodosto, on the Sea of Marmora, and the city of Visa, to the southeast of Adrianople, were occupied by the Bulgarian troops on November 5.

Adrianople in Rebellion.

A despatch from London says: Adrianople is reported to be in a state of rebellion. There is word from that beleaguered city that the Turkish soldiers are flatly refusing to fight any longer, and have to be driven to the defences at the point of the sword. That city is apparently to be starved into surrender. The Bulgarian commanders realize that its fall is but a matter of days, and that they cannot afford to lose any more men in an assault. They are contenting themselves with sweeping down on Turkish wagon trains and isolating Adrianople from the world.

Turkish Losses Huge.

The Turkish losses in killed and wounded during the five days' fighting in the vicinity of Lule Burgas and Bunarhissar are estimated at 25,000 men. The Bulgarian troops captured 37 batteries of quick-firing guns and took 2,000 prisoners. They also seized four locomotives and 243 railroad cars.

Massacre in Salonica.

A despatch received in London on Saturday from Constantinople to the Daily Chronicle, coming by an indirect route, confirms the previous report of the Greek occupation of Salonica, and says the approach of the Greeks was attended by awful scenes. Before they entered the town a terrible massacre of the non-Moslem population took place and the shooting and looting was general. When the Greeks took possession they imprisoned all the pashas, officials and Turkish officers. The Turks now in captivity at Salonica number 27,000 men.

A Broken Army.

Bulgarian Headquarters, Nov. 10.—"Anyone who saw the spectacle presented by the retreat of the Turks on November 5 and 6 must have been convinced of the hopelessness of any further resistance on their part to the Bulgarian attacks," writes Lieut. Wegener. "On every road leading eastward towards Tchatalja indescribably fascinating and convincing pictures of a panic-stricken flight were to be witnessed; abandoned guns, overturned ammunition waggons, broken-down oxen, and horses driven to death; of a whole detachment of apathetic Turkish troops cowering, exhausted and starving, by the roadside without arms and in tattered uniforms, and soldiers would only be too delighted to be captured, as at least they might hope to get something to eat. This is no army, but simply a pack of wretched human beings, who are not even capable of defending their own skins, and these are the troops who are trying to hold the antiquated earthworks of Tchatalja against the irresistible assault of the Bulgarian troops."

Victory for Servians.

A despatch from Belgrade says: Dibra, 45 miles southwest of Prisrend, in Albania, was taken by the Servians on Saturday after severe fighting, according to private advices. The remnants of the Turkish Macedonia army have assembled there. The same reports say that Monastir has surrendered. Major Popovich, in command of the Servian cavalry, has captured Dajran, with a thousand Turks.

The third Servian army is well on its way towards the Adriatic, but progress is slow on account of the bad roads. It is expected that Durazzo will be taken in a day or two. Durazzo is one of the ports which Servia has announced her intention of seizing and holding.

MANY NEW POSTOFFICES.

In Three Months 170 were Opened; Names Elegant and Not So.

A despatch from Ottawa says: During August, September and October 170 new postoffices were opened in Canada, the majority being in the Prairie Provinces, to keep pace with the tide of settlement. The present Postmaster-General has sanctioned for the new offices such inelegant names as Dirt Hills, Ground Hog, Molly Gibson, Needmore and Ferguson Flats. A happier choice is seen in such names as Sunkist, Homeside and Esperance. During the quarter some seventy postoffices were closed, of which thirty were in Ontario.

STEAMER STALLED IN ICE.

Passengers Have to Walk Back to Dawson.

A despatch from Dawson, Y. T., says: The steamer Vidette, which left here four days ago with 100 passengers for White Horse, ran into heavy ice on Indian River and is now stalled. The passengers, including ten women, started back over shore ice twenty-eight miles. Among the passengers is Dr. Alfred Thompson, M.P., who was racing to reach Ottawa in time for the opening of Parliament.

MANY CROSSED THE BORDER.

Statistics of Influx from the United States to Canada.

A despatch from Ottawa says: Of 133,710 people who came to Canada last year from the United States 19,384 were returning Canadians. Of the total 69 per cent. were naturalized Americans and 31 per cent. had never taken out their citizenship papers. Fully 150,000 are expected this year.

BRITISH TRADE.

Imports and Exports Show Huge Increases for October.

A despatch from London says: The Board of Trade returns for the month of October show that the imports were £71,026,531, an increase, as compared with 1911, of £10,321,262. The exports for the same period were £48,333,982, an increase of £787,679 as compared with the previous year.

TWO QUAKE SHOCKS.

Strong Seismic Disturbances in Nicaraguay Did No Damage.

A despatch from San Juan Del Sur, Nicaraguay, says: Two earthquake shocks were felt here on Thursday morning. Both were strong; they were separated by an interval of an hour. No damage has been reported.

Fined $500 And Costs

The extreme penalty of the statute was meted out to Mr. A. T. Neal in Magistrate Masson's court this morning. Neal was convicted of having liquor on his premises for sale on Oct. 15th. He was fined $500 and costs, amounting to $43.53.

On the 15th of October, two "Spotters" visited Stirling and searched the Kerby House, where Mr. Neal resides. There they found certain bottles filled with liquid resembling beer. They took samples and forwarded them to the Liquor License Department at Toronto.

Analysis showed them to be rich in alcohol above the percentage allowed in local option beer, which Mr. Neal claimed the bottles contained. He declared he had received them for that.

Officer Morrison of the department started an action against Neal. The defendant did not appear in court when the case opened before Magistrate Masson, Conviction was registered.

Today was set aside for argument. Mr. W. Carnew raised objections on behalf of the defendant to the court procedure and saved him from a term in goal. It appears Neal was convicted in June of having liquor in his possession for selling purposes in May last. Before the second case was finished, in moving that May 24th mentioned in the second information as the date of the first offence be changed to May 25th as it took place after midnight. Mr. Carnew argued that subsequent conviction to say whether before the information reached the magistrate of the first offence. He further argued that the court had not "called" the defendant, after the subsequent conviction, to say whether he had ever been convicted before.

The magistrate gave the accused the benefit of the doubt on the technicality of the court procedure. This removed the point for which Mr. Carnew strove, as a second conviction means imprisonment without the option of a fine. The maximum of $500 and costs or three months was imposed.

Crown Attorney Anderson appeared for the department.—Belleville Ontario, Nov. 7th.

Anglicans And Church Union

A movement that may result in the Anglican Church taking up the question of church union is under way in Canada. Thirty prominent members of that communion have attached their signatures to an 'appeal on behalf of Christain unity,' and have forwarded it to every Anglican clergyman in Canada with the request that if they approve the principles and the practical propositions set forth they sign and return it to the Rev. A. P. Shatford, of Montreal, acting secretary of the movement.

The present time is regarded as most opportune for action of some kind looking toward a closer relationship between the Church of England and other churches, and the instigators of the movement intend to promote, if possible, such legislation in the Synods as shall give effect to the practical measures suggested.

For Local Option

There will be a number of exciting Local Option contests in the Midland district in January. The towns of Oshawa, Whitby, Lindsay and Peterborough will vote upon Local Option. This means that the Midland district of Ontario will be stirred up on this great question as never before in its history. Fenelon Falls and Victoria Harbor are important villages that will vote upon the by-law. Burleigh, Anstruther, Monteagle Townships, in the northern country, and East Whitby on the Lake front, are other municipalities where a vote will be taken.

County temperance rallies are being held and many of the foremost business men and manufacturers of the towns mentioned are in the front of the fight.

Farmers in War

It was a nation of farmers that won the war of the American Revolution. It was a nation of free farmers that crushed the rebellion of a slave-owing oligarchy and saved the Republic. Two little colonies of Boer farmers held the whole might of the British empire at bay for years. The Turkish empire has tumbled like a house of cards before the fierce onslaught of the peasant farmers of Bulgaria and Servia.

The man who lives in the open, in close communion with Nature, is not prone to quarrel. But, when a quarrel is forced upon him the strength and self-reliance that are given him by his habit of living make of him an exceedingly dangerous enemy.—Weekly Sun.

Four young women from Uruguay, representing the Government, are in Canada studing the school system.

The municipal council of Wellington has granted the prayer of a largely signed petition asking for the repeal of the Local Option By-law passed about four years ago. Voting on the repeal by-law will take place at the municipal elections in January.

HIS ROMANTIC CAREER

SIR RUFUS ISAACS RAN AWAY TO SEA WHEN A BOY.

Attorney-General of Britain, Whose Post Has Recently Been Dignified by Inclusion In the Cabinet, Is the Most Distinguished Jew In English Politics Since Disraeli—He Convicted Whitaker Wright.

Those who follow British politics will doubtless be interested to know something about Sir Rufus Isaacs, Attorney-General in the Asquith Cabinet. Probably not since Benjamin Disraeli's rise to the Prime Ministry, the highest official position within the reach of any Englishman not of the royal blood, has any Jew made himself more strongly felt in English Jew and politics than Sir Rufus who has just been elevated to a membership in the Cabinet. His success has been due principally to his unusual ability as a trial lawyer, rather than to cleverness as a politician. The story of his career reads like a romance.

When a boy Rufus Isaacs ran away from home and joined a ship's company for Rio de Janeiro. At twenty-five, although a member of the London Stock Exchange, he was already marked as a financial failure; and yet, ten years after he had been admitted to the bar of the Middle Temple, for which he began studying when twenty-six years old, he had been created a King's Counsel, and had the largest practice of any barrister in England.

Sir Rufus Daniel Isaacs is the son of Joseph M. Isaacs, a London merchant. He received his education at the University College School and in Brussels and Hanover. His parents destined him for Cambridge, but the idea of study was irksome to the spirited young man, so that while arrangements for his education were being perfected, he embarked on a sailing vessel for South America as a common sailor.

He soon tired of this life, and returned to London. Although he might still have gone to a university, young Isaacs preferred business, and became a broker. He learned, however, that business in London was as uncongenial to him as the sea. At twenty-six, he was face to face with financial ruin.

It was at this juncture that young Isaacs met his future wife, Miss Alice Edith Cohen, who was to play an important part in his later career, as his constant helpmeet and adviser. Miss Cohen was the daughter of an American merchant, who had moved to London.

She became engaged to the young broker, and advised him to study law. Isaacs remonstrated at the hopelessness of beginning in the profession at so late a date, but the young woman insisted. Together, in the evenings, the two used to pore over the law books. Such was their success that in 1887 Isaacs was admitted to the bar in London. The same year, although he had left the Stock Exchange absolutely penniless, he married Miss Cohen.

It was not long before Isaacs became known for his mastery of intricate figures and details—a gift which remained his most distinguishing talent in the practice of law. He was soon recognized as an expert in bankruptcy law, and as an indispensable aid in unraveling the legal knots of the large mercantile and financial houses of London.

When Whitaker Wright, the great English "frenzied finance" expert, who had fled to America, was brought back to London and successfully prosecuted by Isaacs, his reputation was secured. Wright had involved so many peers and younger sons of England's most prominent families with him, that the press was unanimous in the opinion that he could never be convicted. But the trenchant examinations of Rufus Isaacs, together with the mastery of figures with which he dumfounded Wright, he effected the breakdown and confession of the defendant. It was within a few feet of his prosecutor that Wright drank poison and escaped punishment.

The Siever blackmail case added to Isaacs' eminence at the English bar. "Bob" Siever, the proprietor of a London racing paper, ran a column known as "Celebrites in Glass Houses," in which, it was alleged prominent men who had refused to accede to Siever's demands, were consistently blackmailed. Finally, J. B. Joel, a Londoner of great wealth, sued Siever for blackmail and, after a sensational trial, Isaacs succeeded in obtaining his acquittal.

In 1904 Isaacs was returned to Parliament as a Liberal from the Reading District. From then on his rise was rapid. Up to the death of Edward VII. he was a regular "fourth" at the royal bridge table, and it was jokingly said that the reason that the King, who was not a great bridge player, enjoyed playing with Sir Rufus Isaacs, was because the lawyer played as badly as he did.

In 1909, Isaacs was made Solicitor-General, and in 1910 he was knighted and made Attorney-General. The following year he was created Privy Councillor and Knight Commander of the Victorian Order. This year, as if honors had not come rapidly enough, the historic precedent of the British Constitution was broken in order to make him a member of the Cabinet, for he is the first Attorney-General ever to be admitted.

Fraternal Fractions.

Lodger—My brother is coming on a visit. Have you a couple of spare cots?

Landlady—A couple! Is he so big as all that?

Lodger—No, but you see the fact is, he really consists of two half brothers.

The Jester.

He that will lose a friend for a jest deserves to die a beggar by the bargain. Such let thy jests be that they may not grind the credit of thy friend, and make not jest, so long that thou becomest one.—Fuller.

THE SCIENCE OF EUTHENICS.

Which Deals With Race Improvement Through Environment.

With the growing interest in questions of racial hygiene, to which thoughtful men and women have come to attach great importance two complementary sciences are rapidly developing—eugenics and euthenics. Eugenics is the farther advanced in the systemizing and extending of knowledge in the domain which it covers. The younger of the two, however, appropriates a large body of knowledge already acquired in closely related sciences. Its ends are newer than its material, but its independence of aim gives high promise of what it may accomplish in the future.

Euthenics deals with race improvement through environment. It studies the hygiene of the present generation, while eugenics deals with race improvement through heredity for future generations.

Euthenics teaches us that diseases themselves are seldom inherited, but the power to resist disease may be inherited, and unless this resistance is present a child is liable to fall a prey to the ever-present microbe.

Heredity and environment taken together produce a child's characteristic health, and as heredity is nothing more than stored environment, every mother has a chance to add to that store, so that her child's health can be better than his parents.

A bad inheritance often can be overcome by a good environment.

A mother, whose child has tuberculous inheritance, should take great precautions to prevent him from contracting the disease.

Cows milk is the source of fully one-half of the cases of intestinal tuberculosis in children — a disease, which, if contracted under one year, nearly always is fatal.

Next to food comes fresh air. The child should take all his naps out of doors, and at night a window should always be open, but without too many moving currents of air.

As the child grows up he should have outdoor games, because such amusements bring appetite, health and sleep.

The next important thing is to prevent contagion. A child should never be kissed on the mouth, no matter by whom it may be.

All children should be taught to be clean—to prevent all diseases, but especially tuberculosis. The finger nails and hands should be kept especially clean. He should never use a drinking cup that another has used or even a glass that has been fingered.

Three Methods of Derision.

There are very few allusions to storks in Latin authors, but one of these is interesting. The birds have a curious custom of snapping their bills, making quite a sharp noise. Young and old birds, both during and after the breeding season, constantly do this. In the writings of Persius there is a reference to this habit. "There are," he says, "three favorite ways of deriding a man—by putting the hands beside the head like asses' ears, by putting out the tongue like a dog and snapping the fingers against the palm of the hand like a stork's bill." The first two methods of mockery are plain, but what was the cause of the last?—Notes and Queries.

A Cutting Rebuke.

In some parts of Scotland it is customary for a bride to bring a dower to her husband, no matter how little. One couple who had experienced the strife of wedded bliss for some years were having the usual row, when the husband taunted the lady with the paucity of worldly goods with which she had endowed him.

"Awa!" said he. "When ye marrit me a' ye brought was a cask o' whisky an' the auld Bible."

"W l, Jock," was the response, "gin ye had paid as muckle attention to the book as ye did tae the whisky ye would hae been a meenister o' the gospel the noo."

Gentle Sarcasm.

"What a brilliant conversationalist Mr. Jenkins is! Do you know him, Really, it's an education to listen to him talking."

"Yes," said gentle Mrs. Smith. "I have met him."

"You must have found him very entertaining. Why, he can talk cleverly and wittily for an hour at a stretch."

"Then when I met him," said Mrs. Smith, with a sweet smile, "it must have been at the beginning of the second hour."

Madrid's Night Watchmen.

Madrid still has the medieval night watchmen. They admit late comers to the apartment houses at night, but no longer sing out the hour or the condition of the weather. They still go by the name of "sereno," which they got from the fact that, as it seldom rains in Spain, their cries about the weather generally ended with that word ("las tres y sereno").

Half Holidays.

"No man ought to be asked to work more than eight hours a day," said the reformer.

"Look here," replied Farmer Corntossel. "Of course you're entitled to your opinion, but you mustn't come around us farmers in the busy season with a proposition to make every day a half holiday."

English Divorces.

During the last fifteen years over 200,000 marred persons in England and Wales have been separated by legal process, and about 50,000 persons have been separated by private agreement.

Unappreciated Demonstration.

Small Brother—Marie, does your admirer stutter?

Marie—No; of course not! What made you think of such a thing?

Small Brother—Then why does he write "My dear, dear Marie?"

Camphor and Linen.

Keep a few pieces of camphor gum in your linen closet. It will aid in keeping the linen white.

Foxboro Notes

The Woman's Institute intend having a bazaar in Gowsell Hall on Thursday afternoon and evening, Nov. 28, 1912. There will be fancy-work and all kinds of useful articles for sale. Come and buy your Christmas presents and bring your children to see Santa Claus who will have a present for each child. In the evening there will be a grand concert. This bazaar will be the formal opening of the new hall of which our village is very proud.

Mr. Chas. Empson has sold his beautiful home to Mr. Hagerman of Rawdon.

Little Wilma Ross, the younger daughter of our school teacher is very ill with pluro-pneumonia.

Mr. Chas. Gardiner is north on a hunting expedition.

Mr. and Mrs. L. B. Faulkner spent the week end in Madoc with Mr. and Mrs. Leslie Ashley.

The evaporator and canning factory are still very busy, but will soon close now for this season. They have both done a big business this year.

Mr. T. M. Holgate who has been in Bowmanville during the evaporating season, spent Sunday with his parents.

Mr. A. E. Dafoe has bought property in Belleville and intends moving the first of December. Mr. S. C. Gay is taking over his grocery business in the village.

To Slaughter The Beavers

The woodsmen in the employ of the Game and Fisheries' Branch of the Public Works Department are getting ready to conduct a slaughtering campaign against the beavers in the country bordering on the Algonquin National Park. The protection given the beavers in the park has allowed them to increase at a remarkable rate, and for the past few years they have been adventuring abroad and setting up homes for themselves, often to the great discomfort of nearby farmers, whose fields are sometimes turned into beaver ponds by the damming of streams. Last year nearly a thousand beavers were trapped, and reports this year indicate a strenuous season for hunters.

The women's suffrage movement succeeded in carrying four States in the Presidential elections.

The Charming Winter Resorts Of California, Mexico, Florida, etc.

Now is the time to take advantage of a trip to a milder climate and escape the cold winter months. Round trip tourist tickets are issued by the Grand Trunk Railway to California, Mexico, Colorado, Pacific Coast Points and the Sunny South, at low rates giving choices of all the best routes. Features in connection with this route: only Double Track Line to Buffalo and Chicago; Fast Service; Modern Equipment; Unexcelled Dining Car Service; Palatial Electric Lighted Pullman Sleeping Cars; all elements of safely and comfort. Ask nearest Grand Trunk Agent for full particulars, or write A. E. Duff, D. P. A., Union Station, Toronto, Ontario.

"There could be no better medicine than Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. My children were all sick with whooping cough. One of them was in bed, had a high fever and was coughing up blood. Our doctor gave them Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and the first dose eased them, and three bottles cured them," says Mrs. R. A. Donaldson of Lexington, Miss. For sale by all dealers.

Executor's Notice to Creditors

In the Surrogate Court of the County of Hastings, in the Estate of Albert Thompson, late of the Village of Stirling, in the County of Hastings, farmer, deceased.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to Ontario Statute 1, George V, chapter 26, sec. 55, that all persons having claims against the Estate of the late Albert Thompson, deceased, who died on or about the 18th day of October, 1912, are required to send by post prepaid and registered or to deliver to the undersigned executor of the said Estate at Stirling, on or before the 14th day of December, 1912, their names and addresses and a full statement of the particulars of their claims and the nature of the security (if any) held by them, duly verified.

And further notice is hereby given that after the said 14th day of December, 1912, the said executor will proceed to distribute the Assets of the deceased amongst those entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have notice and he will not be liable for the Assets or any part thereof, to any person or persons of whose claims he shall not then have received notice.

EZRA THOMPSON,
Executor of the Estate of said deceased
by P. J. M. ANDERSON,
his solicitor.

Dated at Stirling this 5th day of November, 1912.

LATEST FALL AND WINTER HATS

We are exhibiting a full and complete line of both Dress and Tailored Hats in our show room. Our productions are perfect in construction and style.

Orders promptly filled.

Miss D. Caldwell

Two doors west of Post Office.

Farm For Sale

South half of lot 38 in the 9th con. of Sidney, containing sixty-seven acres. One mile and a half north of Halloway. About forty acres in good cultivation, six acres of fall wheat and six of rye now sown. For further particulars apply to

CHAS. ABRAMS,
6-4w Halloway, Ont.

The News-Argus to new subscribers to Dec. 31, 1913 for $1.00.

Fortify Your System

For the cold weather by taking a good Tonic and bnilder. Any of the following medicines will do the trick:

Morton's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil
Pleasant to take and easily digested.

Nyal's Cod Liver Compound
With Extract of Malt and Hypophosphites.

Kepler's Solution
Cod Liver Oil with Extract of Barley Malt.

Nyal's Nutritive Hypophosphites
Restorative and builder.

TAKE A DIP IN PROSPERITY

Let us print your PROGRAMS, MENUS, SHIPPING TAGS, LABELS and all other kinds of Commercial or Law Printing

Give us one order and you will give us another

THIS MAN'S STORE IS CROWDED BECAUSE WE DO HIS PRINTING

WE CAN CROWD YOUR STORE IN THE SAME WAY

Catalogues, Handbills, Folders and Commercial Forms Our Specialty

...Call at This Office For Jobwork...

Farm For Sale Or To Let

Part of lots 11 and 12 in the 3rd con. of Rawdon, on the Marmora gravel road, containing 100 acres, more or less; about two miles from Stirling. Good house, basement barn and outbuildings. Good young orchard. About eight acres of woodland. Part of farm tile drained. For further particulars apply to

WM. H. FANNING,
Stirling, Ont.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM — Canada's Double Track Line

Winter Tours to California, Mexico, Colorado and Pacific Coast Points

The Grand Trunk Railway is the most direct route from all points East through Canada via Chicago.

FEATURES

Double Track, Fast Service, Finest Roadbed, Modern Equipment, Unexcelled Dining Car Service.
All elements of safety and comfort.

TO THE SUNNY SOUTH

No more desirable route than via Grand Trunk to Detroit, thence via Cincinnati to Jacksonville, Palm Beach, Nassau, etc.

Round trip tickets, giving choice of all the best routes, together with full information and reservations, may be obtained from nearest Grand Trunk Agent, or write A. E. Duff, D.P.A., Toronto, Ont.

A. F. McDONELL, Agent, Stirling.
Phone 6

ONTARIO BUSINESS COLLEGE
BELLEVILLE, ONT.

Affiliated with the Institute of Chartered Accountants. The most widely attended Business College in America. Students are at present in attendance from all provinces of Canada, five West India Islands and South America.

WRITE FOR CATALOGUE

J. W. JOHNSON, F.C.A., Principal
I. L. MOORE, Assistant Principal

YOUR CLOTHES

are important. Don't neglect them! There is all the difference in the world between a

PROPERLY MADE SUIT

and a cheap, poorly made one. We charge very moderately yet give the most excellent materials and workmanship.

JOHN M. McGEE

SUMMER SCHOOL

Students may enter any day. Open the entire year. Now is a good time to enter. Largest trainers in Canada. Graduates get best positions. Thousands studying at home. School of Isaac Pitman. The largest and most popular school in Eastern Ontario. Our management trained 200 students last year. There must be a reason. The only school in the city affiliated with the Commercial Educators Association of Canada. Write, phone or call to investigate

PETERBORO BUSINESS COLLEGE
GEO. SPOTTON, President.

Wedding Invitations

NEATLY PRINTED IN THE BEST STYLE AT THE NEWS-ARGUS OFFICE

GROWING GIRLS AND ALL WOMEN.

Should Keep Their Blood Supply Rich, Red and Pure.

On every hand you see women and growing girls in the deadly clutches of anæmia. Slowly but surely a pallor as of death, settles on their cheeks; their eyes grow dull; their appetite fickle; their steps languid. Daily they are being robbed of all vitality and brightness. The trouble, if neglected, becomes more acute until the signs of early consumption become apparent. What women and young girls in this condition need is new, rich, red blood, and there is no other medicine can do the work of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, in making this new, good blood. These Pills make girls and women well, and bring back the charm and brightness of perfect, regular health. Here is a bit of proof. Miss Lillie O'Carroll, Norwood, Ont., says:—"About two years ago my health began to fail. I was weak, run down and had no ambition for anything. I had frequent headaches, would be completely tired out after the least exertion, and had little or no appetite. A doctor who was giving me medicine finally told me he feared I was going into consumption, which, of course, made me very much downhearted. As the medicine I was taking was not doing me any good I decided to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and I shall ever feel grateful that I did so. My story may be summed up in the words "nine boxes of the Pills fully restored my health—perhaps saved my life, and I am now as strong and healthy as any girl."

Every anaemic sufferer can obtain equally good results through a fair use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Wrote Back.

A friend once wrote to Mark Twain a letter saying that he was in very bad health, and concluding—"Is there anything worse than having toothache and earache at the same time?" Twain wrote back—"Yes—rheumatism and St. Vitus's dance."

Minard's Liniment Co., Limited.
Gentlemen,—I have used MINARD'S LINIMENT on my vessel and in my family for years, and for the every day ills and accidents of life I consider it has no equal.
I would not start on a voyage without it, if it cost a dollar a bottle.
CAPT. F. R. DESJARDIN,
Schr. "Storke," St. Andre, Kamouraska.

Expression of Vacancy.

"Why do you suppose he has such a vacant expression?"

"Well, he thinks of himself a good deal."

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

One Excuse.

Mrs. A.—Well, if it isn't Mrs. B. What a stranger you are! Why, it's quite five years since I saw you.

Mrs. B.—Yes. Why haven't you been to see me.

Mrs. A.—Oh, dear, you know how bad the weather's been.

During the past thirty years the population of Germany has increased by twenty million.

Skin All Covered With Eruption

N. Henri Tardif.

Tried Many Remedies 3 or 4 Years. Cuticura Soap and Ointment Cured.

A Quebec man, N. Henri Tardif, of St. Casimir, writes in a letter dated Mar. 31, 1911:
"I had a very bad skin, all covered with eruption, eight years ago. I have had all of both my shoulders covered with it, and the high part of my arms, and my face, but it was the worst on my shoulders. I tried many different remedies to cure it, but nothing was any good. At last I went to an apothecary. He asked me if I had ever used Cuticura Soap and Ointment. I told him no, and I bought a box of Cuticura Ointment and a cake of Cuticura Soap. I used three boxes of Cuticura Ointment, but I am glad of the same, for Cuticura Soap and Ointment completely cured me of my skin eruption. I spread the Cuticura Ointment on all my sore parts, and I think that in washing my face with the Cuticura Soap, it hindered my eruption from itching and burning. I tried many remedies during three or four years but Cuticura Soap and Ointment cured me." (Signed) N. Henri Tardif.
Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold throughout the world, but to those who have suffered much, lost hope and are without faith in any treatment, a liberal sample of each with a 32-p. booklet on the skin and scalp will be mailed free, on application. Address Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., 50 Columbus Ave., Boston, U. S. A.

DAMAGE BY RATS.

Authorities Put Annual Loss In France at $40,000,000.

Forty million dollars yearly is the estimated figure of the damage done by rats to crops and property in France. The publication of these statistics by the Incorporated Society for the Destruction of Vermin has given an impetus to the campaign for the extermination of the rodent, which is also known to be a transmitter of disease.

The examples set by several American cities have been followed with great interest in France and have led Dr. Fontenelle to make a special study of the subject. He finds that the role of the rat and the mouse has been very serious in connection with cases of pneumonia. For a long time it has been noticed that this disease was more deadly in hospitals than other places. The pneumonia microbe becomes extremely virulent in the blood of a mouse and, if a sick person comes in contact with a mouse microbe, he will be gravely attacked by the disease.

Dr. Fontenelle says that the hospitals of Paris, especially the old ones, are alive with rodents. The pneumonia microbe exists, therefore, in conditions calculated to increase its virulence and its murderous powers of destruction. He urges the necessity of an immediate and relentless extermination of rodents in every hospital establishment in France or in any other country where the rat or mouse may be found.

The depredations of the rat in France on property are enormous. It is reckoned that for a farm of 50 hectares of wheat and pasture lands the losses caused by rats reach an annual minimum of $200. The destruction by rats about $1 to each inhabitant. Dr. Fontenelle says: "This is too high a tax to pay to the rat tribe and the ever-present danger from the rodent's propagation of maladies like the plague and pneumonia shows the wisdom of carrying on a determined war of extermination."

NO MEDICINE.

But Change of Food Gave Final Relief.

Most diseases start in the alimentary canal—stomach and bowels.

A great deal of our stomach and bowel troubles come from eating too much starchy and greasy food.

The stomach does not digest any of the starchy food we eat—white bread, pastry, potatoes, oats, etc.—these things are digested in the small intestines, and if we eat too much, as most of us do, the organs that should digest this kind of food are overcome by excess of work, so that fermentation, indigestion, and a long train of ails result.

Too much fat also is hard to digest and this is changed into acids, sour stomach, belching gas, and a bloated, heavy feeling.

In these conditions a change from indigestible foods to Grape-Nuts will work wonders in not only relieving the distress but in building up a strong digestion, clear brain and steady nerves.

A woman writes:

"About five years ago I suffered with bad stomach—dyspepsia, indigestion, constipation—caused, I know now, from overeating starchy and greasy food.

"I doctored for two years without any benefit. The doctor told me there was no cure for me. I could not eat anything without suffering severe pain in my back and sides, and I became discouraged.

"A friend recommended Grape-Nuts and I began to use it. In less than two weeks I began to feel better and inside of two months I was a well woman and have been ever since.

"I can eat anything I wish with pleasure. We eat Grape-Nuts and cream for breakfast and are very fond of it." Name given by Canadian Postum Co., Windsor, Ont.

Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

A Martyr.

"She's very fond of her children."

"That so?"

"Yes. She told me yesterday that if it wasn't for them she wouldn't live with their father another minute."

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

Natural for Them.

Husband (impatiently)—"Is it possible, my dear, that you cannot keep those children quiet for a moment?"

Wife (soothingly)—"Now, John, don't be harsh with the poor little innocent things; it is natural for them to be full of spirits, and they're doing the best they can."

Husband—"Well, if I could have a moment's peace I would sit down and write that cheque for fifty dollars that you've been bothering me for."

Wife (sternly)—"Children, go upstairs at once, and if I hear another word from you to-night I will punish you severely."

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, &c.

GOOD FOR ALL BABIES.

Baby's Own Tablets are good for all babies. They are good for the newborn babe or the growing child—the babe who suffers from constipation or the one whose teething is difficult or who has indigestion, colic, worms or any of the other babyhood ailments. The Tablets banish all these troubles—they are perfectly safe; being guaranteed by a government analyst to contain no opiates or harmful drugs. Sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

PRINCE AS AUTHOR.

The Crown Prince of Germany has written a book anent his hunting experiences in Great Britain and India. He recalls them with evident pleasure, and throughout he adopts a very appreciative attitude. He was particularly impressed with country house life and English hospitality, as the following excerpt shows: "These English country houses are, to my taste, the most elegant and at the same time the most comfortable places imaginable. In my Indian sketches I have already paid tribute to the wonderful hospitality of the Briton, and I should like to mention it again now. Each guest is delightfully cared for in a house of this kind, and the care is so quietly and charmingly exercised that the recipient is never allowed to realize that the host is putting himself to any trouble on his behalf. The English excel in this art of genial and thoughtful entertaining."

He contrasts the mistaken idea that prevails in Germany that a

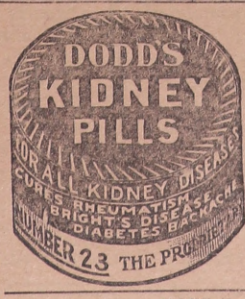
The German Crown Prince.

guest must be always amused: "There is nothing of the kind in England. The meals are all at settled hours, and at these the 'house party' foregathers. Unless there is something special on foot, such as a shoot, each one is absolutely his own master in the intervals. As these 'house parties' are usually composed of light-hearted young men and very often of beautiful women, there is every reason why you should have a delightful time. The whole house and home of the host is in the fullest sense of the word at the guest's absolute disposal. He has only to say the word, and he can ride, motor, fish, shoot, sail, play tennis, or golf, flirt—everything is at his hand. He has only got to choose. The Scottish castle in which I found myself was typical of this perfect hospitality."

To Prevent Small Frauds.

Fraud is practised in many forms in France, but it is news that snails are receiving the attention of the tricksters. It seems that small frauds have become so serious that a society has been formed to stop it. It is called the "Syndicate of the Preparers and Dealers of Snails in France." As a comestible the snail has an enormous clientele. Snails are sold by millions. But the consumers are not quite certain of the origin of the snails they eat. The fraud consists of putting the snails called the "Little Greys," into the empty shells of Burgundy snails, which are of superior quality.

The Town Clerk of the City of London has a salary of $12,500.



MUSINGS OF THE CYNIC.

If love is really a disease, it is the most contagious one on record.

The sins that pay no dividends are the ones that shock the world.

Music hath charms, but it isn't the songbirds that make the best potpies.

When a girl throws a fellow over he realizes that youth must have its fling.

Every man has his price, and it is generally about twice as much as he is worth.

Some people never enjoy good health, even when they have it.

If it's the unexpected that happens, why should it be unexpected?

Almost as many people have been spoiled by too much money as by too little.

The farther a man can see the less is he apt to be sure he is right.

A man's ideal of an ideal wife is one who believes everything he tells her.

We never realize how much it costs to visit friends till they return the visit.

A WONDERFUL CASE.

Three Months in Hospital and Came out Uncured.

Zam-Buk Cured Him in Few Weeks

Mr. Fred Mason, the well-known upholsterer and mattress manufacturer of St. Andrew's, N.B., says:—"I had eczema on my knee, which caused me terrible pain and inconvenience. The sore parts would itch and burn and tingle, and then when rubbed or scratched, would become very painful. When the knee got warm, it burned worse, and the itching and burning and smarting were almost unbearable. I tried various remedies, but got no better, so I decided to go to Montreal and take special treatment. I received treatment at the Montreal General Hospital for thirteen weeks, but at the end of that time I was not cured, and almost gave in. A friend advised me to give Zam-Buk a trial.

"Almost as soon as applied Zam-Buk stopped the itching and the irritation. I persevered with the balm, and it was soon evident that it would do me good. Each day the pain was reduced, the sore spots began to heal, and by the time I had used a few boxes of Zam-Buk I was quite cured.

"Since then Zam-Buk has cured blood-poison in my finger.

For eczema, blood-poisoning, piles, ulcers, sores, abscesses, varicose ulcers, bad leg, cold sores, chapped hands, cuts, burns, bruises and all skin injuries and diseases, Zam-Buk is without equal.

50c. box all druggists and stores or post free from Zam-Buk Co., Toronto, for price. Refuse imitations.

Time to Go Home.

"Well, dear, I guess the honeymoon is over."

"Why do you say that?" pouted the bride.

"I've been taking stock and find I'm down to $2.65."

Cure For Consumption.—For consumption, weak lungs, lingering coughs, laryngitis and bronchitis. Names and addresses of those only given a few days to live by specialist and doctors, after taking this cure are alive and well, will be sent on request. Write Wm. R. Copeland, 511 Pape Ave., Toronto, Ont.

Colored people in the Union of South Africa outnumber the whites by nearly four to one.

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows.

Nerve.

"What a lot of nerve that man has."

"Isn't it so? Why, he even has the nerve to put pennies on the church plate Sunday morning and look the man right in the eyes while he's doing it."

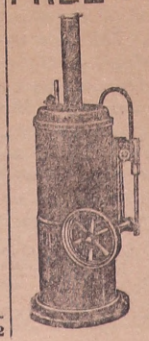
CONSULTING ENGINEER ENDORSES GIN PILLS

29 Broadway, New York.

"I bought some of your GIN PILLS at Victoria, B.C. last September. Your remedy I find, at 60 years of age, to give perfect relief from the Kidney and Bladder Troubles incident to one of my age. I urgently recommend GIN PILLS to friends as being the one thing that does me good." E. G. WOODFORD.

50c. a box, 6 for $2.50. Money back if GIN PILLS fail. Sample free if you write National Drug and Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited, Toronto. 131

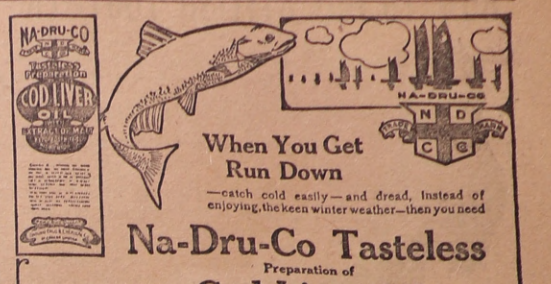
FREE TO BOYS



Toy Steam Engine has blued steel boiler and fire box, fitted with steam whistle, safety valve and single wick spirit burner. Polished brass fittings. Almost one foot high.

Send us your name and address and we will send you 30 sets of Christmas, scenic and floral post cards to sell at 10 cents a set (six beautiful cards in each set). When sold send us the money, and we will send you the engine, all charges prepaid. Write to-day. Address

HOMER-WARREN CO.
Dept. 139, Toronto



When You Get Run Down

—catch cold easily—and dread, instead of enjoying the keen winter weather—then you need

Na-Dru-Co Tasteless

Preparation of

Cod Liver Oil

This Na-Dru-Co Compound embodies the well-known nutritive and curative elements of Cod Liver Oil—Hypophosphites to build up the nerves—Extract of Wild Cherry to act on the lungs and bronchial tubes—and Extract of Malt, which, besides containing valuable nutriment itself, helps the weakened digestive organs to assimilate other food.

The disagreeable taste of raw Cod Liver Oil is entirely absent, and the Compound is decidedly pleasant to take. In 50c. and $1.00 bottles, at your Druggist's. 306

NATIONAL DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO. OF CANADA, LIMITED.

COMPLETE CANDY STORE

BOYS AND GIRLS. OWN A CANDY STORE OF YOUR OWN.

This elegant store is the greatest money making and pleasure providing outfit ever offered and you can start in to-day selling the finest candies to all your friends.

Each of these wonderful stores contains a complete store of fine Chocolates, Bonbons, Butter Scotch, Lozenges, Candy Balls, Kisses, etc., etc., all in lovely glass jars and metal candy cases, the same as in any big candy store.

We also provide a fine counter with drawers for stock, the magnificent set of candy scales you see above, complete with weights and platforms, a fine set of bright metal scoops to serve the candy with, a stock of Bonbon boxes, candy bags and in fact every necessity of the candy store business.

Then besides all this wonderful stock of candies and store fittings, WE GIVE YOU THIS ELEGANT CASH REGISTER AS AN EXTRA PRESENT.

It is an exact model of the big cash registers costing $100.00 each and rings up every sale made. It is complete with bank lock and keys and is a wonderful present in itself.

Boys and girls, get this candy store and you will be the envy of all your friends. We will give it to you complete with the elegant cash register and all, if you will sell among your friends, only 30 bottles of our delightful Royal Japanese Perfumes at only 10c. each. They come in six lovely odors—White Rose, Carnation, Lily of the Valley, Heliotrope, Wood Violet and Jockey Club, put up in fine large bottles with beautiful gold floral labels. Everybody wants this lovely perfume at only 10c. a bottle. It sells like hot cakes.

Send and get the perfume to-day. We trust you with it. When sold, return our money, only $3.00, and the complete candy store, exactly as illustrated above, cash register and all, will be sent to you ABSOLUTELY FREE. This is a wonderful offer to bright boys and girls. Be the first in your neighborhood to get this wonderful store. Address,

NATIONAL PRODUCTS, LIMITED
Dept. C. 309 TORONTO, CANADA.

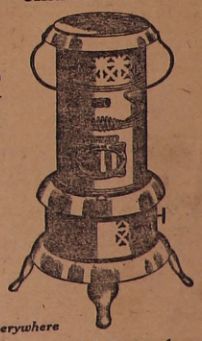
PERFECTION SMOKELESS OIL HEATER

Efficient. Will heat a good sized room even in the coldest weather.

Economical. Burns nine hours on one gallon of oil.

Ornamental. Nickel trimmings; plain steel or enameled turquoise-blue drums.

Portable. Easily carried from room to room; weighs only eleven pounds; handle doesn't get hot.



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Easily Cleaned and Re-wicked
Inexpensive
Lasts for years

At Dealers Everywhere

THE IMPERIAL OIL COMPANY, Limited
TORONTO MONTREAL WINNIPEG ST. JOHN HALIFAX

MALE HELP WANTED.

BY NEXT SPRING THE RAILWAYS will require Five Hundred Telegraphers and Station Agents. Good wages and advancement rapid. School endorsed by railways and has direct telegraph wire connection. Free Book 19 explains. Dominion School Railroading, Toronto.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CANCER, TUMORS, LUMPS, etc. internal and external, cured without pain by our home treatment. Write us before too late. Dr. Bellmas Medical Co. Limited, Collingwood, Ont.

LEARN SILVER PLATING—PARTICULARS free. Specialties Agency, Box 1826, Winnipeg.

LANGMUIR'S CREOSOTE Shingle Stains
Protect — Preserve — Beautify
Samples and Booklets on Application
JAMES LANGMUIR & CO., Limited
1374 Bathurst Street TORONTO

The Heart of a Piano is the Action. Insist on the "OTTO HIGEL" Piano Action

TANKS ALL SIZES AND KINDS Smoke Stacks and Flues, Water Flumes, Engines and Boilers
POLSON IRON WORKS, LIMITED, TORONTO
Engineers and Shipbuilders.

FARMS FOR SALE.

H. W. DAWSON, Ninety Colborne Street, Toronto.

HUNDRED ACRES—COUNTY HALTON: Good House; Buildings; Orchard. Cheap and on easy terms.

SEVENTY-SIX ACRES WITH GOOD buildings and apple orchard; about five miles from Hamilton.

H. W. DAWSON, Toronto.

TWO CREAMERY AND BUTTER FACTORIES in two thriving towns in Western Ontario. Doing good business. Splendid opportunity for the right man. The Western Real Estate, London, Ont.

CHENILLE CURTAINS and all kinds of house hangings, also LACE CURTAINS DYED AND CLEANED LIKE NEW.
Write to us about yours. Gold Medalist.
BRITISH AMERICAN DYEING CO. Box 237, Montreal

Send your Raw FURS to John Hallam

Sixty Thousand trappers now send us their Raw Furs. Why not you? We pay highest prices and express charges, charge no commission and send money same day goods are received. Millions of dollars are paid trappers each year. Deal with a reliable house. We are the largest in our line in Canada.

FREE Our "Up to the minute" Fur quotations and the last Edition of HALLAM'S TRAPPERS GUIDE, a book of 96 pages, mailed FREE. Write to-day to John Hallam, Mail Dept. 80, TORONTO, 111 Front St. E.

HOW TO BUY STYLISH FOOTWEAR

If you buy a first class Shoe, don't you want that Shoe made in the latest style?

THE POPULAR SHOE STORE can furnish you with all the newest and smartest styles for Men, Women and Children.

See our lines in:

Ladies' Patent, Gun Metal or Tan Boots, button "Americana" or lace, from ..... $2.00 to $4.50 per pair

Our stock of Felt and Fleece Lined Boots are admired by all who have seen them—so cosy and warm, stylish and low in price, from ..... $1.35 to $2.50

Men's "Invictus" Shoes originate the shapes that lead the Shoe style sin Canada. Call and examine our Patent, Gun Metal, Tan, button or lace.

We Are Headquarters For Rubbers This Fall

Carrying all the best brands:

Men's Fine Rubbers, from ..... 75c. to $1.00 pair

Women's Fine Rubbers, from ..... 50c. to 85c. pair

OUR WINTER HOSIERY STOCK is now complete. You should see our LEADER in Women's all wool Stockings, only ..... 25c. pair

LLAMA CASHMERE, only ..... 45c. pair

We take the lead in Hand Made Work.

Always welcome whether you buy or not, at

GEO. E. REYNOLDS
SHOE KING

THE MERIT OF THE FIXED PREMIUM

¶Recent events in the domain of life insurance afford another illustration of the superiority of the Fixed Premium system, under which the regular legal reserve companies operate.

¶In the evening of life, when earning power is declining, a man's monetary obligations should grow less, rather than greater.

¶That is just what happens when profits are applied to reduce premiums annually, or when payments cease altogether at the end of the term, as is the case in

THE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA

BURROWS, of Belleville,
General Agent.

Agents wanted.

Mouth-Breathing

A correspondent writes to ask, "Why do I wake in the morning with a dry, uncomfortable throat and a bad taste in my mouth, in spite of the fact that I scrupulously obey all the laws of bedroom ventilation?" The question must be answered with another: "Do you sleep with your mouth open?" If you do, you are sure to feel wretched when you wake, for all night long you have been doing yourself harm instead of good.

The air you breathe should reach your lungs warmed and purified and moistened; instead of that, it has entered them cold and harsh and germ-laden. Can you wonder, then, that you wake tired and unrefreshed, that your throat is sore and hoarse, or that the night was made fearful by nightmares?

Mouth-breathing means a poor complexion, a seriously-altered expression of the face, and injured teeth. Many a young girl, once she has come to realize these facts, has cured herself in a few weeks or months. An appeal to her reasonable human vanity has accomplished speedily what years of nagging might have failed to bring about.

In some cases the cure depends upon the removal of mechanical obstructions to proper breathing. If the whole nasal cavity is filled with growths that only the surgeon can deal with, breathing, except through the mouth, becomes impossible. But when a mouth-breather has learned that the nasal passages are not impeded, he must address himself patiently to correcting this bad habit.

He must take breathing exercises at regular intervals, and keep his mouth firmly closed except while eating or talking. To assist in breaking up the habit during sleep, he will sometimes find it a good plan to pass a light bandage under his chin and fasten it at the top of his head, or to close his lips with a little strip of surgeon's plaster.—Youth's Companion.

Double Track the C. P. R.

A Winnipeg despatch says: Chief Engineer Sullivan, of the C. P. R., announced this morning at the Railway Commission meeting that the C. P. R. would begin shortly the construction of two more tracks between Brandon and Fort William, making a four-track road for 600 miles.

The vice-president said the company at the same time would begin double-tracking their road from Montreal to Fort William.

Distribution of Seed Grain And Potatoes

From The Dominion Experimental Farms

By instructions the Hon. Minister of Agriculture a distribution of superior sorts of grain and potatoes will be made during the coming winter and spring to Canadian farmers. The samples for general distribution will consist of spring wheat (5 lbs.), white oats (4 lbs.), barley (5 lbs.) and field peas (5 lbs.). These will be sent out from Ottawa. A distributioh of potatoes (in 3 lb. samples) will be carried on from several of the experimental farms, the Central Farm at Ottawa supplying only the provinces of Ontario and Quebec. All samples will be sent free, by mail.

Applicants must give particulars in regard to the soil on their farms, and some account of their experience with such kinds of grain (or potatoes) as they have grown, so that a promising sort for their conditions may be selected.

Each application must be separate and must be signed by the applicant. Only one sample of grain and one of potatoes can be sent to each farm. Applications on any kind of printed form cannot be accepted. If two or more samples are asked for in the same letter only one will be sent.

As the supply of seed is limited, farmers are advised to apply early; but the applications will not necessarily be filled in the exact order in which they are received. Preference will always be given to the most thoughtful and explicit requests. Applications received after the end of January will probably be too late.

All applications for grain (and applications from the provinces of Ontario and Quebec for potatoes) should be addressed to the Dominion Cerealist, Central Experimental Farm, Ottawa. Such applications require no postage. If otherwise addressed delay and disappointment may occur.

Applications, for potatoes, from farmers in any other province should be addressed (postage prepaid) to the Superintendent of the nearest Branch Experimental Farm in that province.

J. H. GRISDALE,
Director, Dominion Experimental Farms.

Is your husband cross? An irritable, fault finding disposition is often due to a disordered stomach. A man with good digestion is nearly always good natured. A great many have been permanently cured of stomach trouble by taking Chamberlain's Tablets. For sale by all dealers.

HARDWARE

We keep everything in the line of

STOVES

See our line of Cook Stoves finished with onyx tiled back, nickle plated closet door and panel with mirror.

We can give you the best that brains, skilled mechanics and good material can produce.

Every Stove guaranteed.

We keep heaters of every description, from the cheap Heater to the best Base Burner.

See our line of Base Burners before you buy.

If you want a Furnace call and see us.

Our prices are rock bottom.

L. & R. W. MEIKLEJOHN
Phone No. 13

During the past generation thousands of young men have come from China to the United States for an education. This fall the Chinese government sends a group of young women. Their coming indicates the rate at which China is advancing, and suggests the part that woman will have in remaking that ancient empire. The young women began their studies last month, some at Mount Holyoke, others at the University of Michigan. How strange it will seem to them at first—how terrifying, perhaps! And what a revelation they are going to have of the frendliness of American girlhood and the delights of basketball and fudge!

Special Clubbing Offers

The NEWS-ARGUS will be sent for one year with any of the papers named at the following rates:

Weekly Globe to Jan 1, 1914	$1.60
Weekly Mail and Empire to Jan. 1, 1914	1.60
Weekly Sun	1.70
Weekly Witness	1.80
Family Herald and Weekly Star	1.80
Toronto Daily Star	2.25
Toronto Daily News	2.25
Daily Globe	4.75
Daily Mail and Empire	4.75

These prices do not apply to subscriptions to the United States.

The NEWS-ARGUS to new subscribers to Dec. 31, 1913 for $1.00.

PATENTS PROMPTLY SECURED

In all countries. Ask for our INVENTOR'S ADVISER, which will be sent free.
MARION & MARION,
364 University St., Montréal.

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OVER 65 YEARS' EXPERIENCE
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DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS &C.
Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.
Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the
Scientific American.
A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms for Canada, $3.75 a year, postage prepaid. Sold by all newsdealers.
MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

Special Train To Portland, Maine, For Sailing S. S. "Teutonic" Dec., 14th.

For the accommodation of passengers sailing on the White Star-Dominion Line Steamship "Teutonic" from Portland, Maine, December 14th, the Grand Trunk Railway will run a special train consisting of Vestibuled Coaches, Tourist and First Class Standard Pullman Sleeping Cars, leaving Toronto at 1.15 p. m., Friday December 13th, running direct to the Dock at Portland, arriving there at 9.00 a. m., December 14th. Berth reservations, tickets, and full particulars can be obtained from nearest Grand Trunk Agent, or write A. E. Duff, D. P. A., Union Station, Toronto, Ontario. A. F. McDonell, Agent, Stirling. Phone 6.

One hundred and seventy new post-offices were opened during the past three months.

Turkey, when confronted with the danger of losing her European possessions, hastened to grant the demand of Italy that she surrender what little was left to her in Africa. That is why the treaty of peace between Italy and Turkey was signed on the eve of the outbreak of hostilities in the Balkans. Italy now controls a part of the ancient Libya that once belonged to the great Roman Empire, and laws for Africa will once more be made on the banks of the Tiber.

Lumber, Lath
AND SHINGLES

All kinds of dressed and undressed lumber on hand.

Also, Lath and Shingles of the very best quality.

J. W. HAIGHT.

Farms and Village Property For Sale

Farms situated in Rawdon, Hungerford and Thurlow, and two choice village properties.

A General Insurance business transacted. No fees charged on renewals or new business.

For full particulars write

W. S. MARTIN & SON
Stirling

Breeders

Insure you Live Stock, Stallions, and in foal Mares.

Why risk the lives of your high-bred stock, or the life of a valuable mare and foal, when a policy in the

General Animals Insurance Co. of Canada

Will protect them. For full information as to rates, write or apply to

MORDEN BIRD,
Agent, Stirling

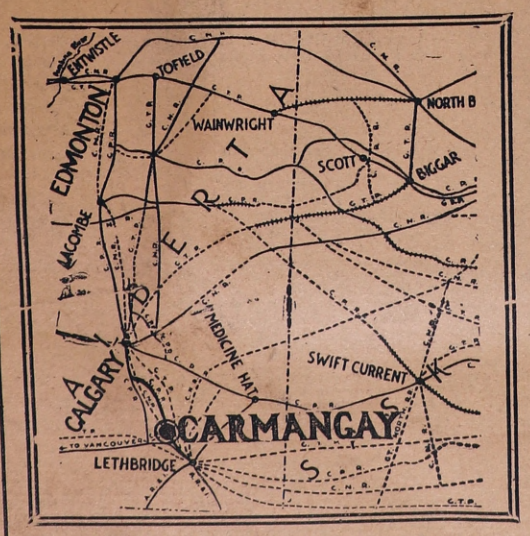
Representing first-class Fire, Accident and Health Insurance Companies.

SOUTHERN ALBERTA, THE SUNNY AND THE GOLDEN

CARMANGAY

NATURE'S FAVORITE

Nature made the future of Carmangay absolutely certain. Agriculture and industry must follow when Nature shows the way.



CARMANGAY has the finest climate in Canada.

CARMANGAY has the purest water supply in the Western Prairies. The railroads appreciate this, as the water is free from alkali, and they have planned accordingly.

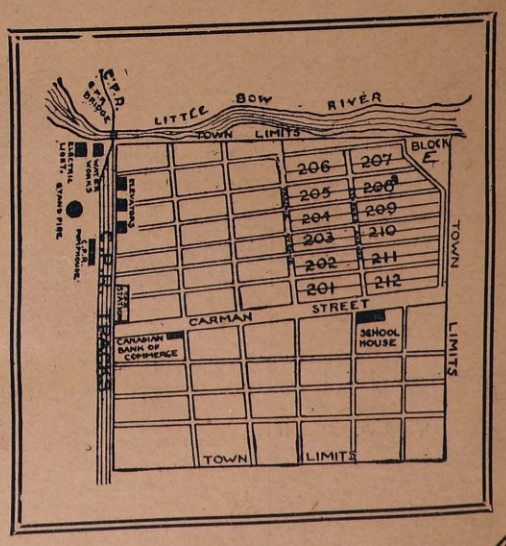
CARMANGAY has abundant coal within a few miles. Again the railroads appreciate this. Industries must go where coal and railroads join. Pittsburg, Pa., is an example.

CARMANGAY has inexhaustible quarries of the finest building material.

CARMANGAY has two banks, although the present population is but five hundred. The bankers know what is coming, and also that the first comers will reap the rewards of foresight.

CARMANGAY has a $60,000 school. Others will soon be required.

CARMANGAY has three large elevators, and plans for others are completed.



CARMANGAY is on the main line of the Canadian Pacific from Calgary to Lethbridge. This line was completed only five months ago, which accounts for the fact that property in this most desirable townsite in Southern Alberta is now available. We strongly recommend our clients to act promptly, as Carmangay offers such an unusual opportunity for investment that Western buyers will rapidly take up the remaining lots within the town limits.

We wish to impress upon our friends that the Carmangay property is not a subdivision. It is a portion of the original townsite, and is indicated by the words "Block E" in the diagram. It will be noted that the property is within the town limits, and adjoining the best residential district. We repeat, quick action is necessary. To our clients for whom we have made money in the past this recommendation from us will be sufficient incentive for promptness.

Please write name and address plainly in coupon in opposite corner, and mail without delay. Allotments will be made in the order that applications are received. First come, first served.

The Western Canada Real Estate Company
502 Temple Building, Toronto

Please mail me descriptive folder on Carmangay.

Name .....

Address .....

WESTERN CANADA REAL ESTATE CO.
502 TEMPLE BUILDING, TORONTO

THE STIRLING NEWS-ARGUS.

$1.00 PER ANNUM IN ADVANCE.
$1.25 IF NOT PAID IN ADVANCE.

STIRLING, HASTINGS COUNTY, ONT., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 21, 1912.

Vol. XXXIV, No. 10.

WHAT WE HAVE TO OFFER

The Best Brand of Overcoats ever shown in Stirling, at.....$8.00, $9.00, $10.00, to $20.00

"The Ward Brand" of Ready-to-Wear suits, up-to-the-minute in style, $7.50, $8.50, $9.00, $10.00 to $20.00

500 choice patterns in Suitings made to your ORDER, from.....$14.00 to $25.00

Men's and Boys' Sweater Coats.....50c. to $5.00

Men's and Boys' Uuderwear,.....75c. to $5.00 per suit

KNOCK-ABOUT SUITS

We have a few Suits in sizes 33 to 36, at **$2.50**, the price of a suit of Overalls, but we don't want you to think they are up-to-date in style, because they are not, but they are good wearing suits that sold from $5.00 to $8.00, but you can have Coat, Vest and Pants for $2.50, at

FRED. T. WARD'S,
MEN'S WEAR SPECIALIST.

COOK & FOX

"THE STORE OF QUALITY"

More Ladies' & Misses' Winter Coats

We are now offering the latest novelties in Ladies' and Misses' Coats and we guarantee them to be the best that can be bought for the money. By the best we mean supreme in every respect. Best styles, best materials, and best workmanship.

JOHNNY COATS

The latest call in Coat fashion. Dressy and very comfortable. These come in cut-away and 54 in. straight styles. Made from finest materials, reversible Chinchillas and Tweeds. Prices.....$15.00 and $17.50

FUR-TRIMMED COATS

Ladies' Coats, fine quality Beaver shell, large Fur collar, quilted lining throughout, very special.....$15.00

FUR-LINED COATS

Latest style, best quality Beaver shell, NATURAL SABLE collar and best rat lining. This is the best Coat money can buy.
Our special price.....$50.00

CHILDREN'S COATS

All styles, sizes and prices..... $2.50 to $5.50 each

SPECIALS

LADIES' HANDKERCHIEFS—Reg. 5c.....12 for 25c
LADIES' LINEN COLLARS—Fine quality Linen, fancy embroidered designs, reg. 20c quality, our price.....15c. All sizes.
LADIES' UNDERWEAR—Fine quality, even weave, Vests and Drawers, Gray or White, special.....25c. each

GROCERY SPECIALS

New Currants.....3 lbs. for 25c
Seedless Raisins.....3 lbs. for 25c
Large Prunes, 60's and 70's, reg. 12½c.....3 lbs. for 25c
Rolled Oats.....8 lbs. for 25c
Rolled Wheat, best quality.....8 lbs. for 25c
Fresh Corn Flakes.....3 for 25c
Puffed Wheat, Post Toasties, Krinkle Corn Flake.....3 for 25c
Best Green Ceylon Tea, reg. 30c. for.....25c
If you use this once you will always use it.
Finest Peels, Lemon, Orange and Citron.....20c. lb
Canned Huckleberries, reg. 15c., special.....10c. can
Canned French Peas, reg. 15c.....2 for 25c
Infants' Delight Soap, per dozen.....90c
If you want the best buy it here and save money.

FOWL! FOWL! FOWL!

We are the largest buyers of all kinds of Dressed Poultry. Bring them in any day of the week.

HOW TO DRESS:

All must be dry picked, all feathers off, not drawn. Heads on Turkeys and Chickens. Heads off Geese and Ducks. Turkeys bled in mouth. Few wing feathers on. Prices:

Chickens.....12c.
Hens.....8c.
Ducks.....12c.
Geese.....10c.
Turkeys.....17c.

Highest price for all kinds of Produce, Dried Apples, Butter, Fowl, etc. Phone 43 Goods promptly delivered

UNION BANK OF CANADA

Paid-up Capital, Reserve Fund and Undivided Profits (Over) **$8,175,000**
Total Assets (Over) **$63,000,000**

You Can Always Get Your Money Promptly

if it is deposited in the Union Bank of Canada. When that unforeseen need arises, or an opportunity comes to make an exceptionally profitable cash deal, it is worth much to be able to get your cash without delay.

Meanwhile it is absolutely safe and is earning Interest all the time.

STIRLING BRANCH—W. S. MARTIN, Manager.

LONDON, ENG., BRANCH, 64 Threadneedle, St. E.C. { F. W. ASHE, - - - Manager. G. M. C. HART SMITH, Assistant Manager.

What European War Would Mean

Under the heading, "What a Great European War Would Really Be," Mr. Edmond Thery, president of the Association of Economic and Financial Press, has just published an article which deals with the matter from the standpoint of its effect on the world's business.

"The war in Eastern Europe reproduces," he says, "on a very small scale the horrible spectacle that Europe would present if the great military nations came to a conflict. Instead of being fought between small standing armies, as formerly, such a war would engage real national armies, including the whole of the able-bodied citizens of the countries concerned. Such a conflict it is impossible to allow, since it would be a war of extermination in the most frightful sense of the word, one which would ruin all the nations of Europe without any distinction, and which would set back civilization for more than a century.

"Regarding it simply from the standpoint of economics and finance, it must not be forgotten that the whole edifice of civilization, social progress, and human well-being rests on public credit, which is the most fragile thing in the world."

Immigration to Canada

During the seven months, April 1 to November 1, of the current fiscal year, 300,841 immigrants arrived in Canada. Of this number 200,701 arrived at ocean ports, and 100,140 from the United States. These figures show an increase of 13 per cent. as compared with the number of arrivals for the corresponding months of last fiscal year, which were 172,260 at ocean ports, and 93,573 from the United States, making a total for the seven months, April 1 to November 1, 1911, of 265,833 persons.

During the month of October, this year, there were 27,192 arrivals 16,711 of them having been at ocean ports, and 10,481 from the United States, as against 23,902 for October last year, 13,646 of whom were at ocean ports, and 10,256 from the States.

The immigration to Canada for the last seven months is three times as great as the population of the Province of Prince Edward Island, or thirty-five times that of the Yukon. It would take six hundred and one passenger trains of ten coaches each, averaging fifty persons to a coach, to accomodate this number of immigrants.

Same Old Mormonism

(W. Shearer in Presbyterian)

It may not be generally known, but it is a fact nevertheless that the Mormon church has entrenched itself so strongly in Southern Alberta that nothing short of a miracle will uproot it. It is also a fact that the Mormon church purposes using this thriving colony as a vantage from which to carry on an aggressive work of proselytizing all over Canada. And the Mormonism of Alberta is the same old Mormonism that has defied church and state in the United States of America for eighty years.

Prices of Coal in Other Places

The Belleville Ontario says:

The regular prices of hard coal prevailing in different parts of Ontario which we clip from our different exchanges will prove of interest to our readers:—

Montreal	$8.25 to $9.00
London	8.00
Hamilton	8.00
Peterboro	8.25 to 8.50
St. Catharines	7.25 to 7.50
Chatham	7.50
Woodstock	8.00
Sarnia	7.50 to 8.00
Picton	8.75
Kingston	7.50 to 7.75
Gananoque	7.00 to 7.25
Belleville	9.00

In Stirling the price now quoted is $9.50 per ton.

During the month of October there were 104 workmen killed and 324 injured in Canada, according to the records of the Dominion Labor Bureau. This emphasizes the necessity of some effective method of compensation.

Madoc Junction Items

Miss Gladys Alley, of Campbellford, visited her mother here recently.

Mr. Albert Welsh, of Moira, is in the G. T. R. office here learning telegraphy.

Mr. A. M. St. John visited Mr. and Mrs. Andrews recently.

Special services are being conducted here every night this week by Rev. E. A. Tonkin.

There will be two services on Sunday, afternoon and evening, conducted by the Presbyterian minister from Foxboro and our own pastor.

Miss Hattie Barker, of Toronto, is visiting her mother, Mrs. Rev. Barker, who has been very ill again.

A number of our church folk heard two excellent sermons at the Anniversary services in Stirling a week ago last Sabbath; also at the Anniversary services last Sabbath at Holloway.

Mrs. Wickens has been very ill for the past three weeks but is improving and we hope will soon be around again.

Master Bertie Andrews has been on the sick list but is able to be at school again.

The news of the death of Prof. Monroe came as a shock to his many friends and pupils here. A verse of a favorite hymn of his comes to us as we write

Abide with us dear Lord unto the last,
Be near as thro' the shady veil we pass,
Be thou our guide, all thro' the swelling tide;
Be near to welcome to the other side.

Sarginson Jottings

Miss Minnie McKeown has gone to Stirling to assist in clerking at Mr. Mather's store.

Mr. and Mrs. John Pollock and Miss Annie Maybee spent Sunday at Mr. Manley Shortt's.

Mrs. Sandford Meiklejohn spent a few days last week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Meiklejohn.

One of our young men on the town Fne drove to Campbellford on Sunday. We wonder why?

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Morton spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Scarlett.

The young people of this vicinity are making preparations for a school concert in the near future. Watch for the date.

A quiet wedding took place at the home of Mr. Chester Meiklejohn on Wednesday ths 13th, when his youngest sister, Ethel, was united in marriage to Mr. Ferguson Washington, of Weyburn, Sask.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Clements, of Ivanhoe, spent Sunday at Mr. Morley Murray's.

Mrs. Philip Wright

Greenleaf township lost one of her pioneer settlers in the death of Mrs. Philip Wright, on Saturday evening. She had been a resident of that section of Sanilac county for over half a century and her death followed an illness of two weeks' duration.

She was born in Hastings County, Ontario, 75 years ago, where she grew to womanhood. She married Philip Wright, at Belleville, Ont., and they came to Michigan in 1861 and settled on the Derby farm 3½ miles east of Cass City. After Mr. Wright was discharged from the Union army on July 16, 1865, he and Mrs. Wright homesteaded a tract of land in Greenleaf township. Mr. Wright died five years ago and Mrs. Wright has spent the late years with her son, Philip, on the homestead where she has lived since '65. She was a member of the Baptist church.

The funeral services were held at the residence Tuesday afternoon, Rev. H. C. Hayward officiating. Her death is mourned by eight children, Mrs. Geo. Colwell, Mrs. Emma Forin, Albert Wright and Mrs. Minnie McConnell, all of Detroit, and John W. Wright, Philip Wright, Edward Wright and Fred Wright, all of Greenleaf township. Other relatives are Mrs. Willet Wright, her stepmother and the following brothers and sisters: Mrs. Allen Barnes, Grant McConnell and Charles McConnell of Greenleaf; Wm. McConnell, of Wahjamega; Mrs. Robt. Charlton, of Novesta and Geo. McConnell, of Cass City.—Com.

The Northumberland and Durham Association carries off $350 in an apple competition at the Ontario Horticultural Exhibition.

Is your husband cross? An irritable, fault finding disposition is often due to a disordered stomach. A man with good digestion is nearly always good natured. A great many have been permanently cured of stomach trouble by taking Chamberlain's Tablets. For sale by all dealers.

STERLING HALL

The phenomenal success attending the opening days of our great

Going-Out-Of-Business Sale

stimulates us to keep up during its continuance a daily renewal of

WHIRLWIND BARGAINS

This is your Golden Opportunity to secure your Winter wants at price concessions never before attempted in the history of Stirling's merchandising.

Dress Goods and Silks

Priestley's celebrated Black Dress Goods, $1.25 and $1.00 lines on sale at - - 79c. yd

Fine Lustrous British Peau-de-Soie Silks, in colors, 50c. line for - - - 33c. yd

BOYS' CLOTHING

Knicker Pants, all sizes, $1.00 and $1.25 values for 67c

Boys' Suits, all sizes, 2 and 3 piece, Dark Tweeds and Worsteds, $5.00 values $3.79, $6.00 values $4.29, $4.00 values $2.29.

Lovers Of Lipton's Black T

Here's a chance for profit:
Lipton's 40c. Black TEA in tins for - - - 34c. lb
Lipton's 50c. Black TEA in tins for - - - 39c. lb
Produce taken in exchange.

MATHER-LUERY COMPANY, LIMITED.

Bank of Montreal

Established - 1817

CAPITAL, (ALL PAID).....$16,000,000.00
REST..... 16,000,000.00
UNDIVIDED PROFITS (April 30, 1912) 696,463.27

A General Banking Business transacted.

Stirling Branch
Bank Corner

T. F. BUTLER YEATS
Manager.

AN OPPORTUNITY

FOR A RELIABLE MAN

IN STIRLING

A thoroughly responsible concern would like to get in touch with someone well known in STIRLING and district, someone who can follow up inquiries and intelligently present a high-class proposition. References required—must have someone who will not misrepresent—simply state facts. This is a permanent and highly profitable position for the right man. Apply

H. W. McCURDY, 502 Temple Building, Toronto, Ont.

THE NEWS-ARGUS to new subscribers to Dec. 31st, 1913 for only $1.00.

A Good Point to Remember
When Buying Fountain Pens.

The Genuine.
$2.50
Up

At All
the Best
Stores

Illustrated folder sent upon request.
L. E. Waterman Company, Limited.
Montreal.
107 Notre Dame St., W.

ONLY A MONTH;

OR, A CURIOUS MYSTERY EXPLAINED.

CHAPTER XXIV.—(Cont'd)

Poor Frithiof was far too much stunned to be able to feel any gratitude for this. Mr. Horner, however, left him no time to reply.

"I think you have taken leave of your senses, Boniface," he said vehemently. "Save yourself the annoyance of prosecuting, if you like; but it is grossly unfair to the rest of your employees to keep a thief in your house. If there is one thing noticeable in all successful concerns it is that uncompromising severity is shown to even trifling errors, even to carelessness."

"My business has hitherto been successful," said Mr. Boniface, quietly, "and I have never gone on that principle, and never will. Why are we to have a law of mercy and rigidly to exclude it from every-day life? But that is the way of the world. It manages, while calling itself Christian, to shirk most of Christ's commands."

"I tell you," said Mr. Horner, who was now in a towering passion, "that it is utterly against the very rules of religion. The fellow is not repentant; he persists in sticking to a lie, and yet you weakly forgive him."

"If," said Mr. Bonifare, quietly, "you knew a little more of Frithiof Falck you would know that it is quite impossible that he could consciously have taken the money. When he took it he was not himself. If he had wanted to hide it—to steal it—why did he actually return to the shop with it in his possession? He might easily have disposed of it while he was out."

"If that is your ground, then I object to having a man on my premises who is afflicted with kleptomania. But it is not so. The fellow is as long-headed and quick-witted as any one I know; he has managed to hoodwink you, but from the first I saw through him, and knew him to be a designing—"

"Sir," broke in Frithiof, turning to Mr. Boniface, "this is more than I can endure. For God's sake call back the detective, examine further into this mystery; there must be some explanation!"

"How can any man examine further?" said Mr. Boniface, sadly. "The note is missed, and is actually found upon you. The only possible explanation is that you were not yourself when you took it."

"Then the least you can do is to dismiss him," resumed Mr. Horner. But Mr. Boniface interrupted him very sharply.

"You will please remember, James, that you are in no way concerned with the engagement or dismissal of those employed in this house. That is entirely my affair, as is set forth in our deed of partnership."

"Which partnership will need renewing in another six months," said Mr. Horner, growing red with anger. "And I give you fair warning that if this dishonest fellow is kept on I shall then withdraw my capital and retire from the business."

With this Parthian shot he went out, banging the door behind him.

Frithiof had borne in silence all the taunts and insults showered on him. "Sir," he said, trying in vain to govern his voice, "you have been very good to me; but it will be best that I should go."

"I would not have you leave for the world," said Mr. Boniface. "Remember that your sisters are dependent on you. You must think first of them."

"No," said Frithiof, firmly; "I must first think of what I owe to you. It would be intolerable to me to feel that I had really brought any loss on you through Mr. Horner's anger. I must go."

"Nonsense," said Mr. Boniface; "I can not hear of such a thing.. Why, how do you think you would get another situation with this mystery still hanging over you? I, who know you so well, am convinced of your perfect freedom from blame; but strangers could not possibly be convinced of it."

Frithiof was silent; he thought of Sigrid and Swanhild suffering through his trouble, he remembered his terrible search for work when he had first come to London, and he realized that it was chiefly his own pride that prompted him never to return to the shop.

"If you are indeed willing that I should stay," he said at length, "then I will stay. But your theory—the theory that makes you willing still to trust me—is mistaken. I know that there is not a minute in this day when my head has not been perfectly clear."

"My dear fellow, you must allow me to keep what theory I please. There is no other explanation than this, and you would be wisest if you accepted it yourself."

"That is impossible," said Frithiof, sadly.

"It is equally impossible that I can doubt the evidence of my own senses. The note was there, and you can't possibly explain its presence. How is it possible that Darnell could have crossed over to your till, taken out the note and pinned it in your pocket? Besides, what motive could he have for doing such a thing?"

"I don't know," said Frithiof; "yet I shall swear to my dying day that I never did it myself."

"Well, there is no use in arguing the point," said Robert Boniface, wearily. "It is enough for me that I can account to myself for what must otherwise be an extraordinary mystery. You had better go back to your work now, and do not worry over the affair. Remember that I do not hold you responsible for what has happened."

After this, of course nothing more could be said.

CHAPTER XXV.

As he walked down the sort of avenue of pianos and harmoniums in the inner shop, there came to his mind, why, he could not have told, words spoken to him long before by that customer who had left on his mind so lasting an impression, "Courage! the worst will pass." Though he could not exactly believe the words, yet he clung to them with a sort of desperation. Also he happened to notice the clock, and practically adopted Sydney Smith's wise maxim, "Take short views."

None of them said good-night to him when he left for home; they were not intentionally unkind, but they were awkward, and they felt that the strange affair of the afternoon had made a great gulf between them and the culprit. Very slowly he walked through the noisy streets, very reluctantly crossed the great court-yard, and mounted flight after flight of stairs. At the threshold he hesitated, wondering whether it would be possible to shield them from the knowledge. He could hear Sigrid singing in the kitchen as she prepared the supper, and something told him that it would be impossible to conceal his trouble from her. With a sigh he opened the door into the sitting room; it looked very bright and cheerful; Swanhild stood at the open window watering the flowers in the window-box, red and white geraniums and southern-wood, grown from cuttings given by Cecil. She gave him her usual merry greeting.

"Come and look at my garden, Frithiof," she said. "Doesn't it look lovely?"

"Why, you are late," said Sigrid, coming in with the cocoa, her face a little flushed with the fire, which was trying on that summer day. Then, glancing at him, "How tired you look! Come, sit down and eat. I have got a German sausage that even Herr Siverstsen would not grumble at. The heat has tired you, and you will feel better after you have had something."

He eat obediently, though the food almost choked him; Swanhild, fancying that he had one of his bad headaches, grew quiet, and afterward was not surprised to find that he did not as usual get out his writing materials, but asked Sigrid to go out with him for a turn.

"You are too tired to try the translating?" she asked.

"Yes, I'll try it later," he said; "but let us have half an hours' walk together now."

She consented at once, and went to put on her hat, well knowing that Frithiof never shirked his work without good reason; then leaving strict orders with Swanhild not to sit up after nine, they left her absorbed in English history, and went down into the cool clear twilight. Some children were playing quietly in the court-yard; Sigrid stopped for a minute to speak to one of them.

"Is your father better this evening?" she asked.

"Yes, miss, and he's a-goin' back to work to-morrow," replied the child, lifting a beaming face to the friendly Norwegian lady.

"I should have thought you had troubles enough of your own," he said, moodily, "without bothering yourself with other people's."

"But since our own troubles I have somehow cared more about them; I don't feel afraid as I used to do of sick people, and people who have lost those belonging to them. I want always to get nearer to them."

"Sigrid," he said, desperately, "can you bear a fresh trouble for yourself? I have bad news for you to-night."

"Roy?" she asked, breathlessly, her mind instinctively turning first to fears for his safety.

"Oh, no! Roy is still at Paris. They heard to-day that he could not be back in time for the concert. It is I who have brought this trouble on you. Though how it came about God only knows. Listen, and I'll tell you exactly how everything happened."

By this time they had reached one of the parks, and they sat down on a bench under the shade of a great elm-tree. Then very quietly and minutely he told exactly what had passed that afternoon.

"I am glad," she exclaimed when he paused, "that Mr. Boniface was so kind. And yet, how can he think that of you?"

"You do not think it, then?" he asked, looking her full in the face.

"What! think that you took it in absence of mind? Think that it would be possible for you deliberately to take it out of the till and pin it in your own pocket! Why, of course not! In actual delirium, I suppose, a man might do anything, but you are as strong and well as any one else. Of course, you had nothing whatever to do with it, either consciously or unconsciously."

"Yet the thing was somehow there, and the logical inference is, that I must have put it there," he said.

"I don't care a fig for logical inference!" she cried. "All I know is that you had nothing whatever to do with it. If I had to die for maintaining that, I would say it with my last breath."

He caught her hand in his, and held it fast.

"If you still believe in me the worst is over," he said. "With the rest of the world, of course, my character is gone, but there is no help for that."

"But there must be help," said Sigrid. "Some one else must be guilty. The other man in the shop must certainly have put it there."

"For what purpose?" said Frithiof, sadly. "Besides, how could he have done it without my knowledge?"

"I don't know," said Sigrid, beginning to perceive the difficulties of the case. "What sort of a man is he?"

"I used to dislike him at first, and he naturally disliked me because I was a foreigner. But latterly we have got on well enough. He is a very decent sort of fellow, and I don't for a moment believe that he would steal."

"One of you must have done it," said Sigrid. "And as I certainly never could believe that you did it, I am forced to think the other man guilty. Look, Frithiof, why should we wast time and strength in worrying over this? After all, what difference does it make to us in ourselves? Business hours must, of course, be disagreeable enough to you, but at home you must forget the disagreeables; at home you are my hero, unjustly accused, and bearing the penalty of another's crime."

(To be continued.)

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PLANTS AND TOBACCO SMOKE

Many Varieties of Growth Killed by Influence of Tobacco.

Prof. Molisch, the plant physiologist of the University of Prague, has shown in some of his earlier work that large numbers of micro-organisms, plants as well as animals, and the seedlings of higher plants are extremely sensitive to the influence of tobacco smoke, some being even killed thereby. Many of the deleterious effects experienced were formerly attributed to the small quantities of illuminating gas which frequently vitiates the atmosphere of such rooms; but Molisch's experiments left no room for doubt that it is really tobacco smoke that does the harm. His pictures showing the growth of pea and vetch seedlings in the presence and in the absence of tobacco smoke are very striking.

In his more recent experiments he used older plants of various species, including species of spiderwort, echeveria, eupatorium, selaginella and others. None of these plants showed any ill effects from the treatment, although exposed for a long time to an atmosphere filled with tobacco smoke. Other plants, however, responded in various striking ways.

Brehmeria utilis and Splitgerbera bilaba changed their manner of growth. When placed in a large bell jar and a few puffs of smoke from a cigar or cigarette were blown in, the leaves of these plants, ordinarily growing at right angles to the stem—that is, in a horizontal position—began to turn on their stalks, in the course of from twenty-four to forty-eight hours, until they were in a vertical plane. In the case of the brehmeria they continued their rotations beyond this point, describing a spiral. Similar disturbances were produced upon these two plants by illuminating gas. But other plants used in the experiments showed similar effects of tobacco smoke, but did not respond to the illuminating gas.

Earlier experiments showed that various narcotics provoke abnormal developments of the breathing holes on the shoot of the potato. Experiments with tobacco smoke on the potato and on other plants led to the same results, often with the accumulation of masses of liquid under the swollen areas.

In some plants of the bean family the tobacco smoke caused the leaves to drop off in a very short time. The sensitive plant (Mimosa pudica) and the black locust (Robina pseudocacia) and others lost all or nearly all of their leaves in from twenty-four to forty-eight hours after being placed in an atmosphere containing tobacco smoke. To a smaller degree smoke from wood and paper and illuminating gas produced similar results. The fumes of nicotine had very little influence.—Scientific American.

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THE contest is divided into three classes and in only one of these (Class "A") does the amount of cement used count in deciding prize winners. Class "B" is for doing the best concrete work (the size makes no difference). Class "C" is for sending in the best and clearest *description* of how any piece of concrete work was done.

THERE will be four prizes (First, $50; Second, $25; Third, $15; Fourth, $10) in each class in each Province. Thus you have only to compete with other farmers in your own Province, and not with those in all parts of Canada. This gives you the best possible chance to win a $50 prize.

IT COSTS NOTHING TO ENTER—There are absolutely no "strings" to this offer. There is no entry fee or red tape to bother with. You cannot lose, because the improvements you make of concrete in competing for the prizes will be more than worth their cost. We have a book, "*What the Farmer Can Do With Concrete*," that will give you all the information about the use of concrete you can need. It will be sent to you free when you ask us for complete particulars of the Prize Contest. Ask for particulars to-day. Just say "Send me, free, your book and full particulars of the 1912 Prize Contest," on a post card and mail it to-day. Address Publicity Manager,

Canada Cement Company, Limited, 503-554 Herald Bldg., Montreal

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

INTERNATIONAL LESSON, NOVEMBER 24.

Lesson VIII.—The Transfiguration, Mark 9. 2-13. Golden text, Luke 9. 35.

Verse 2. After six days—So in both Mark and Matthew; Luke, however says "about eight days," which is obviously intended to be a less precise statement, as the word "about" indicates.

Peter, and James, and John — The selected group of disciples, forming an inner circle within the larger company, and selected on several other occasions to be the exclusive companions of Jesus at crucial moments in his ministry.

A high mountain—Luke uses the definite article "the," while in 2 Peter 1. 18 the scene of the transfiguration is referred to as "the holy mount." For the place compare introductory paragraph above.

Transfigured — Literally, metamorphosed, or, as Luke, following more nearly the literal sense of the word, has it, altered. Jesus himself refers to what happened as a vision (Matt. 17. 9). However we may explain the event, it was clearly a revelation of reality and no mere mockery of the senses.

3. Glistering — An exceptional word, not occurring again in the New Testament, though used elsewhere in describing the flashing of burnished brass or gold.

As no fuller on earth can whiten them—The fuller's art seems to have consisted in "washing the material with some preparation of lye, beating or rubbing it, and exposing it to the rays of the sun." The cleaning and bleaching involved in this process achieved exceptional results in the whitening of the cloth, as remains of ancient Egyptian linen testify.

4. Elijah with Moses—Usually regarded as representing the two great stages of Old Testament revelation, prophecy and legislation. In reality, however, Moses was as much of a prophet as Elijah, while Elijah was constantly insisting upon the requirements of Jehovah's law.

Talking with Jesus—Concerning his impending decease at Jerusalem (compare Luke 9. 31).

5. Peter answereth—All three synoptists represent Peter as the spokesman of the apostolic group His action under the circumstances is wholly in keeping with his eager, ardent, and impulsive nature.

Rabbi—A customary title by which a pupil addressed his teacher.

Three tabernacles—Or, booths. These on the slopes of Mount Hermon could easily be made from branches of trees. Peter is wholly unselfish and forgetful of the needs of both himself and his two companions, thinking only of the Master and his distinguished visitants.

6. Knew not what to answer—The overwhelming impression of the vision seemed to demand some word in response. Its marvelous nature, however, was conducive to awe and fear rather than to sober reflective thought.

7. There came a cloud—Peter's well-meant but only half coherent proposal is not answered, except in the progress of events incident to the divine manifestation as a whole; of this the overshadowing cloud and the voice out of the cloud were a part.

Hear ye him—Not Moses and the prophets, but Jesus, is hereafter to be their guide and authority.

8. They saw no one any more, save Jesus only—The actual departure of Moses and Elijah it was not given the disciples to witness.

9. As they were coming down—According to Luke, apparently on the morning following the transfiguration.

Save when—The time of the resurrection is left indefinite and contingent.

10. Kept the saying—Obeyed his command to tell no man, though among themselves the strange words of Jesus concerning his resurrection from the dead, together with the event itself, was a matter of frequent conversation and questioning.

11. And they asked him—A further difficulty presents itself to their thinking. According to the teaching of the scribes, the advent of the Messiah was to be preceded by the reappearance of Elijah; but here was an appearance of Elijah after the Messiah's advent, concerning which Jesus had charged them to say nothing.

12. Elijah indeed cometh first — Jesus interpreted this prophecy as having been fulfilled in the life and work of John the Baptist, who came and taught in the spirit of the Old Testament prophet.

Restoreth all things—In the sense of inaugurating a great moral reform movement for the religious betterment and renovation of Israel.

Suffer many things and be set at nought—The humiliation of being despised and rejected by those whom he came to redeem was the severest part of the Master's suffering.

13. They have also done unto him —The three disciples understood that Jesus meant to identify Elijah with John, Matthew's account clearly pointing out the fact that he did. (Matt. 17. 13.)

As it is written of him—What is recorded in the Old Testament regarding Ahab's and Jezebel's treatment of Elijah (1 Kings 19) was typical of Herod's and Herodias's treatment of John.

"MAKING MAN OF CONVICT."

How the Men on the Prison Farm Spend Their Day.

There are no bolts or bars on the Hon. W. J. Hanna's Prison Farm, at Guelph, says Robson Black, writing in November Canada Monthly under the title of "Making a Man of a Convict."

On the day I visited at the farm, one man was assigned to work on a new concrete bridge over the River Speed, built entirely by the prisoners and much admired by Earl Grey and the Duke of Connaught on their visits. He applied himself with diligence and intelligence to his new duty. His surroundings were practically identical with those of the freest man in Canada. A "foreman" instructed him in the mixing of concrete and the manipulation of tools. It was perspiring, back-bending work, but conducted with the camaraderie that helps the hours pass like lightning. Twelve o'clock brought the signal for luncheon. The men formed in line and marched off to the dining hall, where they feasted as well as the best fed farm-laborer in the land. Then a group of four, unattended, shouldered their axes and struck off for a patch of woods half a mile distant, where post cutting was in progress. Five others found a new assignment in straightening out a bend in the river regarded as unconducive to the aesthetic standards of the Farm. Many were needed for the quarry and a corporal's guard manned the lime kiln. A good-tempered fraternity departed for some newly-planned highway. The fine Holstein herds required attention. The dairy took a foreman and five. Two were sent with horse and wagon to repair some broken fencing, and gave a lift to a comrade bound for town to replace a piece of damaged machinery. Such a disposition of two hundred men would read in the annals of twenty-five years ago as the order of a public maniac.

Were the Provincial Secretary of Ontario inclined to boast, he might very easily offer a substantial reward for the duplication in any old-fashioned prison of such occurrences as I am about to relate.

A man of thirty years, whose residence in his native town had been a source of police worry, fastening upon himself the distinction of a professional loafer, took an extra liberty with the law and was awarded a two-month sentence. The officer in charge of the Prison Farm gave him a special job, beautifying a portion of the river bank. Though at first mulish, he quickly evinced a curious pride in his undertaking and when compelled to relinquish it by the expiration of his term was far from jubilant to regain his liberty. Spying Mr. Hanna coming along a path, he accosted him thus:

"I hope you'll see that a good man is placed on this river job. It has been a tough piece of work, sir, and I wouldn't like to hear of it being spoiled."

It was probably the first confession of any interest or ambition that the poor fellow had ever made. The Minister gave him a ready assurance, for to his keen divination the incident was crammed full of significance.

MILLINERY STOCK BURNED.

$35,000 Damage Done by Fire in Hat Works at London.

A despatch from London, Ont., says: Fire that is said to have started in rubbish about the heating plant at the Wright Hat Company's warehouse in Ridout Street Saturday afternoon caused damage estimated at about $35,000. Between $20,000 and $25,000 of this was to the heavy millinery stock, while the remainder was to the plant and equipment. Insurance was carried to the extent of about half of the total loss.

WOMAN BURNED TO DEATH.

Fell Down Stairs and Dropped a Lighted Lamp.

A despatch from Startford says: Mrs. William Daly tripped while carrying a lighted lamp downstairs late Saturday in her house here, and fell to the bottom, where the lamp exploded, saturating Mrs. Daly's clothes with oil, which quickly broke into a mass of flames and burned her to death.

HOG CHOLERA SPREADS.

Fifty More Animals Slain on Farms in Amherstburg vicinity.

A despatch from Windsor says: Since the destruction of a herd of 85 high-class hogs, found suffering with hog cholera, near Amherstburg last week, 50 more hogs have been killed on farms in the immediate neighborhood.

Young Folks

The Ant-Hill.

In their hurry, Teddy and Edna ran right through a small ant-hill.

"Be careful!" cried Teddy. "Oh, let's stop and watch them!"

"Yes," said Edna. "They always seem so busy."

In great numbers the little creatures hurried out of their home. They ran here and there, and did not seem to know what to do or where to go. They may have felt as you or I would feel if the roof of the house were blown off.

"See, Teddy," cried Edna, "some of them are carrying rice!"

"I wonder if that is part of the food they have stored away for winter?" Teddy asked. Edna did not know; so they asked mother.

"No, that is not rice," said mother. "The white things that the ants are carrying out are baby ants. They are called the larvae, or pupae. There are certain workers among the ants whose duty it is to care for these babies. They carry them about, wash them, feed them, and care for them in every way until they are well grown and able to care for themselves.

"Sometimes the nurses for these baby ants are slaves. The ants have fierce, bitter, deadly wars with other tribes, and they carry off the young ants that they capture, and bring them up to work for them. The ants that do this are found in South America, and they are called Amazon-ants. Some of the ants in other countries do the same. When it is warm, these nurse ants carry the baby ants up into the sunshine, and when it looks as if it would rain, they hurry them into their homes, just as we would care for a tiny baby."

"Do all ants live in houses like these?" Edna asked, as she watched the little fellows running here and there.

"No," answered mother. "Some of them build little wee mounds of dirt about two inches high. The mounds look like tiny chimneys. Others build bigger mounds than that; sometimes their houses are four feet high. These are made of sticks, straws and bits of dirt. The ants build long tunnels or rooms under the ground. Then there are the carpenter-ants, that find a live tree in which the heart has begun to die. They cut out this heart, and build fine rooms and galleries in the live wood. The rooms are polished as smoothly as possible, and the walls are almost as thin as paper.

"Some South American ants build houses from fifteen to twenty feet high. They are very rough-looking outside, but inside they are finely finished. Moreover, there are many rooms in these same tall houses that reach far under the ground, like a kind of basement."

Mother pulled up a blade of grass. On it were a number of little green bugs. "See, children," she said, "these are the ants' cows. They get a kind of sweet stuff from them which we call honeydew. The ants are very fond of this.

"Not very long ago I read about some ants in Mexico that are very fond of honey. In fact, they are called honey-ants. They hunt their food at night, and eat so much that they cannot move. They look like white currants when they are full of honey. The Mexicans like these honey-ants to eat."

"O dear!" said Edna, shivering. "I would rather have my ants in my garden than in my plate." And Teddy agreed with her.—Youth's Companion.

SMALLPOX AT MONTREAL.

Authorities Will Now Enforce the Vaccination Rule.

A despatch from Montreal says: Montreal's Medical Officer of Health and the citizens generally are becoming seriously concerned over the outbreak of smallpox in the city. There are now nearly thirty cases in the Isolation Hospital, with new arrivals coming in every day. The authorities have decided to enforce the vaccination rule.

PRISONERS SLAY FIVE.

Marines Called in to Quell Riot in a French Prison.

A despatch from Rochefort, France, says: There was a serious revolt and outbreak in the military prison here on Tuesday. Five warders were killed by the mutineers, and seven of the latter were also shot dead. The mutiny was quelled only after the arrival of a detachment of marines with ball cartridges.

The Provincial Treasurer of Quebec announced a surplus of more than $680,000, and a reduction of debt.

Willie Noakes, ten years of age, of Port Arthur, chewed a dynamite cap in school on Monday. His face was blown to pieces.

A SANITARIAN CLUB.

For Charitable Work Among the Consumptive Poor.

Toronto has a modest and unique charity organization known as the Samaritan Club, the members being ladies who have banded together for work among the consumptive poor. The main idea is one which might be adopted in every town and village throughout Canada, while even in the tiniest settlement any Christian woman who feels a call to help less fortunate sisters can constitute herself a Samaritan Club of one, and find effective work to do in her neighborhood. The Toronto ladies have formed the following committees: The Supply Committee, to provide clothing for consumptive and their families. The Nourishment Committee, to provide milk, eggs, and other necessities and delicacies for patients at their homes, and soup for weak and hungry patients at the free dispensary. The Welfare Committee, for delivering twenty minute talks on the cure and avoidance of consumption at places where ten or more girls are employed, thus spreading a knowledge of the disease and its prevention.

ONE BALLOT ENOUGH.

Murderers of New York Gambler Found Guilty.

A despatch from New York says: Only a single ballot that was taken by the jury in the trial of the four gunmen for the murder of Herman Rosenthal immediately upon retiring to consider the verdict was necessary on Tuesday afternoon for them to bring in a verdict of murder in the first degree against all four defendants, Frank Cirofici (Dago Frank), Frank Mueller (Whitey Lewis), Louis Rosenberg (Lefty Louie), and Harry Horowitz (Gyp the Blood). The verdict was arrived at, according to the oldest court officers, with a speed unprecedented in the history of first degree convictions in the country. Also the conviction was unique in that it was the first time four men have been convicted of murder in the first degree collectively in the State.

FATAL COUGHING SPELL.

Sudden Termination of a Young Lady's Life at Guelph.

A despatch from Guelph says: Death came with startling suddenness to Miss Olga M. Zieman at an early hour on Monday morning. Deceased, with her mother, had started for the service at Woolwich Street Baptist Church on Sunday evening. Crossing the campus of the Collegiate Institute, Miss Zieman was taken with a violent coughing spell, which brought on a hemorrhage, resulting fatally next morning. Deceased was the eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Albert Zieman, and is survived by a large family of brothers and sisters.

UNHEARD-OF CRUELTY.

Manitoba Farmer Tied Girl to a Cow's Horns.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: The Manitoba police went to Newdale, a farming district seventy miles northwest of here, and arrested Peter G. Hanson, of Erickson, on a charge of cruelty to a woman, unheard of before in Canada. It is charged that, failing to secure any return from his attentions to Maggie Werenski, he waited for her in a bush through which she passed driving cattle home from pasture. To the horns of one of the cows he is said to have tied the woman, and the animal was then stampeded, dragging her through the woods. Her clothing was torn off, and she is now in such a precarious condition that her recovery is doubtful.

20 KILLED AND 15 INJURED.

Train Crashed Into Freight at 40 Miles an Hour.

A despatch from Indianapolis, Indiana, says: At least twenty persons were killed and fifteen seriously injured at 3 o'clock Wednesday morning, when an inbound Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton passenger train ran into an open switch and crashed head-on into a freight train at Arlington avenue, Irvington, a suburb. The train was coming from Cincinnati at the rate of 40 miles an hour.

MINERS' STRIKE.

Every Mine in Porcupine Camp is Closed Down.

A despatch from South Porcupine says: The strike is complete. Every mine and mill in the district is closed down with the exception of the pumps to keep the water from filling the workings. A few of the smaller companies are inclined to compromise. Others refuse to consider the demands of the union. The miners are standing firm, but are quiet and orderly. Fifteen hundred men are idle.

Mr. John A. McKee, President of the Dodds Medicine and Western Steamship Companies, died suddenly in Toronto on Monday.

THE GOSPEL OF DEMOCRACY

Christians Are Concerned with Principles of Social Justice and Righteousness.

Here lies, it seems to me, the primary mission of the Christian church, and the first duty of the Christian man in the midst of our social and industrial strife—namely: to realize the democracy of the kingdom of God and the brotherhood of all men in Christ Jesus. There are other things to be done. For example, there are economic, industrial and political reforms that must be carried out. The present economic condition is manifestly unjust and intolerable; the wealth produced by the sweat of the brow and the sweat of the brain of the toilers is largely absorbed by a lot of social parasites, the idle holders of privilege. These parasites and highwaymen skim off the rich cream of our common production and leave the rest of us, the real producers, nothing but the blue milk. And the consequence is all our involuntary poverty, with its unspeakable suffering and misery, and its damning effects on life and character. Society itself is largely responsible for most of our crime and our sin. Here lies

One Deep-Seated Cause

for our social unrest and discontent, and things will never be settled until they are settled right, and we must see to it that they are settled right. The Christian church and the Christian man must stand stoutly for economic and industrial justice and equity, for a square deal, for a fair division of wealth, and above all, for equality of opportunity for every son of man. It is an essential part of our religion to take interest, vital interest, and an active, efficient part in every righteous movement toward that end.

But just what ought the Christian church to do in these matters?

As Christians, whether as a church or as individual disciples of Christ, we are primarily concerned not with policies of social reform but with principles of social justice and righteousness; not with methods of economic or industrial procedure, but with the motives of brotherly love. Therefore the paramount social duty that confronts the Christian church and the Christian man is the enlargement of sympathies and the realization of fellowship among all men; the kindling of brotherly love and the spreading of it as by contagion throughout humanity.

We may go on multiplying our charities and beneficences until they are like the sand on the seashore—innumerable—and

They Will Not Heal One Wound

in the body politic; they will not bridge one of those chasms which so widely divide men from their fellowmen on every side; they will not reconcile one bitterness or enmity which now inflames our too common strife. Mere charity and beneficence without brotherly love, especially patronizing and supercilious beneficence, always antagonize. These debauch the conscience of the church as much as bribes do the conscience of legislatures. If a man only give liberally the church does not often stop to ask, "How did you make the money you spend so freely?" And if such charity and beneficence come from wealth gotten by dishonest means they infuriate the popular mind. Even at their best, they sap the manhood and destroy the self-respect of those upon whom they are bestowed. And the world is mortal weary of charity, but it is hungry—starving—for downright, genuine brotherly love; the love that expresses itself first in common justice and fairness, and then in honest, heartfelt sympathy, mutual understanding, and fellowship. That is the only thing that can furnish the basis and inspiration for the solution of our modern social problems.—Rev. Charles D. Williams.

Mackenzie & Mann are, it is said, to build a radial railway from London to Sarnia.

North Bay and Beaverton polled large majorities in favor of Hydro-electric light on Monday.

A DASH FROM ADRIANOPLE

Turks Lost Six Guns and Left Thousands of Dead On the Field.

A despatch from London says: Bennett Burleigh, in a series of despatches to The London Daily Telegraph from Mustapha Pasha, describes the progress of events around Adrianople. In a sally on Saturday morning the Turks lost six guns, which were captured by the Bulgarians, and also left many thousands of dead on the field. The enemy tried to break towards the southeast, hoping to escape by rapid marching along unfrequented routes towards Tchatalja. The Turks seem incapable of realizing their truly desperate straits, and that the battle power has gone from their hands.

The Bulgarians are now within field-gun range of many parts of the town. Their military engineers have adopted an admirable system of constructing and placing their siege works. These are so many self-enclosed independent camps, placed so as to command the approaches to the city as well as the exits. They can, in attack or defence, co-operate with the neighboring camps behind and all around the enclosing circuits of the besiegers' work. These camps are almost impossible nuts to crack in any sally. There are lines of barbed wire everywhere. The morale of the besieging troops is splendid. Travellers in vehicles are coming from Jildrim towards the Bulgarian camps on the southwest.

It is stated that negotiations are proceeding at Adrianople with a view to saving needless waste of life. The Turks have been told that the town will otherwise be taken by bombardment or assault unless it is surrendered. The terms will be discussed for a day or so. In the capture of Marash and its works a few days ago the Turks left three thousand dead upon the field, but succeeded in carrying most of their wounded into the town, which must now be in a frightfully insanitary condition and in privation. The streets from Mustapha Pasha to the front are being regularly cleansed and repaired, under Bulgarian direction, by the peasants.

Arrived Too Late.

A despatch from Sofia says: Nearly one thousand Bulgarian reservists from the United States arrived here on Saturday. Their enthusiasm was dampened by the announcement that they would very probably not be permitted to go to the front. Some of them have already started for their homes in the provinces. Twelve hundred Turkish prisoners have been brought here.

50,000 Turks Captured.

A despatch from London says: Any idea that the Turkish Government may have had of benefiting by continued resistance must be shattered by Monday's news of the fall of Monastir. In the capture of that important town the Servians took three Pashas, including the Commander-in-Chief, Zekki Pasha, 50,000 men and 47 guns, thus achieving the greatest individual success of the war.

Monastir was the second city of importance in European Turkey. It was Turkey's stronghold in Macedonia, and by its downfall Macedonia passes completely out of Turkish hands.

What part the Greeks played in the capture has not yet been ascertained. It is known that the Greek army was marching to the assistance of the Servians, and it is supposed that the Greeks were able to cut off the Turkish retreat to the south.

Allies Welcome Peace.

A despatch from London says: The nations of the Balkan confederacy, satiated with victory, have signified their willingness to treat for terms of peace at the request of the vanquished Turkish Empire. The lustre of their success has been only slightly dimmed by their temporary failure to overcome the rallied Turkish army at the gates of Constantinople and enter the Ottoman capital. The stubborn defence encountered by the Bulgarians at the line of fortifications at Tchatalja, and the realization that enormous slaughter would be necessary to pierce them at the point of the bayonet, with every prospect that their ranks would be decimated by cholera before they had attained success, doubtless proved deciding factors in inducing the conquerors to listen to the urgings of the great powers and refrain from pressing home their victory to the Turkish capital until they had presented terms of surrender to the vanquished and had met with a refusal of their acceptance.

Bulgarian Dead, 50,000.

Reviewing the campaign, the Sofia correspondent of the London Times estimates that 50,000 men have succumbed to wounds or disease, that is, about one in forty of the whole male population of Bulgaria.

The Stirling News-Argus.

THURSDAY, NOV. 21, 1912

Depopulation of Our Country Districts

The following extracts from an article by the editor of "Farm and Dairy" on this question are worthy of consideration:

"For ten years I have been interested in this subject. For the past four years I have been giving it special study. During this period I have examined the effects of proposed remedies where they have been tried, as well as into conditions as they exist not only in different parts of this country but in the United States and other countries as well. As a result of these investigations I have come to the following conclusions:

Rural depopulation in Canada is due in part to certain tariff regulations which bear with undue hardship on the farmer.

It is due in part to the monopolization of our great natural resources, such as our coal mines, timber limits and water powers, the monopolization of which has enabled small classes in the community to enrich themselves at the expense of many, including the farmer.

It is due in part to the private control of our great transportation system, with their enormous and often inflated capitalizations, which unduly increase the cost to the public of doing business.

But above all it is due to our system of taxation which both in the city and on the farm encourages men to hold land idle for speculative purposes while it discourages men from putting it to profitable use.

Partly as a result of our system of taxation, land in portions of our cities, like Toronto and Montreal, has increased in value until it is worth from a few thousand to several million dollars an acre, depending upon its location. These enormous values have so increased the cost of doing business in our cities that it affords the main explanation of the great difference between what the farmer receives for his produce and the price the city consumer pays for it. The greater part of this difference does not go to the middlemen, as we have so often been led to suppose, but to the people who own this high-priced city land.

In our country districts the man who improves his farm by erecting better buildings or planting an orchard, has his taxes increased, even when he has had to borrow the money used to make these improvements, while the man who permits his buildings and farm to run down has his taxes reduced.

The Remedy

The remedy will be found in a gradual shifting of taxation from improvements to land values. This will discourage the holding of land idle, both in the city and on the farm, and will encourage the making of improvements, as the manufacturer will then know that when he erects a building for a factory he will not be taxed for so doing just as the farmer will know that when he erects a barn or a milk house his taxes will not be increased thereby.

The farmer has nothing to lose and everything to gain from such a policy. While he holds large areas of land it is of low value when compared with the value of iron and coal lands, timber limits, water fronts, railway rights of way, water powers and valuable city property. The land in the city of Winnipeg alone, it was recently announced is worth more than all the farm land in the province of Manitoba. United States Government statistics indicate that while the farmers of the United States own considerably over half the land in the United States, this land represents only one-tenth of the land values in the United States.

A General Awakening

All over the world a general awakening to these conditions is taking place. Great Britain, Germany, New Zealand and Australia are leading the way, but our own western provinces are playing an important part. In Alberta and large portions of British Columbia, including the cities of Vancouver and Victoria, all taxes have been taken off improvements and placed on land values, and the people are wonderfully well satisfied

In Ontario this week there is a meeting a special committee of the Legislature to consider two Bills, one introduced by a Conservative and one by a Liberal, which propose to give municipalities, by a vote of the ratepayers, the power to lower and eventually abolish all taxes on improvements, while increasing them on land values. Should either of these Bills be adopted much will have been accomplished to decrease rural depopulation."

Through Pullman Sleeping Car To Ottawa Via Grand Trunk Railway

The Grand Trunk Railway operate a through Pullman Sleeping Car (electric lighted) to Ottawa, leaving Toronto 10.45 p. m., daily.

Berth reservations and full particulars may be secured from nearest Grand Trunk Agent. A. F. McDonell, Agent, Stirling. Phone 6.

The average wages per hour of the working classes in Belgium are little more than half those of the same classes in England.

ALWAYS WITH US.

Evidences of the Thankless Job Wherever You May Look.

One of the most constant and distressing quantities in everyday life is the thankless job. It is so firmly fixed in the established order of things that while we often rebel, we continue to accept. It seems immutably placed, and is illustrated in every circle of friendship or business.

The mother who sacrifices oh, so much, for her children and is immediately relegated to second place, if not utterly neglected, when Tom, Dick or Mayme decides to marry; the daughter or son who, after years of faithful, tender service in the home is accused of ingratitude when opportunities for a life of wider effort present themselves and are accepted; the generous hearted sister who, having refused to listen to her own love story and having kept house for years for poor brother Bill and brother Bill's brood of motherless bairns, is told nonchalantly one morning that he, Bill, is to be married and that "the boss of that particular ranch" hereafter will be the new wife; the white-haired clerk who is either discharged or placed in a position that is an insult to his years of service, not to mention his intellect—these are but a few examples of the little thanks that loyalty commands.

Here's what Ruskin says on this subject:

"Generally, good, useful work, whether of the hand or head, is either ill-paid, or not paid at all. I don't say it should be so, but it always is so. People, as a rule, only pay for being amused or being cheated, not for being served. Five thousand a year to your talker, and a shilling a day to your fighter, digger, and thinker, is the rule. None of the best headwork in art, literature or science is ever paid for. How much do you think Homer got for his Iliad or Dante for his Paradise? Only bitter bread and salt, and going up and down other people's stairs. In science, the man who discovered the telescope and first saw heaven was paid with a dungeon; the man who invented the microscope and first saw earth died of starvation, driven from his home; it is indeed very clear that God means all thoroughly good work and talk to be done for nothing. Bafuch, the scribe, did not get a penny a line for writing Jeremiah's second roll for him, I fancy; and St. Stephen did not get bishop's pay for that long sermon of his to the Pharisees; nothing but stones."

True, work earnestly and loyally performed brings to a degree its own reward. The sweetness of doing something for either one's very own or the people out in the great, busy world is real and heart-warming but, even so, it doesn't satisfy any kind of man or woman outside of the ultra-saintly and excessively humble who, by the way, are few and far between. Men and women of everyday life need a tangible evidence of gratitude.

Our Valuable Frames.

If we were to reduce our bodies to elements, what would they be worth? It is estimated by a chemist that their market value would not exceed $10 in any case. Our bodies contain a certain quantity of water, phosphorus, lime, albuminoids, iron, sugar, traces of magnesium, sodium, potash and sulphur. Each one of these compounds has a commercial value, but all united would bring very little in the market. A man of regular corpulence contains grease enough to make seven bars of soap, iron enough to make a key of medium size, sugar enough to fill a small sugar bowl, salt enough for a salt cellar, lime enough to bleach a small room, phosphorus enough to make 2,200 matches, magnesium enough for a strong dose of citrate of magnesium and albuminoids enough to make a good basket of eggs.

Gas Engines In High Altitudes.

A gas engine was erected several thousand feet above sea level. The engine did not give the power expected and it was concluded that the loss was due to the altitude of the station. Upon investigation of the theoretical and practical consideration involved it was found that there is a loss of about 1 per cent. of the indicated horsepower for each 1,000 feet of increase in elevation. The effect with a low ratio of compression is slightly less than with a high degree of compression.

Hardly.

The two women were seated on the sand at the seashore one June day. The elder one said:

"That's my daughter with the red bathing suit just going into the water."

"Oh, indeed!" said the other one.

"Yes; she's just eighteen. I'm going to bring her out next fall."

"Gracious! You don't mean to say you're going to allow her to stay in the water that long!"

Lack of Proportion.

A lack of proportion is at the bottom of many of the disagreeable things of life. A slovenly person does not place sufficient emphasis on the superficial amenities of life; a frivolous person places too much. A stingy person overestimates the value of a penny; an extravagant person underestimates it.

Busy London.

There are 750 weddings in London every week, while the weekly average number of inquests is 100. No fewer than 53,000 drunkards are convicted in twelve months, while postmen deliver every day 4,000,000 letters, post cards, circulars and newspapers.

A Reversal of Form.

"He gave you quite a compliment last evening."

"Wasn't that lovely of him? What did he say about me?"

"He said you were not looking like yourself."

Helping Him Out.

"Life is a burden to me."

"Take an interest in something. Have an avocation. Take up golf."

"Aw, life isn't worth living."

"Then take up aviation."

"DAUGHTER OR YOUR LIFE."

Old-Fashioned Ways of Love Making and Wife-Obtaining.

If a man wants to marry a girl, and the girl says "Yes," but the father "No," what is the young man to do?

It is the sort of situation which turns up in real life quite as often as it does in novels; but, whereas in the story-book, the young man never takes his dismissal quietly, but always finds means—in the course of some dozen of chapters—to get ahead of papa, in real life he frequently allows himself to be turned down in the tamest manner, and goes to look for another girl.

Young Schultz, of Charlottenburg, does not, however, belong to the cowardly class. His spirit is the same that animated the robber baron of the Middle Ages. He waited until his fiance was touring with her parents in a carriage and pair, then hid himself in a lonely part of the road where he knew they must pass.

As soon as the carriage came by, out he jumped, and pointing a large and ugly revolver at papa's head announced, in the plainest terms, that, if he did not then and there yield up his beautiful daughter, he would instantly receive a bullet.

Papa, paralyzed with terror, complied at once, and saw the modern Lochinvar escape with his daughter, in a very up-to-date motor car.

Maurice Marcil, a Parisian medical student, was another bad, bold young man who would not take "No" for an answer from the gentleman whom he wished to make his father-in-law. The latter was no less a personage than ex-Senator Leplay, whose daughter, Cordelia, possessed not only beauty, but fortune.

But Marcil was not quite so desperate a villain as Herr Schultz. He preferred to make assurance doubly sure by taking three of his chums into his confidence. The four conspirators hid outside the Senator's house, and presently saw monsieur and madame with their daughter and governess, appear around the corner of the avenue.

Marcil gave a whistle, and there was a rush. The three friends surrounded the Senator, while Marcil seized Miss Cordelia in his arms, swung her into a big red motor car which was waiting handy, and off they went at forty miles an hour nor did the stop till they were made man and wife.

Robert Routh, a young lawyer, was another person who had notions of his own as to the proper behavior of his future father-in-law. In his case, papa did not, apparently, object to him as a suitor, but he did most strongly object to his monopolizing the drawing room evening after evening for the pursuit of his courtship.

And one night he lost his temper, and, bouncing into the room, spoke not wisely but very abusively.

The young lawyer, without removing his arm from the damsel's waist, remonstrated. But papa was not to be appeased. Thereupon Routh walked across to the family telephone, called up the police, and, when a constable appeared, insisted upon his arresting paterfamilies as a disturber of the peace.

Italians are notoriously a hot-blooded race. But even among Italians few proceed to such lengths as did Cipriano Vincenzo. Having fallen desperately in love with the pretty Giulia, daughter of a wealthy Roman tradesman, the latter refused to listen to his suit.

Vincenzo thereupon attacked Giulia with a knife, and slashed her left cheek, scarring it badly. For this he got twelve months imprisonment. On regaining his freedom, he again tried to induce the stern parent to give his consent to the wooing.

He refused a second time, whereupon he employed a stick of dynamite, blowing up a large part of his sweetheart's house.

He was sentenced to three years for this, and Rome is wondering what will happen when he emerges from prison for a second time.

English as She Is Writ.

Sign in bakery window—Homemade pize.

Card in restaurant—Small steak, 20 cents. Extra small steak, 25 cents.

Advertisement in poultry journal—Plymouth Rock hens ready to lay, $1.25 each.

From a prepared roofing ad. — Its bright red color is permanent and will remain permanent.

On a coupon—The holder of this coupon when properly punched is entitled to one of our beautiful photographs.

An English report on education says: The female teachers were instructed in plain cooking. They had, in fact, to go through the process of cooking themselves.

Hops In England.

The English were taught the uses of hops by a native Artois, who introduced them into England in 1524. They met with some hostility, for physicians represented them as unwholesome, and Parliament was petitioned against them as a "wicked weed." In 1528 their use was prohibited under severe penalities. Henry VIII appears to have been prejudiced against hops, for in a manuscript dated Eltham, January, 1530, occurs an injunction to his brewer "not to put hops or brimstone" into the ale.

Up Against It.

Dorothy—Mother, when I get married, shall I have a husband like papa?

Mother—Certainly, my dear.

Dorothy—And if I stay single shall I be an old maid like Aunt Anna?

Mother—I think you will.

Dorothy (with a deep sigh)—Well, I am in a fix.

Sparkling Glass.

When you wash your pieces of glassware next time try dropping a few drops of bluing in the soapsuds. The clear look this simple yet most effective treatment gives and the way the pieces sparkle will be a revelation.

The Popular Herring.

There are more herrings eaten than any other kind of fish.

Long Beards.

Howell's "Welsh Celebrities" says: "Llewenn had the longest beard of which we have record. When loose and flowing it fell down over his horses shoulders almost to the animal's knees. It was of a peculiar yellow or straw color, which was all the more curious, both his parents being dark haired mountain Welsh people. Years afterward the mountain people had proverbs which referred to this freak, they often using the expression 'About as long as Howland's beard' or 'Yellow as the whiskers of Llewenn'."

George Kilingworth, whom Queen Mary sent to Russia in 1555 as one of her agents to Czar Ivan the Terrible, had a beard five feet three inches in length, and Count Ruloff of Poland, 1687, rejoiced in the possession of a moustache which was so long that he could not touch the ends of it with his fingers.

Japanese Persistence.

Wakao Ippei, the wealthiest man in the province of Yamanashi, Japan, did not learn to read until he was sixty years of age, nor had he up to that time begun to accumulate his present great fortune. At the age of ten he started to make his own way in the world. At one time he was a ragpicker. His first real business venture was the purchase of crystal balls, which sold at a good profit. As he grew in wealth he entered the silk field, in which most of his money was made. After reaching the age of sixty he engaged a tutor in Chinese classics, which study he pursued until his ninetieth year.

Spontaneous combustion is believed to have caused the burning of the season's crop of hay and grain in C. B. Murray's barn, Augusta.

The NEWS-ARGUS to new subscribers to Dec. 31, 1913 for $1.00.

"There could be no better medicine than Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. My children were all sick with whooping cough. One of them was in bed, had a high fever and was coughing up blood. Our doctor gave them Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and the first dose eased them, and three bottles cured them," says Mrs. R. A. Donaldson, of Lexington, Miss. For sale by all dealers.

MILLINERY

Latest Fall and Winter Hats, trimmed and untrimmed, at lowest prices. Orders promptly filled.

Also see our

Xmas Novelties

and Stamped Linens, including Centre Pieces, Tray Cloths, Cushion Tops, Etc.

Miss D. Caldwell

Two doors west of Post Office. 10-2

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

In the matter of the Estate of Almira McKee, late of the Township of Sidney, in the County of Hastings, married woman, deceased.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to the Ontario Statute, one, George V, chapter 26, section 55, that all persons having claims against the Estate of the late Almira McKee, deceased, who died on or about the 24th day of June, A. D. 1910, are required to send by post prepaid and registered, or to deliver to the undersigned Solicitor for the Administrator of the said Estate, at Stirling, on or before the 14th day of December, A.D. 1912, their names and addresses, and a full statement of the particulars of their claims, and the nature of the security, if any, held by them, duly verified.

And further notice is hereby given that after the said 14th day of December, A.D. 1912, the said Administrator will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased among those entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have notice, and he will not be liable for the Assets, or any part thereof, to any person or persons of whose claims he shall not then have received notice.

G. G. THRASHER,
Solicitor for the Administrator.

Dated this 16th day of November, A.D. 1912.

Executor's Notice to Creditors

In the Surrogate Court of the County of Hastings, in the Estate of Albert Thompson, late of the Village of Stirling, in the County of Hastings, farmer, deceased.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to Ontario Statute 1, George V, chapter 26, sec. 55, that all persons having claims against the Estate of the late Albert Thompson, deceased, who died on or about the 18th day of October, 1912, are required to send by post prepaid and registered or to deliver to the undersigned executor of the said Estate at Stirling, on or before the 14th day of December, 1912, their names and addresses and a full statement of the particulars of their claims and the nature of the security (if any) held by them, duly verified.

And further notice is hereby given that after the said 14th day of December, 1912, the said executor will proceed to distribute the Assets of the deceased amongst those entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have notice and he will not be liable for the Assets or any part thereof, to any person or persons of whose claims he shall not then have received notice.

EZRA THOMPSON,
Executor of the Estate of said deceased
by P. J. M. ANDERSON,
his solicitor.

Dated at Stirling this 5th day of November, 1912.

Farm For Sale

South half of lot 38 in the 9th con. of Sidney, containing sixty-seven acres. One mile and a half north of Halloway. About forty acres in good cultivation, six acres of fall wheat and six of rye now sown. For further particulars apply to

CHAS. ABRAMS,
6-4w Halloway, Ont.

The News-Argus to new subscribers to Dec. 31, 1913 for $1.00.

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Toy Books for the Children
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Farm For Sale Or To Let

Part of lots 11 and 12 in the 3rd con. of Rawdon, on the Marmora gravel road, containing 100 acres, more or less; about two miles from Stirling. Good house, basement barn and outbuildings. Good young orchard. About eight acres of woodland. Part of farm tile drained. For further particulars apply to

WM. H. FANNING,
Stirling, Ont.

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Winter Tours to California, Colorado, Mexico and Pacific Coast Points

The Grand Trunk Railway is the most direct route from all points East through Canada via Chicago.

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All elements of safety and comfort.

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No more desirable route than via Grand Trunk to Detroit, thence via Cincinnati to Jacksonville, Palm Beach, Nassau, etc.

Round trip tickets, giving choice of all the best routes, together with full information and reservations, may be obtained from nearest Grand Trunk Agent, or write A. E. Duff, D.P.A., Toronto, Ont.

A. F. McDONELL, Agent, Stirling,
Phone 6

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WRITE FOR CATALOGUE

J. W. JOHNSON, F.C.A., Principal
I. L. MOORE, Assistant Principal

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are important. Don't neglect them! There is all the difference in the world between a

PROPERLY MADE SUIT

and a cheap, poorly made one. We charge very moderately yet give the most excellent materials and workmanship.

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SUMMER SCHOOL

Students may enter any day. Open the entire year. Now is a good time to enter. Largest trainers in Canada. Graduates get best positions. Thousands studying at home. School of Isaac Pitman. The largest and most popular school in Eastern Ontario. Our management trained 2000 students last year. There must be a reason. The only school in the city affiliated with the Commercial Educators Association of Canada. Write, phone or call to investigate

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Eyes examined and imperfect sight corrected with glasses.

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G. G. THRASHER,

SOLICITOR, NOTARY PUBLIC, CONVEYANCER, &c. Office in W. S. Martin's Block, Mill Street.

PERSONALS.

Miss Jean Donald, of Burnbrae, is a guest at the home of Dr. Bissonnette.

Mrs. Robert Reid is visiting relatives and friends at Madoc this week.

Mrs. Thos. Emmons, Shannonville, is spending some time with her daughter, Mrs. L. S. Wight.

Miss V. L. Utman is visiting friends at Hoard's Station.

Mr. J. Howie left on Friday last for Scotland.

Mr. Ralph Scott, Napanee, is a guest at the home of Mr. H. C. Martin.

Mrs. C. A. Bonisteel, of Belleville, is the guest of Mrs. G. W. Anderson.

Miss Gladys Duck and Mr. Melville Barrow, of Belleville, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. John Barrow on Sunday.

Miss Minerva Penney and Mr. Charlie Barber were guests of Miss Hazel Barrow over Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Fletcher arrived from the West yesteraay, and will spend the winter with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Spry.

Mr. Geo S. Hamblin, Rossduff, Sask., made a short visit to his mother, Mrs. Thos. Hamblin and friends here during the past week. Mrs. Hamblin will accompany him on his return to the West next week.

Oranges At Cent a Box

Three hundred thousand dollars worth of California fruit, 150 carloads in all, will be allowed to decay on the North River piers, where it was landed this week, unless some settlement is reached shortly in a dispute between the New York Fruit Buyers' Association and the brokers representing the California shippers. The disagreement is over a recent increase by the brokers in the cartage charges assessed against those who purchase the fruit at the pier auction sales. As soon as the increase was announced, the Buyers' Association declared that it would boycott all shipments until satisfactory adjustment was effected. A shortage of California fruit throughout the east will be the probable result.

The 150 carloads, mostly oranges, grapes and pears, were to have been sold at auction yesterday. When the oranges were put on the block, not an offer was received. The fruit was valued at about $4 a box. 'Will any one give me five cents a box for these oranges?' asked the auctioneer. Not a bid was received, although nearly four hundred buyers were present. 'Will any one give me one cent a box?' asked the auctioneer. Still the fruit went begging, and the sale was adjourned.

Reflections of a Bachelor

A heap of patriotism is just noise.
The more excuses, the more suspicion they arouse.
It's the son who has to be supported by his father that gives the old man the most advice.
When a woman has green eyes it's a sign you can become her mortal enemy by not calling them blue.
When a man is a success he wouldn't have been if he had followed all the advice he got when he started out in life.

"It is a pleasure to tell you that Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is the best cough medicine I have ever used," writes Mrs. Hugh Campbell, of Lavonia, Ga. "I have used it with all my children and the results have been highly satisfactory." For sale by all dealers.

THE RELIABLE GROCERY
AND CROCKERY STORE

Here is where you get what you want—some places you take what they have.

We are pleased—when you are pleased.

A full line of Heinz's goods just placed in stock:

Heinz's India Relish, per bottle....25c
" Tomato Chutney, per btl...25c
" Cranberry Sauce, per tin...25c
" Sweet Midget Gherkins, per bottle....35c
Heinz's Tomato Ketchup, per btl...25c
" Sour spiced Gherkins, per bottle....20c
Heinz's Sweet spiced Gherkins, per bottle....20c
Heinz's Sweet Mixed Pickles, per bottle....20c
Heinz's Sour Mixed Pickles, per bottle....25c
Heinz's Chow-Chow, per btl....15c
" Mincemeat, in bulk, only 25c. lb
Try it. You'll be back for more.
Fresh Almeria Grapes....20c. lb
Cranberries, best quality, 2 lbs....25c
Grape Fruit, best quality, 3 for....25c
The famous Sealshipt Oysters always on hand....60c. qt
The best Cured Meats always in stock.
We will pay 37c. for strictly new-laid Eggs delivered here.

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Goods promptly delivered. Phone 31

ADVERTISING NOTICES

In the local column will be charged as follows: To Regular Advertisers.—Three lines and under, 25 cents each insertion; over three lines, diuary type, 10c. per line.

To Transient Advertisers.—10c. per line each insertion. No insertion less than 25c.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE.

Trains call at Stirling station as follows:—

GOING WEST.		GOING EAST.	
Mail & Ex.	6.03 a. m.	Passenger.	10.17 a. m
Passenger.	6.45 p. m.	Mail & Ex.	3.31 p. m

The Stirling News-Argus.

THURSDAY, NOV. 21, 1912

LOCAL MATTERS.

A bargain in two village lots on Church Street. See advertisement in another column.

There was a meeting of the village Council on Monday evening, but the only business transacted was the passing of a few accounts.

The first regular monthly meeting of the local branch of the Laymen's Missionary Movement will be held in St. Andrew's church next Sunday afternoon, Nov. 24, at 4 o'clock. All laymen will be made welcome.

That the three leading railways of the Dominion have this year placed orders for no less than 43,164 freight cars and 727 locomotives, is one of the facts revealed in a story on the railways, and the crop movement in the 'Monetary Times' this week.

The Women's Home Mission Society of St. Andrew's church, shipped yesterday a bale of clothing, quilt and canned fruit to Rev. D. Fiske, missionary of the Kingston Presbytery in North Hastings, whose head quarters are at Bancroft. The bale was valued at over forty dollars.

The Vancouver Daily Province of a recent date, in mentioning the names of prospective candidates for the Mayoralty of the city for the coming year, says: "The name of Mr. William Holden has also been suggested by many business men. When seen by a representative of The Province, Mr. Holden stated definately that at the present time he could not consider a proposal of this nature, his business interests demanding practically his whole time and attention."

A Special Offer

The Globe, Toronto, (Canada's National Newspaper) Daily Edition, including the Saturday Illustrated Section, by mail to any address in Canada (Toronto excepted), United States or Great Britain, from date of receipt of order till April 1st, 1913, for one dollar.

Subscriptions received at the News-Argus Office.

Stirling Cheese Board

The last meeting of the Stirling Cheese Board for the season of 1912 was held on Tuesday last. There were 719 boxes of cheese offered, and the sales were—Mr. Bird 475 at 11 13/16c., and Watkin 47 at 11⅞c. The balance were unsold.

It was moved by C. W. Thompson seconded by Wilfrid Smith, that the Board adjourn until the 22nd day of April, 1913. Carried.

Moved by C. W. Thompson, seconded by Mr. W. S. Martin, that Mr. McIntosh be paid $5.00 for the use of the Board Room. Carried.

High School Literary Society

A Literary Society has been organized at the King George High School, Stirling, with the following officers:

Hon. Pres.—Miss C. J. McRae
Hon. Vice-Pres.—Miss V. J. Dickens
Pres.—J. B. Hough
Vice-Pres.—Miss M. A. Park
Sec.—E. H. Welsh
Treas.—E. R. Caverly

The meetings are to be held every Thursday afternoon from four to five o'clock. Occasional open meetings for the public will be held and it is hoped they will receive the hearty support of all.

Death of Samuel Barlow

Death claimed at Campbellford yesterday, one of Stirling's older resipents in the person of Samuel Barlow, who has been a resident of this village for the last forty or more years. In his earlier days here he was associated with his brother, Jesse, in the tannery. Later he was at different times, employed on the railroad and at brick-making, but for the last few years he has lived a retired life. For somewhat more than a year he has been failing in strength and becoming more and more helpless, until it was thought better for his wife and him to go to the home of their daughter, Mrs. G. W. Airhart, in Campbellford. Here he has been tenderly cared for during the last few months until the end came yesterday afternoon. He was in the 67th year of his age, and left to mourn his death his widow, a son, Herbert, of Coppercliff, and daughter, Mrs. G. W. Airhart, of Campbellford. These have the sympathy of many friends in the community.

Oh, Susannah! a Big Success

Christ Church Dramatic Club scored another success on Thursday night when they presented "Oh, Susannah" in the opera house. The house was packed to the doors, and the rapt attention together with the applause heartily accorded by the audience was evidence of the excellence of the play and characters. Indeed seldom do the travelling companies who visit Campbellford show such talent as was exhibited by those who took part on Thursday night.—Campbellford Herald.

Don't fail to see this comic play in the Stirling Opera House, November 29th. General admission 25 cents. Reserved seats 35 cents. Plan at Sutcliffe's store.

Better Than The Best

While it is generally admitted that The Family Herald and Weekly Star of Montreal, is the best family and farmer's weekly paper printed, the Publishers are determined to make it still better. They are sparing no expense to give their subscribers of 1913 bigger value than ever. Their beautiful picture, "Mother's Treasures", is a delightful subject for the home and it is safe to say that no one who receives a copy would part with it for double the money.

No mistake can be made in sending one dollar for that great weekly paper for 1913. Every subscriber gets the picture, "Mother's Treasures", size 23 by 29 inches, free. It is the biggest dollars worth offered to-day.

The Rev. Irl R. Hicks 1913 Almanac

The Rev. Irl R. Hicks Almanac for 1913 is now ready. It is the most splendid number of this popular YEAR BOOK ever printed. Its value has been more than ever proven by remarkable fulfillments of its storm, weather and earthquake forecasts this year. Professor Hicks justly merits the confidence and support of all the people. Don't fail to send 35c. for his 1913 Almanac, or only ONE DOLLAR for his SPLENDID MAGAZINE AND ALMANAC one year. The best one dollar investment possible in any home or business. Send to WORD AND WORKS PUBLISHING COMPANY, 3401 Franklin Ave., St. Louis, Mo.

Parliamentary blue books are not always very interesting reading, but three that we have received lately, with the compliments of Robt. Cooke, M. P., are an exception to the general rule. They are the report of the Minister of Agriculture for Ontario. The annual report of the Agricultural Societies of Ontario; and the annual report of the Horticultural Societies of Ontario. The first named has a picture of the box packing class held here last winter.

The office of district inspector of gas, weights and measures, vacated by the death of Mr. William Johnson, has been filled, the new occupant being Mr. F. Davy Diamond, tax collector of the city of Belleville. Mr. E. Guss Porter, K.C., M.P., received notice of the appointment last night. Mr. Diamond is well known here for his many activities, and he is being congratulated on all sides by his friends, on account of his new position.—Belleville Ontario, Nov. 19th.

Fake Veterinaries

Our attention has been called to a couple of gentlemen who visited this section last week claiming to be qualified veterinaries sent out to inspect animals, but were unable to produce diplomas showing their standing, when asked to do so. Farmers and others interested will do well to be on their guard, and satisfy themselves that the person employed is qualified. Under the Ontario Veterinary Surgeon's Act, any person not possessing a diploma of the Ontario Veterinary College, or other recognized institution and uses the title of Veterinary Surgeon or abbreviation thereof, is liable to a penalty not exceeding $100 and not less than $25.—Gananoque Reporter.

The Ontario says: The water supply and disposal of sewage in the city of Belleville are receiving attention at the hands of the Provincial Board of Health in Toronto. The probability is that soon our intake will be changed, said he, and water secured from a body of water twelve miles from the city (not at the Oakhills). Three times the pressure can be obtained as given at the pumphouse. In this way the pumping would be unnecessary. This is quite a large amount, which would pay the expense of an extension to this lake. Under the present system the water at times is unpalatable by reason of vegetable growth.

The divorce applications before Parliament this session now number forty-two, or eight more than the previous high record.

Frank Phillips was killed on Saturday morning near Bancroft by being struck by a railway train. The news reached Cannifton on Saturday evening. He was well known in Belleville having spent some time in the city. He was walking on the track when he met his death. He was about 45 years of age and leaves a little daughter, Maggie, living at Cannifton.—Ontario.

The boy's appetite is often the source of amazement. If you would have such an appetite take Chamberlain's Tablets. They not only create a healthy appetite, but strengthen the stomach and enable it to do its work naturally. For sale by all dealers.

Deaths

BARLOW.—At Campbellford, on Wednesday, Nov. 20, 1912, Samuel Barlow, of Stirling, in the 67th year of his age.

Auction Sales

SATURDAY, NOV. 23.—On the premises in Stirling, the House and lot on the east side of Henry St., the property of Wm. Gould. Also some house furniture. Sale at 2 o'clock, p. m. Wm. Rodgers, Auctioneer.

TUESDAY, NOV. 26.—On lot 24, con., 4, Rawdon, the farm stock and implements belonging to Mr. John Parks. Sale at 12.30, sharp. C. U. Clancy, Auctioneer.

WEDNESDAY, NOV. 27.—On lot 6, con. 9, Sidney, the farm stock and implements belonging to Mr. H. E. McKee. Sale at 1.30, sharp. Wm. Rodgers, Auctioneer.

THURSDAY, DEC. 5.—On lot 5, con. 10, Huntingdon, the Farm Stock and Implements belonging to Mr. W. T. Lidster. Sale at one o'clock. Wm. Rodgers, auctioneer.

Found

In Stirling, on November 16th, a sum of money. Owner may have same by paying for this advertisement.

JOHN RICHARDSON.

Swamp Elm Wanted

Delivered at Morgan's Mill, Spring Brook. Good, sound, straight timber, cut 10 or 15 ft. long.

10-8 JOHN MORGAN

For Sale

Two village lots, with frame house and barn, on south side of Church street, just west of High School. Going cheap to quick buyer. Apply on premises to owner

10 2 ARTHUR HULIN

Farm For Sale

East half of lot 24 in the 7th con. Sidney, 85 acres. Good house, barn with basement stable, drive house, hog pen and hen house. Young bearing orchard. For further particulars apply to

ARTHUR HAMBLIN, Chatterton.

To Farmers

Highest cash prices paid for Spring Calves, Yearlings, fresh milk Cows, early Springers, Canners, fat Cows.

I paid Frank Irven $20 more for 10 Yearlings than he asked other buyers. Write us if you have anything to sell.

L. BLACK, 11 Clinton St., Toronto.

SPRING BROOK CHEESE CO.

The Annual Meeting of the Spring Brook Cheese Manufacturing Company will be held at the Factory on Wednesday, Dec. 4th, at one o'clock, p.m., for the purpose of paying dividends, letting milk routes, hiring cheesemaker, and any other business in connection with the factory.

T. J. THOMPSON, President

Notice

All accounts due Coulter & Co. will be paid to R. P. Coulter. Customers will kindly call and settle by cash or note.

9-4 (Signed) R. P. COULTER

Taxidermy & Head Mounting

Specimens of all kinds mounted true to life. If interested write for prices.

DARWIN WHITE, Scientific Taxidermist. Smithfield, Ont.

Notice

After Nov. 15th, 1912, Morgan's Mill at Spring Brook will close down till Feb. 1st, 1913. All customers please take notice.

JOHN MORGAN.

For Sale

Three pure bred Ayshire Bulls. Apply to

W. J. HAGGERTY, Stirling

7-6w

Farmers Improve Your Stock

The undersigned has for service two pure bred Tamworth Boars, registered pedigree. Terms 75c.

Also, for sale, pure bred Tamworth pigs, either sex.

C. U. HEATH, Lot 12, con. 7, Rawdon.

BLACKSMITH & WOOD SHOP TO LET

The shop on the south side of Front St. at the east end of bridge. Apply at the house to

MRS. SARAH A. JOYCE.

Poultry Wanted

The undersigned will ship Poultry every Tuesday until further notice. Highest market price paid. No moulting fowls taken.

Special shipping day for Turkeys, Geese and Ducks on Tesday, Nov. 26th.

T. J. THOMPSON
JOHN TANNER

THE IDEAL GROCERY
LUERY'S WEEKLY STORE NEWS

This week we are going to make a clearing of some lines at quick selling prices.

Oxo Cubes, 10c. pkg....8c
25c. packages....20c
Sapolio, 2 cakes for....15c
Jumbo Stove Blacking, 10c. pkg. for 5c
Any Flavoring Essences but Vanilla and Lemon, 4 large bottles...25c
3 cans Peas....25c
7 packages Household Ammonia...25c
Flower Pots, 25c. size....18c
15c. sizes for....12c
10c. sizes for....7c
5 lb. pail Strawberry or Raspberry Jam, 50c. for....42c
Large Bar white Castile Soap, 25c. for....20c
3 lbs. Cleaned Currants....15c
6 packages best Soap Chips....25c

Fresh frozen Salmon, Haddie and Fillets for Friday and Saturday.

Owing to some mistaken ideas that are abroad I wish to announce to the public generally that I have no interest in any other business and no one has any interest in mine.

G. H. LUERY

Goods promptly delivered. Phone 18

Special Sale Notice!

On Saturday, November 16th, we will start one of our Great Sales to reduce our stock to make room for Christmas Goods.

NOTE SOME OF THE GREAT VALUES WE ARE GIVING

DRESS GOODS

300 Yards best quality all wool Tweed Dress Goods in small Plaids, Checks, and Tweed effects. Regular 50c. per yd., on sale at.....29c. per yd

PRINTS! PRINTS!

1000 yards best quality Prints, all this year's patterns in all colors. Regular 10 and 12½c. per yd., on sale at.....7c. per yd

LADIES' WINTER COATS

35 only, Ladies' Coats, good styles, best materials, from $8.50 to $11.00, all to be cleared at one price.....$5.98

BEST GROCERIES

ALWAYS ON HAND

We are selling Best Raisins.....3 lbs. for 25c

Bring us your Eggs and get highest price.

G. W. ANDERSON

Phone 29 Goods delivered promptly.

Do You Know The "Empress" Shoe For Ladies?

Do you know that it is about the most desirable lady's Shoe that can be bought?

We've a complete showing of the famous make. The Shoe is always in the forefront of fashion and enjoys a constantly increasing popularity. It would hardly be right to say this Shoe is in the style—it IS the style.

Prices $2.50 to $4.50, in Patents, Gun Metals and Tans.

We have a full stock of Men's and Women's Felt Footwear, Rubbers, Moccasins, etc., for Fall and Winter wear, at the lowest prices.

See our Winter Hosiery for Women and Children.

We are leaders in Hand Made work and Repairing.

J. W. BROWN

Reliable Boot and Shoe Merchant.

ROYAL JEWEL STEEL RANGES

Are as near perfection as modern mechanical skill can make them.

In fine appearance, and general efficiency they excel all others.

There are cheaper ranges made, but better ones never.

THE ROYAL JEWEL RANGE THE RANGE OF QUALITY

See this Range, examine its construction, and learn the many points in which it excels all others.

Ask for illustrated booklet containing full information in regard to the Royal Jewel. It will pay you to get it and read it.

JEWEL STOVES AND RANGES ARE MANUFACTURED BY THE BURROW, STEWART & MILNE CO., LIMITED. AT HAMILTON, ONT., AND ARE FOR SALE BY

McGee & Lagrow

FEAR OF CHOLERA PLAGUE

King Ferdinand Will Stop at the Gates of the Turkish Capital.

A Massacre is Feared.

A despatch from Sofia says: King Ferdinand has decided not to enter Constantinople if he takes the Tchataldja lines, because of a fear that a massacre of Christians will occur before he can secure full control of the city and feel sure of keeping order. Fear of a cholera plague aided him in this decision. Ferdinand's Government favors his decision. M. Natchovitch, Bulgarian Foreign Minister, in an interview with the correspondent of the Neue Freie Presse, said that Bulgaria wants Constantinople and Salonica made free cities, and that the Bulgarian army will halt before the gates of Constantinople and leave the fate of the Turkish capital to the powers.

The Balkan allies at Salonica are displaying a fine crop of petty jealousies. The Bulgarians who followed the Greeks into that city wired to King Ferdinand that the city was now under his rule, thereby stirring in the breasts of the Greeks a feeling that due credit had not been given to them.

Wounded Left to Die.

A despatch from London says: From the accounts of correspondents on the Bulgarian side, their wounded are in just as bad condition as the Turks. One correspondent in describing the poor ambulance service of the Bulgarians, whose wounded are driven for miles in jolting oxen carts, says this is not the worst part of their sufferings. He continues:—

"After several battles the wounded were left lying on the bare fields where they had fallen for two or three hot days and bitterly cold nights, and the worst sights in the hospitals are the rows of poor fellows with swollen and gangrened limbs, for whom there is no hope of recovery."

The correspondent adds that many are dying from exposure and not from wounds.

Grim Toll at Yenidje.

A despatch from Athens says: It is announced that 35,000 Turks were engaged in the battle against the Greeks at Yenidje. They had 42 heavy guns. The Turkish losses numbered 2,000 killed, 500 made prisoners and 22 guns captured. The Greek losses were 500 killed and wounded, including fifteen officers.

Six Thousand Massacred.

A despatch from Athens says: Six thousand women and children, 25 men and two priests have been massacred in the neighborhood of Janina by 750 men of the Turkish infantry and 300 Bashi-Bazouks, who pillaged and set fire to the villages.

Murderous Fighting.

A despatch from Bulgarian headquarters says: After four days' murderous fighting, the Bulgarian army has succeeded in breaking through the Turkish position at Tchatalja in the centre of the lines and completely rolling up the Turkish defence. The Bulgarian advance is being pushed forward with the greatest energy with the view of forcing the Turkish troops away from Constantinople.

Cholera Stops Bulgaria.

A despatch from London says: Cholera at Tchataldja and Constantinople is doing more than all the men under Nazim Pasha to stop the march of the Bulgars. Eye-witnesses tell of horrible scenes in the beleaguered forts, where hundreds of bodies of victims of the disease are piled into shallow trenches.

It is doubtful if King Ferdinand will risk the lives of any more of his men by marching them into a plague-stricken city, and there is a report that already many of the Bulgarian troops have been stricken with cholera, which they caught in positions from which they had routed the diseased Turks.

A Constantinople despatch to the Cologne Gazette declares that Bulgaria has abandoned her intentions to enter Constantinople, being thus advised by Russia and Great Britain. Altogether, although the report that an armistice already has been arranged has not been confirmed, all indications point in that direction, and it may be supposed that the terrible conditions of famine and destitution prevailing among the refugees in the neighborhood of Constantinople, which are calculated to provide a hotbed for the spread of cholera, may have had something to do with Bulgaria's decision.

Constantinople still waits her fate in the calm of despair. So far, in spite of alarmist reports, there has been no great disorder there.

IT SATISFIES MILLIONS OF PEOPLE

Worth your while to test it

LIPTON'S TEA

Sustains and Cheers.

Beans—Hand-picked, $3 per bushel; primes, $2.90, in a jobbing way.

Honey—Extracted, in tins, 12 to 12 1-2c per lb. for No. 1, wholesale; combs, $2.50 to $3, wholesale.

Poultry—Well-fatted, clean, dry-picked stock was quoted as follows:—Chickens, 14 to 15c per lb; fowl, 11 to 13c; ducks, 14 to 16c; geese, 13 to 14c; turkeys, 22 to 24c. Live poultry, about 2c lower than the above.

Potatoes—Good stock quoted at 80 to 90c per bag on track.

Provisions.

Bacon—Long clear, 15 1-4 to 15 1-2c per lb., in case lots. Pork—Short cut, $26 to $27; do., mess, $21.50 to $23. Hams—Medium to light, 17 to 17 1-2c; heavy, 15 1-2 to 16c; rolls, 14 1-2 to 15c; breakfast bacon, 18c; backs, 21 1-2c.

Lard—Tierces, 14 1-2c; tubs, 14 3-4c; pails, 15c.

Baled Hay and Straw.

Baled Hay—No 1 at $14 to $14.50 on track, Toronto; No. 2, $12 to $12.50. Mixed hay, $10 to $11 a ton, on track.

Baled Straw—$10, on track, Toronto.

Montreal Markets.

Montreal, Nov. 19.—Oats — Canadian Western, No. 2, 46 1-2 to 47c; extra No. 1 feed, 46 to 46 1-2c. Barley— Man. feed, 61 to 62c; malting, 78 to 80c. Buckwheat—No. 2, 55 to 56c. Flour—Man. spring wheat patents, firsts, $5 60; seconds, $5.10; strong bakers', $4.90; winter patents, choice, $5.-35; straight rollers, $4.95 to $5 00; straight rollers, in bags, $2.30 to $2.40. Rolled oats, barrels, $5 05; do., bags, 90 lbs., $2.40. Bran, $23. Shorts, $26 to $27. Middlings, $28 to $30. Mouillie, $30 to $35. Hay, No 2 per ton, car lots, 13 to 13 1-2c. Cheese, finest westerns, 12 7-8 to 13c; finest easterns, 12 1-2 to 12 3-4c. Butter, choicest creamery, 30 1-4 to 30 1-2c; seconds, 28 3-4 to 29c. Eggs, selected, 31 to 32c; No. 2 stock, 21 to 22c. Potatoes, per bag, car lots, 80 to 85c.

United States Markets.

Minneapolis, Nov. 19.—Wheat—December, 84 1-4c; May, 80 3-4c; No 1 Northern, 87 1-4c; No. 2 do., 83 to 84 3-4c. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 59 to 60c. Oats—No. 3 white, 29 to 29 1-2c. Rye—No. 2, 57 to 60c. Bran—$18 to $18 50. Flour—First patents, $4.35 to $4.65; second patents, $4.20 to $4.45; first clears, $3.20 to $3.50; second clears, $2.40 to $2.70.

Duluth, Nov. 19.—Wheat—No. 1 hard, 86 3-8c; No. 1 Northern, 85 5-8c; No. 2 do., 83 3-8c; December, 84 3-8c; May, 89 3-8c bid. Linseed—On track and to arrive, $1.40 3-4; November, $1.39 1-4 bid; December, $1.33 bid; January, $1.36 1-2 asked; May, $1.39 asked.

Live Stock Markets.

Montreal, Nov. 19.—Steers, $3.75 to $6 per cwt. Some choice cows brought $4.50, and the common sold at $3 to $4, while the bulls, which were principally canners' stock, sold at from $2 to $3.25 per cwt. Lambs sold at $6 to $6.25 and sheep at $4 per cwt, while calves brought from $3 to $12 each, as to size and quality. Hogs—$8.50 to $8.65 per cwt., weighed off cars.

Toronto, Nov. 19.—Good to choice butchers brought from $5.25 to $5.90, medium at from $4.50 to $5.00. Good butcher cows ranged from $4.75 to $5.00, with common to mediums at from $3.50 to $4.50, and canners at from $2.35 to $3.00. Fair to medium bulls went at from $3.35 to $4.25. Milkers and springers, $50 to $80. Light stockers went at $3.75 to $4.00 per hundredweight. Lambs ranged from $6.15 to $6.40; light ewes from $4.00 to $5.50; bucks and culls from $2.00 to $3.50; good calves from $7.00 to $9.00, with roughs at from $3.-37 1-2 to $6.00. Hogs, $8.10; $8.00 was paid for the most part, on the fed and watered basis.

TORONTO CORRESPONDENCE

INTERESTING BITS OF GOSSIP FROM THE QUEEN CITY.

A Fakir Gets His Just Dues—A Loquacious Alderman—Graft in the City—New Railway Board Chairman.

"Doctor" James Gevalia Evans, who has just been sentenced to fifteen months in Kingston penitentiary on a charge of forgery, never made much of a splash in Toronto, though he has been travelling around the Province for several years.

Until the last year or two "Dr." Evans made his headquarters in Kingston, where he now returns in a different capacity. He arrived there about eight years ago from whence no one knows. He forthwith became active in missionary work. And, among many activities, evolved one pet scheme of establishing a missionary boat on the river Jordan. The boat would travel up and down the river carrying Christianity to the Jews and the Mahommedans of the Holy Land. In advocating this and other schemes "Dr." Evans often assumed Oriental costume, which added to his picturesqueness and impressiveness, and the sensation his appearance caused will be recalled at many points. Subscriptions for his missionary house-boat flowed in until one day a traveller just returned from Palestine asserted that the river at that point would hardly float a chip, let alone a house-boat. "Dr." Evans was not perturbed. He simply switched to some other scheme.

The truth about Evans is that he was a morphine fiend. His arms are a mass of punctures where the needle has been injected. That accounts for his visionary schemes and his absolute irresponsibility.

Duke Saw Medals.

Recently, when the Duke of Connaught was visiting Toronto, there was to be a review of the Veterans' Association. Evans hurried up and got in line as a veteran. Lo and behold his immaculate frock coat was decorated with a string of medals and badges for valor, long service and other military accomplishments, that turned the heart of the proudest veteran green with envy. When the Duke of Connaught passed along the line his sharp eye caught the array. He stopped, examined the medals keenly, and, it is said, detected the fraud. Shortly afterwards came "Dr" Evans' arrest and subsequent exposure.

Some years ago, when the Russian Japanese war broke out, there was practically no one on this continent who knew much about conditions at the scene of fighting. Clubs and associations searched everywhere for lecturers who could deal with the subject, but none was forthcoming. "Dr." Evans jumped into the breach. He knew. Needless to say, his lectures were a frost, although the first ones were largely attended. He advertised pictures, and fulfilled his promise by showing pictures of a boat sailing into various ports all around the world, but when she got to Japan he calmly announced that from this point on the censor would allow no pictures out.

In the 1911 election "Dr." Evans jumped to the front as an Imperialistic orator, and in one capacity or another he is widely known throughout the Province.

His "schemes" rarely did anybody any harm. Even the forgery on which he was connected, arising in connection with a private College here, was not serious in its consequences.

Loquacious "Sam" McBride.

One of the spectacular figures of the Toronto City Council is Alderman Sam McBride. Sam is decidedly loquacious. This is one of his chiefest claims to fame. A favorite pastime of the reporters at Council meetings is to keep track of the number of times Sam speaks. Sometimes the record runs to surprising figures—once it ran to 75 different speeches, which for a session of five hours' duration means that he averaged one speech every four minutes throughout the performance. Naturally Sam does not talk very long at a time, and sometimes what he says is not much to the point. Again it is too pointed for some of his fellow aldermen, for he has the faculty of getting under the skin of his companions with personal remarks. Generally he is good natured, but the other day he threatened across the Council board to shove his fist down the long throat of Controller Church. The good people of the town were greatly shocked and the newspapers read the Council lectures on the indecency of bear garden exhibitions. But Sam afterwards apologized and said he did not mean what he said.

Picks Unpopular Side.

Another claim to fame Alderman McBride has is that he generally votes with the minority. He seems to have a faculty of picking out the unpopular side of an argument. As an "opposer" he is an expert. He was instrumental in blocking the Humber Boulevard scheme for a year, his ground ostensibly being that it is a scheme to make a millionaire of Mr. Home Smith at the expense of the city. If the project had been unpopular Ald. McBride would have probably supported it.

Newspapers and others threaten Ald. McBride with defeat at the polls for his obstructive tactics. But he doesn't worry. Every First of January since 1905, with one exception, he has bobbed up serenely near the top of the poll in ward three. He seems to go on the theory that by opposing everything he gathers in all the votes of the knockers and soreheads. They are the ones who don't forget.

In private life Sam is known to fame for his support of harness racing. He is an ardent follower of trotting races in Toronto and throughout the Province and illumines the meetings of Council with horsey talk and the picturesque atmosphere of the race track.

Graft in Toronto.

A Toronto journalist has been making an investigation into various forms of "graft" that are practised here, and has found some surprising illustrations.

One charge he makes is against undertakers whose charges, he says, are often extortionate. A simple, though thoroughly decent funeral, can be made up on the following charges and still allow the undertaker a good profit of $43:

Coffin	$15 00
Outside box	5 00
Hearse	8 00
Embalming	10 00
Shroud	5 00
Total	$43 00

Yet the charges often run up over $100. Not long ago a Toronto undertaker sent in a bill for $534, but in this case the executors contested the bill in court and had it cut to $129. The casket, which was a fine one, had been charged at $250, though the undertaker admitted in the box that it had cost him only $41. Probably ninety-nine out of a hundred people pay the charge, even if extortionate, rather than appear to be mean about such a matter. And this feeling is played upon.

It is charged, too, that nurses in the institutions stand in with undertakers and receive from them gifts of candies, flowers, theatre tickets, etc., in return for which they give prompt notice of death, so that the undertaker can get on the job before a rival.

Some doctors are also charged with getting concessions from undertakers.

Then there is the janitor's "graft." This flourishes in an apartment house, where from ten families up may reside. Naturally, each family would expect to patronize the grocer, or the butcher, or the dairy they preferred. But the janitor recommends certain people. If his advice is not accepted the deliveries never come right. There is always something wrong, until he gets his way. The presumption is that he gets his "rake off."

The Barber's Graft.

Then there is the barber's "graft." A few years ago it used to cost a modest 15 cents to get a hair-cut. Now the same service costs 40 cents, made up this way:

Hair-cut	25c.
Barber's tip	10c.
Tip to boy with whisk	5c.
Total	40c.

And the boy may be sore because he only gets five cents.

Another form of graft goes on among foremen on construction work where casual labor is employed. They make a practise of collecting a commission from the men they take on. Some foremen are said to collect from $15 to $20 a week in this way.

New Railway Board Chairman.

The appointment of Donald M. McIntyre, K.C., of Kingston, to the chairmanship of the Ontario Railway and Municipal Board is regarded as a promising one. His knowledge of municipal law is admitted. He has now the opportunity to show the other qualities which will enable him to stand up to the job. He can easily make it one of the biggest in the Province.

Mr. McIntyre is unmarried. Once, when asked why, he replied that he had never had time. He lives with two maiden sisters.

It is again remarked that Sir James Whitney in his appointments shows a strong predilection to go outside Toronto.

MANY brands of Baking Powder contain alum, which is an injurious acid. The ingredients of alum baking powder are never printed on the label.

Magic Baking Powder contains no alum and is the only baking powder made in Canada that has all the ingredients plainly printed on the label.

E.W. GILLETT COMPANY LIMITED
TORONTO, ONT.
WINNIPEG MONTREAL

NINE PERSONS DROWNED

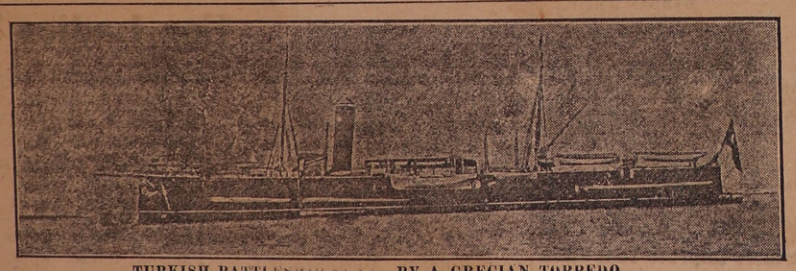
Old Mayflower Springs Leak In Madawaska River Near Barry's Bay, and Sinks.

A despatch from Ottawa says: Nine lives are believed to have been lost in the Madawaska River on Tuesday night soon after 7 o'clock, when the old wheel steamer Mayflower, a small 50-foot boat, capsized and sank three miles out of Barry's Bay, after springing a leak. Of the twelve people aboard, ten of whom were passengers and two members of the crew, three passengers, namely, Gordon C. Peverley, J. S. Imlach and M. J. Harper, all of Ottawa, and commercial travelers, are alive to tell the story of the terrible disaster. They were found by a search party who rowed out from Barry's Bay to an island about three miles down the river, in a very exhausted condition.

From the brief story of the disaster that could be obtained from the three survivors, they say that the Mayflower sprang a leak soon after she left Barry's Bay. Her hold rapidly filled with water, and those on board quickly realized that death was imminent. There was hardly a moment to decide on how their lives could be saved. A howling wind was sweeping down over the river, which is nearly a mile wide at the point where the boat sprang a leak, and the water was lashing the sides of the ill-fated boat with a vengeance. All around was black.

Not a light could be seen anywhere. The boat began to lurch a little, a little more and then terribly, when the old coal-oil lamps went out by being crashed to the floor, and in a few minutes when all was in darkness the boat keeled over broadside and sank suddenly, throwing passengers, crew, freight and all, of which there was a good deal aboard, and machinery, into the icy water. The wooded shores threw back the echoes of the cries of the drowning souls. The three survivors were able to discern some spars of timber floating near to where they had been hurled into the water. Each tried to cheer the other with words of encouragement, and half perished in water that was clogged with ice, and almost numbed to the point of unconsciousness they drifted ashore, but more dead than alive.

Words, they say, could not describe those hours of suffering on the island up to the time they were found. They were too exhausted to walk, or even to get to their feet. Throughout the long, cold night, and terrible, even colder day, in a blinding snow storm, they waited and prayed that help would come to them. Death seemed inevitable until at last, when hope seemed practically gone, they heard the quiet swish of oars and the sound of human voices, and from that moment from sheer joy they remembered nothing more until they awoke in a house with kind faces around them and kind hands to attend to their wants.



TURKISH BATTLESHIP SUNK BY A GRECIAN TORPEDO.

This is a photograph of the Sultan's warship Feth-l-Bulend, which was blown up and sunk by a daring Grecian torpedo boat that escaped unscathed. It is probable scores of men forming the crew, if not several hundred, were drowned, as the vessel sank in five minutes.

PRICES OF FARM PRODUCTS

REPORTS FROM THE LEADING TRADE CENTRES OF AMERICA.

Prices of Cattle, Grain, Cheese and Other Produce at Home and Abroad.

Breadstuffs.

Toronto, Nov. 19.—Flour—Ninety per cent. patents, $4 to $4.10. Manitobas, $5.-50 for first patents, $5 for seconds, and $4.80 for strong bakers'.

Manitoba Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 95 1-2c, Bay ports; No. 2 at 91c; and No. 3 at 89c, Bay ports. Feed wheat, 65 to 67c, Bay ports.

Ontario Wheat—No. 2 new white and red wheat, 96 to 97c, outside, and sprouted, 89 to 95c, outside.

Oats—No. 3 Ontario, 35 to 37c, outside, and 40c, on track, Toronto. Western Canada oats quoted at 42 1-2c cash for No. 2 and 41 1-2c for No. 3.

Peas—No. 2 at $1.10 to $1.15.

Barley—Forty-eight-lb. barley of good quality, 65 to 70c, outside.

Corn—No. 2 old American, 65 1-2c, all-rail, Toronto, and No. 3 at 64 1-2c, all-rail. No 3, Bay ports, 61 1-2c. New corn, December delivery, 56c, Toronto.

Rye—No. 2 at 80 to 82c, outside.

Buckwheat—52 to 55c, outside.

Bran—Manitoba bran, $22.50 to $23, in bags, Toronto freight. Shorts, $22.50 to $25.

Country Produce.

Butter—Rolls, choice, 26 to 27c; bakers', inferior, 22 to 24c; choice, dairy tubs, 25c; creamery, 31 to 32c for rolls, and 28 to 29c for solids.

Eggs—Case lots of fresh, 32c per dozen, and of cold storage, 25 to 28c; strictly new-laid, 40 to 45c per dozen.

Cheese—14 1-2c for large, and 14 3-4c for twins.

THE PANAMA CANAL TOLLS

Merchant Vessel Rate To Be $1.20 Per Net Ton Carrying Capacity.

A despatch from Washington says: President Taft on Wednesday night issued a proclamation fixing the rates that the foreign shipping of the world shall pay for passage through the Panama Canal. The proclamation, made under authority of the canal act passed by Congress in August, establishes a merchant vessel rate of $1.20 per net ton of actual carrying capacity, with a reduction of 40 per cent. on ships in ballast.

The provisions of the proclamation are as follows:

1. On merchant vessels carrying passengers or cargo, $1.20 per net vessel ton—each 100 cubic foot—of actual earning capacity.

2. On vessels in ballast without passengers or cargo, 40 per cent. less than the rate of tolls for vessels with passengers or cargo.

3. Upon naval vessels, other than transports, colliers, hospital ships and supply ships, 50 cents per displacement ton.

4. Upon army and navy transports, colliers, hospital ships and supply ships, $1.20 per net ton, the vessels to be measured by the same rules as are employed in determining the net tonnage of merchant vessels.

"The Secretary of War will prepare and prescribe such rules for the measurement of vessels and such regulations as may be necessary and proper to carry this proclamation into full force and effect."

American coastwise shipping was exempted from toll payment by Congress. It was to this provision of the act that Great Britain diplomatically protested, but no reference to the incident is made in the President's proclamation.

ENGINE BOILER EXPLODES.

Fireman Fatally Hurt and Engineer Critically Injured.

A despatch from Hamilton says: Two men were injured, one fatally and the other critically, and several persons were shaken up early on Friday, when the engine of G.T.R. train No. 11, an accommodation running between Niagara Falls and Windsor, exploded at the "Y" near the Desjardins Canal. The victims were:—George E. Cook, engineer, Niagara Falls, Ont., aged 55 years, badly scalded about the breast, face and hands, lacerated about the shoulders, and suffered from shock, will probably recover; Samuel Sault, fireman, Niagara Falls, N. Y., aged 38, right leg crushed, had to be amputated at the knee; skull fractured; terribly scalded about the upper portion of the body. Taken to City Hospital, where he died at 1.30 in the afternoon.

Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills

exactly meet the need which so often arises in every family for a medicine to open up and regulate the bowels. Not only are they effective in all cases of Constipation, but they help greatly in breaking up a Cold or La Grippe by cleaning out the system and purifying the blood. In the same way they relieve or cure Biliousness, Indigestion, Sick Headaches, Rheumatism and other common ailments. In the fullest sense of the words Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills are 47

A Household Remedy

MORMON PROPAGANDA.

Great Mission in Southern Alberta is Planned.

A despatch from Raymond, Alta., says: Three hundred Mormon missionaries from the Mormon town south of Lethbridge are to engage in what will be the greatest mission propaganda ever inaugurated in southern Alberta. The work is to be conducted during the winter months, and all the territory south of the main line of the Canadian Pacific Railway will be touched. The mission is under President Grandley, former President of the Swiss Mission, and he will have assisting him business men and farmers of the best ability procurable. The plan is one which has recently been adopted in Utah, where it was found to be very successful.

MAN HURLED TO DEATH.

Oliver Poirier Caught in Shafting in Cornwall Mill.

A despatch from Cornwall says: Oliver Poirier, aged about sixty-two, met a horrible death in the basement of the weave shed of the Canada Mill here on Thursday afternoon, when he was in the act of oiling the shafting. His clothing caught in the shafting, and before the speed could be shut off he was dead. Both arms, both legs, his neck and every rib were broken, while his body was a mass of bruises. Poirier was born near Coteau, Que., and is survived by his mother, his wife, two sisters and two brothers.

County Judge Reade has upheld the decision of Magistrate Blake of Galt that breweries may not advertise in local option districts, it being a form of soliciting business.

MILLIONS IN BLACK FOXES.

P. E. Islanders Prosper Also in Agricultural Products.

A despatch from Charlottetown, P. E. I., says: "Prince Edward Islanders at home never before made so much money in a single year as this year," said Publicity Agent McCready in an interview. "The farmers had bountiful crops and are getting top prices. Butter, cheese, eggs and poultry will this year bring in more than before. Of 187 lobster canneries the product will be somewhat less in quantity than in some former years, but better prices will make this good. In black foxes alone the gain has run into millions. Of say 400 old foxes, the increase has been at least $2,000 each, making $800,000, while as many more young ones littered last spring, sold easily for $5,000 each, making $2,000,000 more. There is already quite brisk bidding for options to purchase the coming crop of young, due to arrive in April, 1913, at $5,000 to $6,000 each."

BRITISH NAVAL GUN BURST.

Some of the Fragments Were Blown Three Miles.

A despatch from London says: While the new naval 13.5 inch gun was being tested on Friday at Shoeburyness it burst, some of the fragments being blown three miles. Thirteen persons were injured.

How to Save Money

THE Banker, the Business Man and Shrewd Investor to-day places his surplus in Bonds.

Bonds have the security behind them, which absolutely assures payment of principal and interest.

They pay a high rate of interest and are easily converted into cash.

We are in the market to buy and sell Bonds. Write us.

J. A. MACKAY & COMPANY LIMITED

Guardian Bldg. MONTREAL — Royal Bank Bldg. TORONTO

H. B. HOUSSER, Toronto Manager.

ANAEMIC GIRLS SEEM EVERYWHERE

Nine Out of Every Ten Show Symptoms of This Serious Trouble.

So steadily does anaemia undermine the health of young, growing girls and young women that it is rightly regarded as one of the greatest enemies of her sex. Nine women out of ten are bloodless, more or less, and in many cases neglect has allowed anaemia to develop into hopeless decline. There is a security and new strength for weak tired girls and women in Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. They actually make the new, good blood of health that banishes the "always tired" weakness, and the continual backaches of anaemia. They drive away headaches, the lo" spirits, the palpitation of the overworked heart and the fits of nervousness that mark the women whose weak blood is unable to nourish their wasting frames. Dr. Willams' Pink Pills have given health to unhappy anaemics in cases too numerous to record. Here is one example. Miss Hattie B. White, Whitehall, Ont., says:—"Some two years ago I became very much run down. I consulted a doctor who told me that it was a bad case of anaemia and nervousness. I had most of the symptoms that accompany this trouble, such as headaches, a tired feeling, poor appetite, and pallor. The doctor's medicine did not seem to help me and then I began changing from one medicine to another, but with no better results. Finally at the suggestion of my mother I decided to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I got two boxes and by the time I had taken them I began to feel better. This cheered me very much, and I continued using the Pills until I had taken nine or ten boxes. When I was again enjoying the very best of health, and had gained in weight as well. I have proved in my case that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are a cure for anaemia, and can recommend them to similar sufferers."

Sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for $2.50, from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

What to Avoid.

The Tourist—"Which is the best hotel in this town?"

The Native—"There ain't no best. I kin only tell you which is the worst."

A New Way to Make Money.

I am making a fortune selling Pure Fruit Candy. Any brainy person can do likewise; so if you want to make more money than you ever possessed send ninety-six cents in Canadian stamps to cover the expense of mailing Seventy-seven Pure Food Candy Formulas, and the moulds to make the candy. I will send them prepaid, and help you start in business. I am glad to help others, who, like myself, need money. People say "the candy is the best they ever tasted"—therein lies the beauty of the business—the candy is eaten immediately and more ordered. You don't have to canvas; you sell right from your own home. I made $12.00 the first day; so can you. Isabelle Inez, Block "L" Negley, Pittsburg, Pa.

When a man buys a new hat he wants one somewhat like the one he had before—but it's different with a woman.

'MARVELLOUS' CURES OF SKIN ERUPTION

Four Children Constantly Scratching, Nearly Tore Limbs Off, Cured in a Month by Cuticura Soap and Ointment

"Two of my daughters and two of my sons were suffering from very bad heads, the doctor ordering my daughters to have all their hair cut off so as to prevent it from spreading all over their heads, and to get to the seat of the trouble in order to be able to rub some ointment, which he gave them, well into the sores. These sores started in small blotches which got larger and larger and then burst and spread all over their heads, and in some cases down their backs and bodies. The doctor said it was eczema, but they seemed to be daily getting worse. The sores formed like little boils, then filled with matter, and looked like abscesses. They became all inflamed and irritated, causing them to be constantly scratching themselves. This made the sores burst, and the matter flowed all over their heads. We had to cut their finger nails and at times to put gloves on their hands, the irritation was so bad, to keep them from digging into the flesh, and at night they would nearly tear their limbs off. The bolsters would be literally covered with blood.

"The teachers would not let them attend school for fear of infection spreading among the other children, so I resolved to try the Cuticura Remedies, which I found to benefit my children greatly. I continued with the Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment for one month, and the result is a marvelous cure." (Signed) George Arthur Robinson, 27, Fitzwilliam St., Hoyland Common, n., Barnsley, Yorks., Eng., Jan. 3, 1911.

Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold throughout the world, a liberal sample of each, with 32-p. book on the skin will be sent free, on application to Potter D. & C. Corp., 46 Columbus Ave., Boston, U. S. A.

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, &c.

WHEN HINDUS MAY BEG.

Nine Cases in Which One May Be a Mendicant.

The Hindu Shastras (says the Times of India) consider that begging is allowable and "virtuous" in nine cases, namely:

Where a man wants to marry and is unable to defray the expenses of marriage, or wishes to perform a costly sacrifice, or to travel;

Where he has given away all his wealth to priests, or seeks wealth for his Guru, or for the maintenance of his father, or his mother;

Where he seeks wealth for his own study or is ill.

The ascetic may beg; having given up all concern with the world, his case may be placed on a par with that of the person who has made over all his wealth to priests.

It is degrading for an able-bodied person who does not fall under any of the nine categories mentioned to throw himself on the charities of others. A person in distress, as for example during a famine, may be treated as one who is ill. The Buddhist and Jain ascetics may beg like their Brahmin brethren; and a multiplication of the ascetic orders has led to a multiplication of mendicants.

In many cases the asceticism is nominal and is a cloak for avoiding work and the anxieties connected with it. But such dishonest mendicancy finds no support in the Shastras.

In the permissible cases certain rules are to be observed.

Thus a man may beg for the expenses of his first marriage, which is enjoined as a duty, but not for his second marriage during the lifetime of the first wife.

If he begs in the latter case, he is told, somewhat coarsely, that he must look upon the offspring by the second wife as if it belonged to the donors of the expenses.

Similarly the Hindu ascetic should not go out on his begging round early in the day; he must beg when the householders have eaten, and the dishes have been removed. If he gets no alms, he should not despair, and when he does get food he should not unduly rejoice. He should barely support life, and not indulge his palate.

SCOFFERS

Often Make the Staunchest Converts.

The man who scoffs at an idea or doctrine which he does not fully understand has at least the courage to show where he stands.

The gospel of Health has many converts who formerly laughed at the idea that tea and coffee, for example, ever hurt anyone. Upon looking into the matter seriously, often at the suggestion of a friend, such persons have found that Postum and a friend's advice have been their salvation.

"My sister was employed in an eastern city where she had to do calculating," writes a Western girl. "She suffered with headache until she was almost unfitted for duty.

"Her landlady persuaded her to quit coffee and use Postum, and in a few days she was entirely free from headache." (Tea is just as injurious as coffee because it contains caffeine, the same drug found in coffee.) "She told her employer about it, and on trying it, he had the same experience.

"My father and I have both suffered much from nervous headache since I can remember, but we scoffed at the idea advanced by my sister, that coffee was the cause of our trouble.

"However, we finally quit coffee and began using Postum. Father has had but one headache now in four years, due to a severe cold, and I have lost my headaches and sour stomach which I am now convinced came from coffee.

"A cup of good, hot Postum is satisfying to me when I do not care to eat a meal. Circumstances caused me to locate in a new country and I feared I would not be able to get my favorite drink, Postum, but I was relieved to find that a full supply is kept here with a heavy demand for it." Name given by Canadian Postum Co., Windsor, Ont.

Read "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

The total police force of England and Wales is now nearly 31,000.

One must be a genius to be a successful barber. One is reminded of the tonsorial artist who operated in the same village for fifty years and never made a mistake. In his early days a handsome boy sat into his chair. "Shave, sir?" asked the barber. "You flatter me," laughed the youth. "You flatter me. No, I can only use a hair-cut." Years passed. In fact, thirty years did it. The same man came to the same barber. "Hair-cut, sir?" asked the barber. "You flatter me!" sighed the man. "No—only a shave."

ARE YOUR HANDS CHAPPED?

Zam-Buk Will Cure Them.

The particular danger of chapped hands and cold cracks (apart altogether from the pain) is that the cold is likely to penetrate and set up inflammation, festering, or blood-poison. Directly the skin is broken by a cut, graze or scratch, or chaffed and cracked by the action of the cold winds and water, the one necessary precaution is to apply Zam-Buk freely.

The pure herbal juices from which Zam-Buk is prepared are so perfectly combined and refined that the immediate effect of these Zam-Buk dressings is soothing, antiseptic, and healing.

Mrs. O. M. Phoen, Neuchatel, Alta., writes:—"I must tell you how pleased I am with Zam-Buk. My husband had an old frostbite on his foot for many years, and had tried almost every known remedy, without any effect, but the first application of Zam-Buk seemed to help him so much that he persevered and the sore is now cured. We would not be without Zam-Buk in the house."

Zam-Buk is also a sure cure for piles, eczema, ulcers, abscesses, scalp sores, blood-poison, bad leg, eruptions, etc. Its purely herbal composition makes it the ideal balm for babies and young children. All druggists and stores sell Zam-Buk 50c. box or post free from Zam-Buk Co., Toronto, for price. Try also Zam-Buk Soap, 25c. tablet.

BULGARIA'S KING.

Bulgaria's success in her great struggle for freedom is almost entirely due to her ruler, King Ferdinand, who four years ago assumed the title of Tsar. He is reputed to be the most autocratic ruler in Europe, for virtually the feudal system prevails in Bulgaria, and the monarch is recognized as owner of the soil.

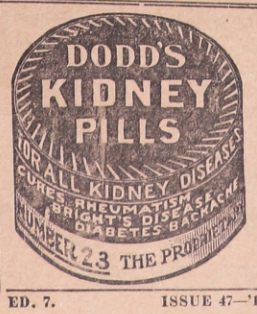
That King Ferdinand has not abused his power is evident from his record. He has extended the railway system in a very enlightened manner, and has adapted his principal ports to modern shipping,

King Ferdinand of Bulgaria.

thus opening up the commerce of his country. Moreover, he has reorganized the Bulgarian army.

King Ferdinand is a grandson of Louis Philippe of France. At the age of twenty-six he was elected Prince of Bulgaria, and since that time his sole object in life has been to increase the power and independence of the country over which he rules. He has been married twice and possesses a family of two sons and two daughters. The union with his second wife, who was the Princess Eleanor of Reuss Kostrich, was in the nature of romance. When the pair were young there was some talk if a union between them, but negotiations fell through. The Princess remained single, and when King Ferdinand found himself a widower his thoughts turned to the woman who had attracted him in his youth. They were married four years ago, both being well on the way to fifty.

The country over which King Ferdinand exercises sway has a total population rather less than that of Ireland, though it slightly exceeds the latter country in area. The Zadruga, or house-community, is still popular in Bulgaria, and is ruled by a house-father and housemother, who organize the work and lay down the law as was the custom with primitive communities. Peasant proprietorship is universal throughout the country, and only the monasteries and one or two individuals own large estates. The peasants are extremely conservative in their methods of agriculture, and oxen and buffaloes are generally used for draught purposes. Military service is compulsory, though Moslems are permitted to buy themselves off if so they wish.



BRINE CURE FOR HORSES.

Novel Bath Experiment at Droitwitch for Afflicted Animals.

A brine bath, in which four horses can stand in hot brine, is now in existence at Droitwitch, England. The bath has been built at the rear of Mr. Everett's garage, in St. George's Square, with a sloping way down which the horses can walk in four stalls, where they will find themselves in about 2 feet 6 inches of warm brine. After standing in this for the number of hours ordered by a veterinary surgeon, they will be brought out, dried, and properly bandaged, to avoid all risk of catching cold.

Droitwitch brine is twelve times as strong as ordinary sea water, and the cure is intended for race horses, polo ponies, and hunters. Mr. Everett says that he has for years used the brine, made hot, on lame horses, by dipping bandages in it and applying them to the legs. He has found the cure successful for strains, bangs, and rheumatism. He also found it very good while he looked after his father's stud farm at Finstall Park for foals and yearlings who were weak in the legs.

THE BEST MEDICINE FOR YOUNG CHILDREN.

Mrs. Ulderic Roberge, Lac Long, Que., writes:—"I have used Baby's Own Tablets for my baby who suffered from stomach trouble and vomiting, also from constipation and they completely cured him. I can recommend them to all mothers as the very best medicine for young children. The Tablets are superior to all other medicines, not only because they promptly cure stomach trouble, constipation, colic, etc., but because they are guaranteed to be absolutely safe and free from all harmful drugs. Sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Necessary.

"Do you believe in divorce?"

"No."

"Then you are in favor of abolishing it?"

"Oh, no, I don't believe in wet weather, but it seems to be necessary sometimes."

Minard's Liniment Co., Ltd.

Gentlemen,—In July, 1905, I was thrown from a road machine, injuring my hip and back badly and was obliged to use a crutch for 14 months. In Sept., 1906, Mr. Wm. Ouridge, of Lachute, urged me to try MINARD'S LINIMENT, which I did, with the most satisfactory results, and to-day I am as well as ever in my life.

Yours sincerely,
his
MATTHEW x BAINES.
mark

An Artful Approach.

"Son why don't you play circus? It's great fun. First you make a sawdust ring."

"Where'll I get any sawdust, dad?"

"Here's the saw. Just saw some of that cordwood into stove lengths. You can have all the sawdust you make."

The "SALADA" Tea Co. have issued a writ for $5,000.00 against W. Brittain, Grocer, of Toronto, for selling bulk tea in paper bags as "Salada" Tea. Genuine "SALADA" is sold only in sealed lead packets.

At the accession of Queen Victoria, the amount of the British National Debt stood at nearly £788,000,000, while at the end of last year the net amount of the Debt was about £678,000,000.

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows.

Irate Father—"I'll teach you to kiss my daughter!" Young Man—"Not necessary, sir; I have just learnt!"

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

Little Bessie's Prayers.

Little Bessie was visiting her grandmother, who was very devout. Calling Bessie to her, the old lady asked:

"Has your mother taught you to say your prayers, dear?"

"Oh, yes, ma'am," replied the little girl.

"And to whom do you pray, dear, and ask to forgive your naughty little ways?"

"Why," said Bessie, "sometimes I pray to mother's knees and sometimes to the bed."

"What caused the coolness between you and that young doctor? I thought you were engaged." "His writing is rather illegible. He sent me a note calling for 10,000 kisses." "Well?" "I thought it was a prescription, and took it to be filled."

TO submit to a headache is to waste energy, time and comfort. To stop it at once simply take

NA-DRU-CO Headache Wafers

Your Druggist will confirm our statement that they do not contain anything that can harm heart or nervous system. 25c. a box.

NATIONAL DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO. OF CANADA, LIMITED. 124

INTERNATIONAL STOCK FOOD

Makes Cows Give More Rich Milk.

International Stock Food conquered England, just as it conquered Canada and the United States, by proving to the Dairy Experts that it is the greatest milk producer and health restorer in the world.

The test was made on three cows from the dairy herd of S. W. Hackney, Esq., Leeds, England, Chairman of the Yorkshire Federation of Dairy Farmers.

Quantity and quality of milk was tested for a certain time—then "International Stock Food" was added to the regular feed.

INTERNATIONAL STOCK FOOD showed an increase in Milk of 14.2 pints daily, and 1.21 pounds of butter daily.

This proves that International Stock Food, added to the regular feed will increase the quantity and improve the quality of milk from every cow.

It shows that International Stock Food aids digestion and keep cows in better condition. It proves that International Stock Food is a money-maker for the farmer—that every farmer who owns one, or a hundred, cows should feed International Stock Food every day.

Make the test yourself—weigh the milk you are getting now—then feed International for a few weeks, and weigh again. Then you'll see how International Stock Food will make money for you.

International Stock Food Co., Limited Toronto, Ont. 176

International Stock Food is sold by dealers everywhere.

A copy of our $5,000 Stock Book free on request.

If You Value Your Eyesight

You will equip your reading table with a **Rayo Lamp**

Authorities agree that a good kerosene oil lamp is the best for reading. The Rayo is the best oil lamp made—the result of years of scientific study. It gives a steady, white light, clear—mellow. Made of solid brass, nickel plated. Can be lighted without removing chimney or shade. Easy to clean and rewick.

At Dealers Everywhere.

THE IMPERIAL OIL COMPANY, Limited

TORONTO MONTREAL HALIFAX WINNIPEG ST. JOHN

"EZE" (PRONOUNCED EASY) **SUSPENDERS**

You move and those "EZE" cords slide. Shoulders free, shirt smooth, buttons secure. Each Pair Insured Against Breakage for 365 Days. Genuine stamped "EZE" on buckle. 50c. At dealer's or postpaid for 50 cents.

The King Suspender Co. TORONTO Canada

LANGMUIR'S CREOSOTE Shingle Stains

Protect — Preserve — Beautify

Samples and Booklets on Application

JAMES LANGMUIR & CO., Limited

1374 Bathurst Street TORONTO

Careless of Him.

Newlywed — "Before I married you I used to save $2,000 a year!"

Wife—"Oh, indeed! So you've been holding all that back on me, have you? Hand it over!"

Cure For Consumption.—For consumption, weak lungs, lingering coughs, laryngitis and bronchitis. Names and addresses of those only given a few days to live by specialist and doctors, after taking this cure are alive and well, will be sent on request. Write Wm. R. Copeland, 511 Pape Ave., Toronto, Ont.

Some people have automobiles who ought to have babies.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

In Europe at present there are over 7,000 living centenarians, of whom the great majority hail from the Balkan region. Bulgaria can lay claim to nearly 4,000, Servia more than 1,700; but in England, according to recent statistics, there are fewer than a hundred, and in Denmark only two.

To lead a dissipated life may be called a kind of death.

Sample free if you write National Drug & Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited, Toronto.

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H. W. DAWSON, Ninety Colborne Street, Toronto.

HUNDRED ACRES—COUNTY HALTON; Good House; Buildings; Orchard. Cheap and on easy terms.

SEVENTY-SIX ACRES WITH GOOD buildings and apple orchard; about five miles from Hamilton.

H. W. DAWSON, Toronto.

BRICK FLOUR MILL—IN A THRIVing village in Western Ontario; big local trade; situated in the best farming district in Ontario. Will exchange for improved farm, city or Toronto property. The Western Real Estate, London, Ont.

MALE HELP WANTED

SIXTY TO ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS monthly waiting for young men as Telegraphers and Station Agents, after six months attendance here. Advancement rapid. Day and Mail Courses. Write for free Book 18. Dominion School Railroading, Toronto.

MISCELLANEOUS

CANCER, TUMORS, LUMPS, etc. Internal and external, cured without pain by our home treatment. Write us before too late. Dr. Bellman Medical Co., Limited, Collingwood, Ont.

WANTED—BLACK, SILVER AND Cross Foxes, Marten, Fisher and Mink, alive. Blake Vannatter, Ballinafad, Ontario.

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For the very best, send your work to the "BRITISH AMERICAN DYEING CO." Look for agent in your town, or send direct. Montreal. Toronto. Ottawa. Quebec

THINGS WORTH KNOWING ABOUT CHRISTMAS BUYING

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The LeRoy Import Co., 13 Jordan St. E. - - Toronto.

CHAMPION EVAPORATOR MAKES THE BEST SYRUP

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If you buy a first class Shoe, don't you want that Shoe made in the latest style?

THE POPULAR SHOE STORE can furnish you with all the newest and smartest styles for Men, Women and Children.

See our lines in:

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Our stock of Felt and Fleece Lined Boots are admired by all who have seen them—so cosy and warm, stylish and low in price, from ..... $1.35 to $2.50

Men's "Invictus" Shoes originate the shapes that lead the Shoe style sin Canada. Call and examine our Patent, Gun Metal, Tan, button or lace.

We Are Headquarters For Rubbers This Fall

Carrying all the best brands:

Men's Fine Rubbers, from ..... 75c. to $1.00 pair

Women's Fine Rubbers, from ..... 50c. to 85c. pair

OUR WINTER HOSIERY STOCK is now complete. You should see our LEADER in Women's all wool Stockings, only ..... 25c. pair

LLAMA CASHMERE, only ..... 45c. pair

We take the lead in Hand Made Work.

Always welcome whether you buy or not, at

GEO. E. REYNOLDS
SHOE KING

THE MERIT OF THE FIXED PREMIUM

¶Recent events in the domain of life insurance afford another illustration of the superiority of the Fixed Premium system, under which the regular legal reserve companies operate.

¶In the evening of life, when earning power is declining, a man's monetary obligations should grow less, rather than greater.

¶That is just what happens when profits are applied to reduce premiums annually, or when payments cease altogether at the end of the term, as is the case in

THE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA

BURROWS, of Belleville,
Agents wanted, General Agent.

New Treatment For Insane

An important meeting of the medical men of Prince Edward county was held in the Picton Public Library Tuesday evening.

Some weeks ago the superintendent of Rockwood Hospital, Dr. Ryan, wrote Dr. Branscombe, asking him to arrange for a meeting of the doctors of Prince Edward and a representative of Rockwood to discuss the newer and more rational methods now being adopted at Rockwood for the treatment, care and cure of those of every community who suffer from the many diseases of which insanity is but the symptom. This meeting was arranged for Tuesday evening and a representative number of doctors met Dr. Young of Kingston, who gave a most interesting and instructive lecture. The strictly professional or scientific part of his discourse richly deserves high commendation, but the part directed to the education of the lay public would prove a great boon to every member of society. For that reason we will try to cover a few of the salient points in the briefest manner.

First, is the change of name from "asylum"—meaning a retreat or a place of restraint—to "hospital"—a place for sympathetic treatment, care and cure. As direct result of this there are fifty patients a year less at Rockwood which means a saving of nearly $10,000.00 actual expenditure at that institution alone, to say nothing of the wage-earning power of these patients.

Second, the public should recognize that every insane person is not the same, that, as mentioned before, insanity is but the symptom of many and varied disorders; that while some of these disorders are incurable, by far the greater number are curable if but given the opportunity—just as with other diseases.

A third, the alarming increase of certain forms of insanity, due directly to the white slave traffic with its venereal diseases, should arouse an educational campaign along these lines—as Prof. Adami says, the future of our young nationhood is menaced and the time has come for open, direct and energetic education.

While these are but a few, and very briefly put lines of thought, our doctors will be willing to discuss them more fully with anyone interested. And we have no hesitation in saying that the practitioners of this district will do all in their power to aid in the campaign of education along the lines which Dr. Ryan and his staff at Rockwood Hospital are doing their utmost to inaugurate.

If the campaign receives the support due it, not only will the sick in this district benefit, but the social, moral and economic conditions of our whole Dominion will be benefited.—Picton Times.

The War in Europe

The Turkish fortress of Monastir surrendered on Monday to the Servian troops. Fifty thousand Turkish soldiers and three generals laid down their arms.

Monastir has been virtually surrounded by Servian troops for several days while Greek troops coming from the south have cut off their line of retreat to Ochrida. On Saturday the Servian troops, after desperate fighting throughout the day and night, succeeded in capturing two important heights commanding the city. They then advanced through the Morasses into the inner fortifications which surrendered to-day.

Monastir is the headquarters of the sixth Turkish army corps commanded by Fethi Pasha, but many other Turkish troops fleeing from surrounding towns which had been captured by the Servians concentrted there.

The first Bulgarian attacks on the Turkish line of fortifications defending Constantinople at Tchatalja has failed.

The whole of the Bulgarian army was engaged. Every available man was moved to the front from the Bulgarian forces investing Adrianople and these were relieved by Servian troops.

The Bulgarians with all their artillery continued their advance on Tchatalja fortifications on Saturday and continued the bombardment of the work throughout Sunday. They, however, found the Turkish positions so strong that they could not make any impression on them and for the moment at least have been compelled to give up the attempt, the fring according to a despatch from Constantinople having ceased on Monday morning.

Observers who have been to the Turkish front agree that the capture of Tchatalja must prove a task of tremendous difficulty. The days the Bulgariant troops were compelled to use for the bringing up of guns, ammunition and reinforcements were taken advantage of by the Turks to dig themselves into entrenchments and to place their guns in positions giving them a distinct advantage over the attackers. The Turkish soldiers, too, who had been so shaken by their previous defeats appear to have been steadied and thus far have made a most determined stand.

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We keep everything in the line of

STOVES

See our line of Cook Stoves finished with onyx tiled back, nickle plated closet door and panel with mirror.

We can give you the best that brains, skilled mechanics and good material can produce.

Every Stove guaranteed.

We keep heaters of every description, from the cheap Heater to the best Base Burner.

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Now is the time to take advantage of a trip to a milder climate and escape the cold winter months. Round trip tourist tickets are issued by the Grand Trunk Railway to California, Mexico, Colorado, Pacific Coast Points and the Sunny South, at low rates giving choices of all the best routes. Features in connection with this route: only Double Track Line to Buffalo and Chicago; Fast Service; Modern Equipment; Unexcelled Dining Car Service; Palatial Electric Lighted Pullman Sleeping Cars; all elements of safely and comfort. Ask nearest Grand Trunk Agent for full particulars, or write A. E. Duff, D. P. A., Union Station, Toronto, Ontario.

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Fight Against White Plague

A movement fraught with tremendous possibilities for good has been launched in the form of a request that the churches of Ontario should set aside each year a Sabbath to be observed as "Tuberculosis Sunday." The Interdenominational Ministerial Association of Toronto gave a ready assent when the proposal was laid before them, and they have fixed upon Sunday, December 1st, as the day upon which they will seek to awake the interest and sympathy of their congregations in the noble work being done to succour needy consumptives, stay the raveges of the disease, educate the public in preventive measures, and finally stamp out the scourge of tuberculosis. A general appeal issued to the clergy of all denominations in Ontario is meeting with a cordial response, and in hundreds of pulpits the sermons of Dec. 1st will be devoted to this vitally important subject. The active co-operation of the churches of the province should result in a mighty impetus being given to the war upon tuberculosis in Ontario.

Don't waste your money buying strengthening plasters. Chamberlain's Liniment is cheaper and better. Dampen a piece of flannel with it and bind it over the affected parts and it will relieve the pain and soreness. For sale by all dealers.

Lumber, Lath

AND SHINGLES

All kinds of dressed and undressed lumber on hand.

Also, Lath and Shingles of the very best quality.

J. W. HAIGHT.

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Farms situated in Rawdon, Hungerford and Thurlow, and two choice village properties.

A General Insurance business transacted. No fees charged on renewals or new business.

For full particulars write

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Insure you Live Stock, Stallions, and in foal Mares.

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Will protect them. For full information as to rates, write or apply to

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Agent, Stirling

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SOUTHERN ALBERTA, THE SUNNY AND THE GOLDEN

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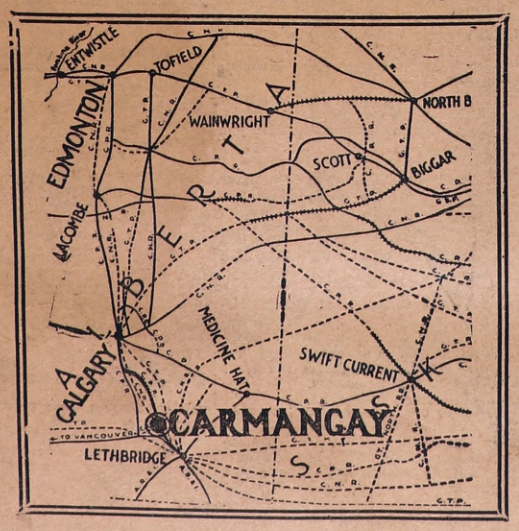
NATURE'S FAVORITE

Nature made the future of Carmangay absolutely certain. Agriculture and industry must follow when Nature shows the way.



CARMANGAY has the finest climate in Canada.

CARMANGAY has the purest water supply in the Western Prairies. The railroads appreciate this, as the water is free from alkali, and they have planned accordingly.

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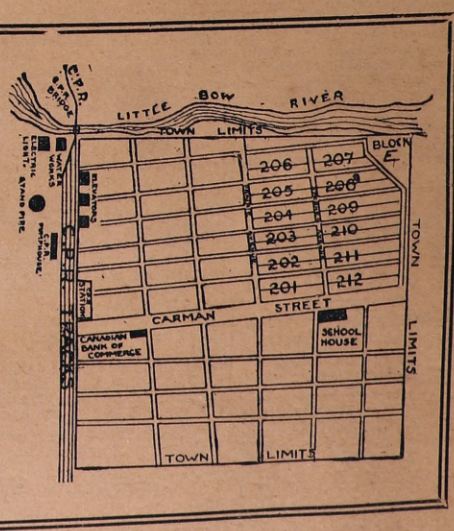
CARMANGAY has inexhaustible quarries of the finest building material.

CARMANGAY has two banks, although the present population is but five hundred. The bankers know what is coming, and also that the first comers will reap the rewards of foresight.

CARMANGAY has a $60,000 school. Others will soon be required.

CARMANGAY has three large elevators, and plans for others are completed.



CARMANGAY is on the main line of the Canadian Pacific from Calgary to Lethbridge. This line was completed only five months ago, which accounts for the fact that property in this most desirable townsite in Southern Alberta is now available. We strongly recommend our clients to act promptly, as Carmangay offers such an unusual opportunity for investment that Western buyers will rapidly take up the remaining lots within the town limits.

We wish to impress upon our friends that the Carmangay property is not a subdivision. It is a portion of the original townsite, and is indicated by the words "Block E" in the diagram. It will be noted that the property is within the town limits, and adjoining the best residential district. We repeat, quick action is necessary. To our clients for whom we have made money in the past this recommendation from us will be sufficient incentive for promptness.

Please write name and address plainly in coupon in opposite corner, and mail without delay. Allotments will be made in the order that applications are received. First come, first served.

WESTERN CANADA REAL ESTATE CO.
502 TEMPLE BUILDING, TORONTO

The Western Canada Real Estate Company
502 Temple Building, Toronto

Please mail me descriptive folder on Carmangay.

Name .....

Address .....

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$1.00 PER ANNUM IN ADVANCE. $1.25 IF NOT PAID IN ADVANCE.

STIRLING, HASTINGS COUNTY, ONT., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 1912.

Vol. XXXIV, No. 11.

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The Best Brand of Overcoats ever shown in Stirling, at.....$8.00, $9.00, $10.00, to $20.00

"The Ward Brand" of Ready-to-Wear suits, up-to-the-minute in style, $7.50, $8.50, $9.00, $10.00 to $20.00

500 choice patterns in Suitings made to your ORDER, from.....$14.00 to $25.00

Men's and Boys' Sweater Coats.....50c. to $5.00

Men's and Boys' Uuderwear,.....75c. to $5.00 per suit

KNOCK-ABOUT SUITS

We have a few Suits in sizes 33 to 36, at **$2.50**, the price of a suit of Overalls, but we don't want you to think they are up-to-date in style, because they are not, but they are good wearing suits that sold from $5.00 to $8.00, but you can have Coat, Vest and Pants for $2.50, at

FRED. T. WARD'S,

MEN'S WEAR SPECIALIST

COOK & FOX

"THE STORE OF QUALITY"

More Ladies' & Misses' Winter Coats

We are now offering the latest novelties in Ladies' and Misses' Coats and we guarantee them to be the best that can be bought for the money. By the best we mean supreme in every respect. Best styles, best materials, and best workmanship.

JOHNNY COATS

The latest call in Coat fashion. Dressy and very comfortable. These come in cut-away and 54 in. straight styles. Made from finest materials, reversible Chinchillas and Tweeds. Prices.....$15.00 and $17.50

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Ladies' Coats, fine quality Beaver shell, large Fur collar, quilted lining throughout, very special.....$15.00

FUR-LINED COATS

Latest style, best quality Beaver shell, NATURAL SABLE collar and best rat lining. This is the best Coat money can buy.
Our special price.....$50.00

CHILDREN'S COATS

All styles, sizes and prices..... $2.50 to $5.50 each

SPECIALS

LADIES' HANDKERCHIEFS—Reg. 5c.....12 for 25c
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LADIES' UNDERWEAR—Fine quality, even weave, Vests and Drawers, Gray or White, special.....25c. each

GROCERY SPECIALS

New Currants.....3 lbs. for 25c
Seedless Raisins.....3 lbs. for 25c
Large Prunes, 60's and 70's, reg. 12½c.....3 lbs. for 25c
Rolled Oats.....8 lbs. for 25c
Rolled Wheat, best quality.....8 lbs. for 25c
Fresh Corn Flakes.....3 for 25c
Puffed Wheat, Post Toasties, Krinkle Corn Flake.....3 for 25c
Best Green Ceylon Tea, reg. 30c. for.....25c
If you use this once you will always use it.
Finest Peels, Lemon, Orange and Citron.....20c. lb
Canned Huckleberries, reg. 15c., special.....10c. can
Canned French Peas, reg. 15c.....2 for 25c
Infants' Delight Soap, per dozen.....90c
If you want the best buy it here and save money.

FOWL! FOWL! FOWL!

We are the largest buyers of all kinds of Dressed Poultry. Bring them in any day of the week.

HOW TO DRESS:

All must be dry picked, all feathers off, not drawn. Heads on Turkeys and Chickens. Heads off Geese and Ducks. Turkeys bled in mouth. Few wing feathers on. Prices:

Chickens.....12c.
Hens.....8c.
Ducks.....12c.
Geese.....10c.
Turkeys.....17c.

Highest price for all kinds of Produce, Dried Apples, Butter, Fowl, etc. Phone 43 Goods promptly delivered

UNION BANK OF CANADA

Paid-up Capital, Reserve Fund and Undivided Profits (Over) $8,175,000
Total Assets (Over) $63,000,000

You Can Always Get Your Money Promptly

if it is deposited in the Union Bank of Canada. When that unforeseen need arises, or an opportunity comes to make an exceptionally profitable cash deal, it is worth much to be able to get your cash without delay.

Meanwhile it is absolutely safe and is earning Interest all the time.

STIRLING BRANCH—W. S. MARTIN, Manager.

LONDON, ENG., BRANCH, 61 Threadneedle, St., E.C. { F. W. ASHE, - - - Manager. / G. M. C. HART SMITH. Assistant Manager.

Cheese Board Banquet

The banquet given to the Stirling Cheese Board of Trade by W. S. Martin, Esq., Manager of the Union Bank, on Tuesday evening last, was one of the most enjoyable events of the season. The banquet was held in the Opera House, and the catering was done by the W. M. S., of the Methodist Church.

After full justice had been done to the excellent repast provided, Mr. Martin, as Chairman, introduced the toast list in a brief speech, in which he said he believed in the hearty co-operation of town and country people in every way.

The toast list was a lengthy one, and as usual the first was "The King," which was heartily responded to by singing a verse of the national anthem.

A letter was read from Mr. A. D. McIntosh, district representative of the Department of Agriculture, regretting his inability to be present on account of other engagements.

We cannot give space to all the speeches, but will only give some points that appeared as specially important.

In speaking to the toast of "The Dairying Industry," Mr. Thos. Watkin, one of the oldest cheese buyers in this district, congratulated the Stirling Cheese Board on having had a prosperous year. He thought it would have been much more profitable were the factories equipped with cool curing rooms, which he believed to be an absolute necessity, if the best quality of cheese was made. Cool curing rooms would make an increase of $400 or $500 in the income of a factory. Steamships had now their cold storage rooms, and railroads refrigerator cars, and the Government assisted by furnishing free ice, and factorymen should take hold of this matter and provide cool curing rooms. Another matter of importance was the taking care of Sunday's milk. There was much loss of cheese on this account, as it took more pounds of milk on Monday to make a pound of cheese than on any other day. If milk was properly cared for and sent to the factory in good condition there would be a better yield of cheese.

Mr. Thos. Thompson, of Madoc, also spoke of the advantage of cool curing rooms. By curing at a low temperature there were more cheese to sell and of a better quality. The Government had proved by actual tests that there was less shrinkage when cheese was cured at a low temperature. Another weak point is the low average production per cow. The Dominion Government is coming to the farmer's aid, by sending a representative to explain as to cow testing, and there was now a cow testing association at Frankford, and Madoc board had taken up the matter, and the same could be taken up by any Cheese Board. Large factories are better than small ones.

Mr. W. H. Cook also spoke in favor of cool curing rooms, and thinks the farmers would receive benefits from them that would more than repay the cost in one or two years. He also thought cow testing associations would be of great benefit to all.

Mr. W. T. Sine endorsed all that had been said in favor of cool curing rooms, but thought the cooling of milk before taking to the factory would also be a great benefit, and would mean thousands of dollars in the greater quantity of cheese that would be made from the same amount of milk. In proof of this look at the amount of milk it took to make a pound of cheese in the cool months of September and October in comparison with the amount required in the hot months of summer.

Mr. T. J. Thompson had made cheese for a number of years. He found that on account of not taking care of the Sunday milk it took a pound more of milk on Monday for a pound of cheese. If we have the right stamp of cows dairying will pay. Thinks dairying has improved the farm.

Mr. C. F. Linn, inspector for this district, could easily see the difference between an ordinary room and a cool curing one. He agreed with Mr. Sine in regard to cooling milk, and this in addition to cool curing rooms would make a much better quality of cheese.

The Vice-Chairman, Mr. M. Bird, fully endorsed all that Mr. Watkin and the other speakers had said as to the benefits of cool curing rooms. They had in this section a lot of cheesemakers that could not be beaten in Ontario. The Government was spending thousands of dollars in educating cheesemakers. They should be kept if it does require a little more pay.

Excellent speeches were also made in response to toasts by Messrs. G. E. Kennedy, Jas. Boldrick, Thos. Montgomery, Reeve of Rawdon, Dr. Faulkner, Wm. Mackintosh, Dr. Walt, L. Meiklejohn, E. T. Williams and others.

During the evening Mr. D. A. Bird gave a couple of songs which were much enjoyed.

The proceedings terminated about midnight, and was thoroughly enjoyed by all. There were some 60 or 70 guests present.

Spring Brook

On Thursday evening, the 21st, Rev. Mr. Hazzard, Secretary of the Upper Canada Bible Society, visited the Spring Brook branch. After the business meeting and election of officers, in which some changes were made, the secretary gave a very interesting and instructive talk on work being done by the Society, illustrating his discourse by lantern slide views.

On Friday evening the Women's branch of the Farmer's Institute gave a box social in the Orange Hall.

On the same evening the lovers of the dance gathered in the I.O.F. Hall and enjoyed tripping the light fantastic toe till four o'clock in the morning.

The I.O.O.F. promises the boss entertainment for Tuesday evening, the 3rd of December.

Harold

Mr. W. H. Heath spent a week in Toronto at the Fruit, Honey and Flower exhibit.

Our teacher, Miss Bailey, is practicing her school for a concert which will be held in the near future.

Mr. and Mrs. S. W. Lloyd, of Wallbridge, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. R. Bailey on Sunday.

Mrs. J. Holcombe and Miss Elsebeth, of Buffalo, have returned home after spending a few days at Mr. W. H. Heath's.

Mr. Murk. Tanner takes charge of his new line of business as rural mail deliverer on the 28th. We wish Mr. Tanner success.

Halloway

Mr. Eddie Spencer and family have moved in the house recently vacated by Rev. T. C. Sowter.

Plans have been made for a Xmas entertainment and the probable date is December 23rd.

Mr. Tom Lyons has gone to England for a few month's visit.

The death of Prof. W. Munroe brought sadness to his many friends and pupils here.

Mr. Adam Rushnell is suffering with a very sore foot.

Mr. Robt. Finkle who was recently married to Miss Cassie Ross intends locating on a farm near Stirling.

Mr. Wallace Salisbury and family, of Tweed, spent the week end with his brother, Mr. Arthur Salisbury.

The cement dam at the Rapids, recently purchased from Mr. Willard Conley by Huntingdon township, was destroyed last week in order to lower the level of Moira lake. Mr. Conley we understand, intends moving to a farm near Belleville.—Madoc Review.

A British Commission has advised that incurable insanity, drunkenness, and desertion for three years be made grounds for divorce. Laws now reflect all shades of opinion, from that of Sweden, where the consent of both parties is sufficient to that of South Carolina, which makes marriage absolutely indissoluble.

Is your husband cross? An irritable, fault finding disposition is often due to a disordered stomach. A man with good digestion is nearly always good natured. A great many have been permanently cured of stomach trouble by taking Chamberlain's Tablets. For sale by all dealers.

Bank of Montreal

Established - 1817

CAPITAL, (ALL PAID).....$16,000,000.00
REST..... 16,000,000.00
UNDIVIDED PROFITS (April 30, 1912) 696,463.27

A General Banking Business transacted.

Stirling Branch
Bank Corner

T. E. BUTLER YEATS
Manager.

STERLING HALL

The phenomenal success attending the opening days of our great

Going-Out-Of-Business Sale

stimulates us to keep up during its continuance a daily renewal of

WHIRLWIND BARGAINS

This is your Golden Opportunity to secure your Winter wants at price concessions never before attempted in the history of Stirling's merchandising.

Dress Goods and Silks

Priestley's celebrated Black Dress Goods, $1.25 and $1.00 lines on sale at - - 79c. yd

Fine Lustrous British Peau-de-Soie Silks, in colors, 50c. line for - - - 33c. yd

BOYS' CLOTHING

Knicker Pants, all sizes, $1.00 and $1.25 values for 67c

Boys' Suits, all sizes, 2 and 3 piece, Dark Tweeds and Worsteds, $5.00 values $3.79, $6.00 values $4.29, $4.00 values $2.29.

Lovers Of Lipton's Black T

Here's a chance for profit:
Lipton's 40c. Black TEA in tins for - - - 34c. lb
Liptno's 50c. Black TEA in tins for - - - 39c. lb

Produce taken in exchange.

MATHER-LUERY COMPANY, LIMITED.

AN OPPORTUNITY

FOR A RELIABLE MAN

IN STIRLING

A thoroughly responsible concern would like to get in touch with someone well known in STIRLING and district, someone who can follow up inquiries and intelligently present a high-class proposition. References required—must have someone who will not misrepresent—simply state facts. This is a permanent and highly profitable position for the right man. Apply

H. W. McCURDY, 502 Temple Building, Toronto, Ont.

THE NEWS-ARGUS to new subscribers to Dec. 31st, 1913 for only $1.00.

Your Guarantee of Goodness

The name "SALADA" on the sealed lead packages is your strongest guarantee of all that is best and most fragrant in tea

"SALADA"

IS THE CHOICEST TEA GROWN ON THE ISLAND OF CEYLON

—clean, whole leaves—with the delightful flavor of the fresh leaves brought to your table by the sealed lead packages.

BLACK, GREEN OR MIXED 063

ONLY A MONTH;

OR, A CURIOUS MYSTERY EXPLAINED.

CHAPTER XXV.—(Cont'd)

The next morning, as a natural consequence, he began the day with a dull, miserable headache; at breakfast he hardly spoke, and he set off for business looking so ill that Sigrid wondered whether he could possibly get through his work.

About half past nine there arrived a telegram which did not mend matters. Mr. Boniface was seriously unwell, would not be in town that day, and could not be at St. James's Hall that evening for the concert. Mr. Horner would take his place. Frithiof's heart sunk at this news; and when presently the fussy, bumptuous little man entered the shop the climax of his misery was reached. Mr. Horner read the telegram with a disturbed air.

"Dear! dear! seriously ill, I'm afraid, or he would at least make an effort to come to-night. But after all the annoyance of yesterday I am not surprised—no, not at all. Such a thing has never happened in his business before, ay, Mr. Foster?"

"Oh, no, sir," said the foreman, in a low voice, sorry in his heart for the young Norwegian, who could not avoid hearing every word.

"It was quite enough to make him ill. Such a disgraceful affair in a house of this class. For his own sake he does well to hush it up, though I intend to see that all proper precautions are taken; upon that, at any rate, I insist. If I had my own way there should have been none of this misplaced leniency. Here, William!" and he beckoned to the boy, who was irreverently flicking the bust of Mozart with a duster.

"Yes, sir," said William.

"Go at once to Smith, the ironmonger, and order him to send some one round to fix a spring bell on a till. Do you understand?"

"Quite, sir," replied William.

Frithiof went on arranging some music which had just arrived, but he flushed deeply, and Mr. Horner, glad to have found a vulnerable point of attack, did not scruple to make the most of his opportunity.

"Why should I mind this vulgar brute?" thought Frithiof, as he forced himself to go on with his work with the air of quiet determination which Mr. Horner detested. The miserable hours dragged on somehow, and at last, late in the afternoon, Foster came up to him with a message.

"Mr. Horner wishes to speak to you," he said; "I will take your place here." Then, lowering his voice cautiously, "It's my opinion, Mr. Falck, that he is trying to goad you into resigning, or into an impertinent answer which would be sufficient to cause your dismissal."

"Thank you for the warning," said Frithiof, gratefully.

Mr. Horner replied to his knock, but did not glance round as he entered the room.

"You wished to speak to me, sir?" asked Frithiof.

"Yes, when I have finished this letter. You can wait," said Mr. Horner, ungraciously.

Mr. Horner signed his name with a flourish characteristic of his opinion of himself, then swung round his chair and glanced at Frithiof.

"Mr. Boniface left no instructions as to whether you were to attend as usual at St. James's Hall to-night," he began. "But since no one else is used to the work I suppose there is no help for it."

He paused, apparently expecting some rejoinder, but Frithiof merely stood there politely attentive.

"Since you know the work, and are used to it, you had better attend as usual, for I should be vexed if any hitch should occur in the arrangements. But understand, pray, that I strongly disapprove of your remaining in our employ at all, and that it is only out of necessity that I submit to it, for I consider you unfit to mix with respectable people."

Whatever the Norwegian felt, he managed to preserve a perfectly unmoved aspect. Mr. Horner, who wanted to stir him into indignant expostulation, was sorely disappointed that his remarks fell so flat.

"I see you intend to brazen it out," he said, crushingly. "But you don't deceive me. You may leave the room, and take good care that all the arrangements to-night are properly carried out."

"Yes, sir," said Frithiof, with the quietness of one who knows that he remains master of the situation. Owing to the concert, his release came a little sooner than usual, and it was not much after seven when Sigrid heard him at the door. His face frightened her; it looked so worn and harassed.

"You will have time for some supper?" she asked, pleadingly.

"No," he said, passing her quickly, "I am not hungry, and must change my clothes and be off again."

"He might fancy some coffee," said Sigrid to herself. "Quick, Swanhild, run and get it ready while I boil the water. There is nothing like strong cafe noir when one is tired out."

Perhaps it did him some good; and the glimpse of his home certainly cheered him, yet, nevertheless, he was almost ready that night to give up everything in despair.

Physical exhaustion had dulled the glow of inner comfort that had come to him on the previous day. His old hatred against those who succeeded once more filled his heart and thought at one time he had felt curious to see Donati, and had heard all that Cecil had said in favor of the Italian's courage and unselfishness, yet now, in his bitterness of soul, he began to hate the man merely because of his popularity.

The architects of most English music-halls have scant regard for the comfort of the artistes. Here, sitting face to face on hard benches, were ranged to-night many of the first singers of the day. There was Sardoni, the good-natured English tenor and composer. There was Mme. Sardoni-Borelli, with her noble and striking face and manner; besides a host of other celebrities. But Carlo Donati had not yet arrived, and Mr. Horner kept glancing anxiously through the glass doors on to the staircase in hopes of catching sight of the great barytone. Frithiof lived through it all like a man in a dream.

Mr. Horner turned to Frithiof at that moment.

"Go and see whether Signor Donati has come," he said. "His song is next on the programme."

Frithiof made his way to the cloak room, and, as he walked through the narrow room leading to it, he could distinctly hear the words of some one within. The voice seemed familiar to him.

"Badly received? Well, you only failed because of nervousness. In your second song you will be more used to things, and, you will see, it will go much better."

"But you surely can never have had the same difficulty to struggle with?" said the young tenor, who, with a very downcast fact, stood talking to the newly arrived barytone.

"Never!" exclaimed the other, with a laugh which rang through the room, "Ask Sardoni! He'll tell you of my first appearance."

Then, as Frithiof gave his message, the speaker turned round and revealed to the Norwegian that face which had fascinated him so strangely just before his illness—a face not only beautiful in outline and coloring, but full of an undefined charm, which made all theories as to the conceit and objectionableness of successful men fall to the ground.

"Thank you," he said, bowing in reply; "I will come down at once."

All went smoothly until, early in the second part, the Italian barytone was to sing a song with violin obligato. By some unlucky accident Frithiof forgot to place the music-stand for the violinist; and perceiving this as soon as they were on the platform, Donati himself brought it forward and put it in position. It was but a trifling occurrence, but quite sufficient to rouse Mr. Horner. When the singer returned he apologized profusely, and turned upon Frithiof with a rebuke, the tone of which made Donati's eyes flash.

"Pray do not make so much of it," he said, with a touch of dignity in his manner. Then returning again from one of his journeys to the platform, and noticing the expression of Frithiof's face, he paused to speak to him for a moment before returning to give the encore that was emphatically demanded. It was not so much what he said as his manner of saying it that caused Frithiof's face to brighten, and brought a frown to James Horner's brow.

MR. J. PIERPONT MORGAN,
The Great American Financier.

CHAPTER XXVI.

Carlo Donati had considerable insight into character; not only had he been born with this gift, but his wandering life had brought him into contact with all sorts and conditions of men, and had been an excellent education to one who had always known how to observe. He was, moreover, of so sympathetic a temperament that he could generally tell in a moment when trouble was in the air, and the ridiculously trivial affair about the music-stand, which could not have dwelt in his mind for a minute on its own account, opened his eyes to the relations existing between Mr. Horner and the Norwegian. That something was wrong with the latter he had perceived when Frithiof had first spoken to him in the cloak-room, and now, having inadvertently been the cause of bringing upon him a severe rebuke, he was determined to make what amends lay in his power.

He cut short Mr. Horner's flattering remarks and reiterated apologies as to the slight contretemps.

"It is of no consequence at all," he said. "By the bye, what is the nationality of that young fellow? I like his face."

"He is Norwegian," replied Mr. Horner, glancing at Frithiof, who was arranging the platform for Mme. Gauthier, the pianiste. "You think, no doubt, that I spoke too severely to him just now, but you do not realize what a worthless fellow he is. My partner retains him merely out of charity, but he has been proved to be unprincipled and dishonest."

The last few words reached Frithiof distinctly as he came down the steps; he turned ghastly pale, his very lips grew white; it was as though some one had stabbed him as he re-entered the little room, and the eyes that turned straight to the eyes of the Italian were full of a dumb anguish which Donati never forgot. Indignant with the utter want of kindness and tact which Mr. Horner had shown, he turned abruptly away without making the slightest comment on the words, but often through the evening, when Frithiof was engrossed in other things, Donati quietly watched him, and the more he saw of him the less he was able to believe the truth of the accusation. Meantime he was waiting for his opportunity, but he was unable to get a word with the Norwegian until the end of the concert, when he met him on the stairs.

"Are you at liberty?" he asked "Is your work here over?"

Frithiof replied in the affirmative, and offered to look for the great barytone's carriage, imagining that this must be the reason he had addressed him.

"Oh, as to the carriage!" said Donati, easily, "it will be waiting at the corner of Sackville Street. But I wanted a few minutes' talk with you, and first of all to apologize for having been the unwilling hearer of that accusation, which I am quite sure is false."

(To be continued.)

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On the Farm

The Round Dairy Barn.

The round barn has a special advantage in the work of distributing silage to the cows. Feeding commences at the chute where it is thrown down and continued around the circle ending with the silage cart at chute again ready for the next feeding. The same is true in feeding hay and grain, writes Mr. W. J. Fraser.

Another great advantage is the large, unobstructed haymow. With the self-supporting roof there are no timbers whatever obstructing the mow, which means no dragging of hay around or over posts or girders. The hay carrier runs on a circular track around the mow, midway between the silo and the outside wall and drops the hay at any desired point, which means the saving of much labor.

The circular construction is the strongest, because it takes advantage of the lineal instead of the breaking strength of the lumber. Each row of boards running around the barn forms a hoop that holds the barn together. Any piece of timber is many times stronger on a lineal pull than on a breaking stress.

All exposed surfaces of a round barn are circular, as both the sides and roof are arched, which is the strongest form of construction to resist wind pressure. Besides, the wind in striking it glances off, and can get no direct hold on the walls or roof as it can on the flat side or gable ends of a square or rectangular structure.

If the lumber is properly placed in a round barn much of it will perform two or more functions. Every row of siding boards running around the building serves also as a brace and the same is true of the roof boards and the arched rafters. If the siding is put on vertically and the roof built dome shape, no scaffolding is required inside or out. These are points of economy in the round construction.

Another item of economy in the circular barn is less framing lumber. This form has the strongest possible construction with the least lumber in the frame and the least bracing, not a single timber larger than a two by six being required above the sill. The arched circular roof requires no support and no scaffolding is needed inside during its construction. In comparing the 60-foot round barn with a rectangular barn of the same area, the two barns should afford the cows the same amount of space on the platform. Allowing each cow in the 60-foot round barn three feet six inches in width at the rear of the platform, it will accommodate 40 cows and leave space for two passageways. But, in a rectangular barn only three feet four inches platform space need be allowed for each cow and the 78½-foot barn, with two three-foot passageways across it for convenience in feeding, will accommodate 42 cows. While the rectangular barn has stall room for two or more cows, the round barn contains space in the centre for a silo eighteen foot in diameter.

The complete bills for materials for these barns show the exact saving in lumber on the 60-foot round barn over the plank and mortise frame rectangular barns, 36x78½ feet.

The lumber bills of the rectangular barn show an increase in cost of 28 per cent. for the plank frame and 54 per cent. for the mortise frame. The round barn 60 feet in diameter, contains 118½, and the rectangular barn 225 lineal feet of wall.

The 90-foot round barn would hold 100 cows in two rows, headed together, 65 of which would be in the outer circle and have three feet six inches each in width at the gutter. This leaves sufficient room for feed alleys and walks and two passageways, one three feet and the other seven feet wide for the manure and feed carrier. All of this is outside of the central space for a silo twenty feet in diameter and 71 feet high, with a capacity of 620 tons of silage and in the mow there would still be an excess above the capacity of the rectangular barn of 33,000 cubic feet, which would hold 66 tons of hay or as much as the entire mow of a barn 32x36 feet with twenty-foot posts.

In the final summing up of the cost of all the material for the completed dairy barns with silos show the saving of from 34 to 58 per cent. in favor of the round barn and silo, or an actual money saving of from $379 to $1,184, depending upon the size and construction of the barn.

Thoughtless men go on building rectangular barns, but what would this reckless disregard of a possible saving of 34 to 58 per cent. mean in a year's business on the farm? If the dairymen discarded the idea of a rectangular barn and built a round barn instead, with the money thus saved he could buy one of the best pure bred sires for his herd, and also from three to ten pure bred heifers or fine grade cows. Either of these purchases might double the profit of the herd, or this saving properly applied, would purchase many labor saving devices, which would make life less of a drudgery on many dairy farms.

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—out where the light can fall on it—and see the brilliant, diamond-like sparkle the pure white color, of every grain.

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St Lawrence Sugar

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67A

It is good to pardon, to be merciful, to be liberal; but it is better to be just.

There comes a time in every man's life when his summer underwear is too far gone to patch.

Constantinople, the capital of Turkey, has a population of more than a million.

About eight million men are in regular employment in the United Kingdom, and of these over half work for a weekly wage of less than $7.50.

For the United Kingdom the average strength of the Regular Army is 252,000, including officers and men.

Did you ever get 50 cents a pound live weight for your cattle?

LAST YEAR at the Toronto Fat Stock Show at the Union Stock Yards, Toronto, James Leask, of Greenbank, Ont., won the Grand Prize with a fine steer that was afterwards sold for 50 cents a pound live weight.

And all the other stock shown—cattle, sheep and hogs—brought fancy prices at the sale, on second day of Show.

Why not send in some of your own finished stock this year?

Even if you don't win a prize you can have it sold with the Prize Winners, as Butchers and Packers from all over Canada will be there to pay fancy prices for Christmas Stock.

Single passenger fares on all Railroads.

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Prize Lists, Entry Blanks, and other information from C. F. TOPPING, Secretary, UNION STOCK YARDS,
P. O. BOX 635. WEST TORONTO, ONTARIO

HOUSEHOLD

Dainty Dishes.

Nut Bread.—One egg, one cupful of white sugar, a pinch of salt, a cupful of sweet milk, three cupfuls of flour sifted with four teaspoonfuls of baking powder, one cupful of nut meats worked in at the last. Put into loaf tins, let stand for twenty minutes, and bake for three-quarters of an hour.

Brown Betty.—Put into a greased pudding dish a layer of peeled and chopped apples, sprinkle lightly with granulated sugar, bits of butter, a few drops of lemon juice, and a little ground cinnamon and grated nutmeg. Then dust the whole lightly with a powdering of cracker crumbs. Put in more apples, and proceed as before. When the dish is full, have the top layer of fine crumbs, dot thickly with bits of butter, and bake for from half to three-quarters of an hour. Serve in the dish which it was baked, with a hard sauce.

Tomato and Tapioca Soup. — A can of tomatoes, run through a sieve; a ten cent can of beef tea; half a cup of pearl tapioca, soaked two hours in a little cold water; two teaspoonfuls of onion juice; a teaspoonful of white sugar; a saltspoonful of salt; a teaspoonful of chopped sweet herbs, and paprika to taste. Put ingredients over the fire (leaving out the tapioca) to heat and bring slowly to the boil. Keep this up for five minutes and stir in the soaked tapioca. Simmer five minutes more and serve. Any good stock you happen to have may be substituted for the canned soup to flavor the above.

Fruit Cake.—Cream together a cupful of sugar and half a cupful of butter. Add two eggs, a cupful of molasses, and half a cupful of strong cold coffee, in which dissolve a scant teaspoonful of baking soda. Three cupfuls of sifted flour, one cupful of raisins, figs, and dates, cut fine and mixed; one cupful of washed and dried currants, a quarter pound of citron minced fine, a quarter pound of blanched and shredded almonds, and a teaspoonful of mixed pulverized cinnamon, cloves, mave, nutmeg, and ginger. Favor with the strained juice of a lemon. Bake in a moderate oven one hour in a mold or pan lined with buttered paper. This cake will keep sweet and soft for several months if put into a tin box with a cover. Line the box with waxed paper.

Stuffed Pork Tenderloins.—Split pork tenderloins almost through; make a stuffing as for fowls, using bread crumbs, a seasoning of salt, pepper, a little thyme and grated onion, and two tablespoonfuls of melted butter. Spread a thick layer of this over one of the loins and place the second on top of this; tie firmly together in several places. Put a little butter or dripping into a frying pan and when it is hot, brown the meat nicely in it on all sides. Then add two cupfuls of boiling water and cook over a slow fire for thirty minutes. The meat should be covered after adding the water. A little browned flour may be stirred in after the meat is taken out, and this will make a delicious gravy. Cooking it in the frying pan saves the trouble of heating the oven when the meat is the only thing to be roasted for dinner. One has in this a good and economical dish. It is equally good sliced cold for luncheon.

White Bread.—Chop into quart of wheat flour a tablespoonful of butter or other shortening, add a quart of lukewarm water, a tablespoonful of sugar, and a half yeast cake dissolved in a gill of lukewarm water. Beat hard for fifteen minutes, cover the sponge and set aside to rise for six hours (or until light) in a warm room where it will not get chilled. Sift into another receptacle two quarts of flour sifted with a tablespoonful of salt. Make a hollow in the center of this flour and work into it gradually the risen sponge or batter. When the dough is just stiff enough to handle easily, transfer it to a floured board and knead for at least ten minutes. Cover and set to rise as before until twice its present size. When light, knead again for ten minutes, make into loaves, put these in pans, and set to rise for an hour, or until they are a third larger than at first. Be sure that the oven is at a good steady heat, put the loaves in, cover with brown paper for the first three-quarters of an hour of baking. Then uncover and brown for fifteen minutes more.

Hints to the Cook.

Care of the Stove.—Before polishing the stove, wash it with vinegar. This removes all grease, leaving the surface smooth, and keeps the blacking from burning off so quickly, saving much time and labor. A little sugar added to the blacking is a good thing to try.

To Clean the Nickel on Stoves and Ranges.—Take a woolen cloth, wipe the soot from the bottom of the teakettle and with this rub the nickel. If there is grease or other dirt, first remove this with a damp cloth rubbed well with soap.

When food burns, quickly seize the kettle or pan from the range and set into a larger pan containing cold water. This will cause the steam to escape from the outside, instead of passing upward through the food. Remove to another vessel and continue cooking; if careful not to disturb the burnt part there will be no taint or odor to be detected by the most critical person.

Salt sprinkled on any substance burning on the stove will stop the smell.

Boiling Meat.—When boiling meat of any kind, add a tablespoonful of vinegar to the water when first put over the fire. This makes the meat tender, without leaving any flavor of the vinegar.

To Soften Tough Meat. — Brush over with oil (or butter) and vinegar, using one part of vinegar to two parts of oil or butter, and let stand for a few hours. This is often done in tropical countries. A little vinegar served in the platter with the steak adds to the flavor of the meat.

To Improve Griddle Cakes. — A teaspoonful of brown sugar or molasses added to the griddle cake batter makes it brown better and more easily.

Substitute for Cream (good on fruit)—Beat together the whites of two eggs, a level tablespoonful of sugar, one tablespoonful of cornstarch, and butter the size of a nut. Stir in one half cup of cold meat and beat very hard. Put a cup of cold milk over the fire; when it boils draw the dish to a cooler part of the range and pour in the egg mixture. Simmer till the milk thickens and when cold strain.

Care in Serving Food.

Scrupulous neatness should always be observed in keeping, handling and serving food. If ever cleanliness is desirable, it must be in the things we eat, and every care should be taken to insure it for the sake of health as well as of society.

Cleanliness in this connection means not only absence of visible dirt, but freedom from undesirable bacteria and other minute organisms, and from worms and other parasites. If food, raw or cooked, is kept in dirty places, peddled from dirty carts, prepared in dirty rooms and in dirty dishes, or exposed to foul air, disease germs and other offensive and dangerous substances can easily get in.

Food and drink may, in fact, be very dangerous purveyors of disease. The bacteria of typhoid fever sometimes find their way into drinking water, and those of typhoid and scarlet fevers and diphtheria into milk, and bring sickness and death to large numbers of people.

Oysters which are taken from the salt water where they grow and "floated" for a short time in brackish water near the mouth of a stream have been known to be infected by typhoid fever germs brought into the stream by the sewage from houses.

Celery or lettuce grown in soil containing typhoid germs has been thought to convey this disease.

TURKEY BETRAYED, IS STORY.

King Ferdinand Bought Military Secrets of Enemy.

Has Turkey been sold? The following story from Bucharest, if true, would go far to prove that the mighty dollar has played a leading part in the disaster that has overtaken the Ottoman arms:

"Turkey was sold to King Ferdinand before he took the field. He had used part of his enormous private fortune through his agents in Contsantinople to such effect that not only was he in possession of the most treasured secrets of the Turkish War Office, but he was assured of the masterly inactivity of some of the leaders of the Turkish forces.

"If you will look at the direction and daring of Gen. Savoff's policy it becomes at once apparent that he had other forces to help him than those which were under his direct command. He could not have dared to face half the risks before him if money had not spoken.

"Dissensions between Generals, unwise night attacks, unsupported movements, a policy of waiting and of fighting at the wrong moment, the evacuation of strategic positions and the checkmate always awaiting the movements of Generals who thought that they were about to surprise the enemy—these facts tell their own story.

"There is reason to believe the authorities in Constantinople know by now that King Ferdinand's purse has been at least as long as his arm."

Everything comes to him who waits—including the woman who said she'd be ready in a minute.

Many intemperate people say that misfortune drove them to drink. It is more likely that drink drove them to misfortune.

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL STUDY

INTERNATIONAL LESSON, DECEMBER 1.

Lesson IX.—The lunatic boy, Mark 9. 14-29. Golden text, Mark 9. 23.

Verse 14. They came — Jesus, Peter, James, and John, returning from the Mount of Transfiguration.

Scribes—The professional teachers of the common people and therefore influential with the multitude.

Questioning with them—The subject of discussion was the failure of the disciples to cure the epileptic boy. The scribes seem to have made this an opportunity for undermining the authority and influence of Jesus and his disciples with the multitude.

15. Straightway . . . saluted him—As with a common impulse the multitude turned from the scribes and the disciples alike to Jesus.

Amazed.—Perhaps at the suddenness and opportuneness of his appearance.

16. What question ye with them?—The words are addressed to the multitude, the second pronoun referring to the disciples. Jesus entirely ignores the presence of the scribes.

17. Dumb—Speechless.

A . . . spirit—Compare introductory paragraph above.

18. Wheresoever it taketh him—The epileptic fits to which the boy was subject were often of great violence and came upon him at unexpected times and without warning.

They were not able—The inability of the disciples to effect a cure was evidently a sore disappointment to the distressed father. This disappointment is reflected in his words addressed to Jesus.

19. Answereth them—The father of the afflicted boy had responded to the question of Jesus addressed to the multitude, "What question ye with them?" (the disciples). The man's complaint against the disciples brings forth the exclamation of Jesus, O faithless generation, how long shall I be with you?—Words referring apparently to the disciples, whose lack of faith seems to have been the obstacle in the way of their performing a cure.

20. Tare—Or, convulsed.

21. He asked his father — Only Mark gives the details recorded in this and the next succeeding three verses (21-24).

22. To destroy him—The violent seizures sometimes took the form of suicidal frenzy.

But if thou canst do anything—The man's faith in the ultimate recovery of his son had been severely tested. It, however, rises anew to meet the challenge of Jesus.

23. If thou canst!—The emphasis is on the pronoun. Jesus takes up the father's own words and places the burden of responsibility upon him. The possibility of a cure hinges upon his ability to believe.

All things are possible—The question of ability turns on the question of faith. In other words, Jesus would have the father realize the universal truth that faith recognizes no insurmountable obstacles, no surrender to disappointing experiences.

24. Cried out, and said—Some ancient manuscripts add "with tears." The father realizes that the words of Jesus throw him back in the first instance upon himself and upon his own spiritual and mental attitude toward the power of Jesus, the exercise of which he implores.

Help thou my unbelief—True faith is not inconsistent with a consciousness of its own infirmity.

25. A multitude came running together—Out of idle curiosity, such as was always distasteful to Jesus. He therefore hastens to heal the unfortunate lad, the last obstacle to whose cure had been removed with the strengthening of the father's faith.

Come out of him, and enter no more into him—The second word of command may well have been added for the father's sake, who, in view of the periodical nature of the ailment, might easily have been tempted to doubt the permanency of the cure.

26. As one dead—In utter exhaustion from the severity of the final attack of convulsions.

27. And he arose—Matthew adds, "The boy was cured from that hour." Luke further explains that Jesus "gave him back to his father."

28. His disciples asked him privately—Luke records the impression made by the miracle upon the multitude in the words, "They were all astonished at the majesty of God."

29. By nothing, save by prayer—Some ancient manuscripts add "and fasting." The cause of the disciples' inability to cure the child, Jesus explains as due to their "little faith" (Matt. 17. 20) and their lack of spiritual readiness. Trusting in their commission, they seem to have neglected the means of grace and spiritual equipment, prayer and faith, on which the efficiency of their gift depended.

Two colors of silk are combined in the Gaby silk sweater, so that the garment has a striped effect, cuffs, collar, and other trimmings matching the darker color. This sweater has a blue and white striped ground with plain blue trimmings. A blue cap trimmed with white matches the silk sweater, which is warm as toast in addition to its charming lines.

ORIGIN OF CUSTOMS.

Shaking Hands and Giving Arm to a Lady.

Certain customs in vogue at the present day, such as shaking hands or offering the left arm to a lady are of considerable antiquity. It is said that Phoenicians, introduced the former habit into Britain, and that upon the shores of Mounts Bay many a bargain in tin between eastern merchant and Cornishman was ratified by this method of clasping hands.

Certain other customs no less widely observed have come down to us from a later period, says the London Globe, and yet one sufficiently remote. In Mediaeval times he who shook hands, whether in salutation or as a defensive measure—retaining the sword hand, while some treaty was being arranged—must needs strip off his steel gauntlet.

So at the present time men pull off their right glove before shaking hands with a lady. The wearing of glove or gauntlet, indeed, at one period was something of a challenge in itself; thus no men wore gloves in the presence of royalty, an absence which indicated also absence of hostile intent.

Still a man offers a lady his left arm, a practice which recalls times when escort was by no means solely a matter of politeness, but when, in order to guard against sudden attack, it was necessary to have the sword arm free.

Still when a stranger calls for the first time, he sends in his card, partly, no doubt, in order that his name and possible business may be made clear, but partly, also, because in olden days he who desired entrance to palace or castle must send some token as warrant of peaceful intent.

This token was, perhaps, a ring or some jewel known to the lord of the castle, which would serve as a guarantee for the sincerity of its bearer. In a less artistic age the stranger who desires admission contents himself with a slip of pasteboard whereon his name is printed in black letters.

A fifteen storey office building is announced for Winnipeg.

The man who borrows anything usually borrows trouble along with it.

When a man says he can do something without half trying he usually fails because he doesn't half try.

Brown—I wonder if Smith would endorse my note? Jones—How long has he known you? Brown — A month. Jones—I'm afraid that's too long.

SUICIDES IN GERMANY.

Boys and Girls Ending Their Lives Opens a Problem.

The recent suicide of a schoolboy of 15 years at Frankfort-on-the-Main, coming after a series of such tragedies, has once more raised the question of school examinations and the too strenuous upbringing of youthful Germany.

In the case under notice the boy, a son of a well-to-do and very honorable family of Magdeburg, stole $175 and then disappeared. The police were asked to arrest him, as already he had shown himself an exceedingly headstrong character. For a week no trace of him could be found. Finally he was discovered dead in a hotel in Frankfort, having shot himself in the head.

More recently still, in Berlin, the son of a hostler, only 13, hanged himself in the cellar, having been sharply scolded by his stepmother for not being able to give an account of a penny piece that accidentally fell from his overcoat pocket. At all events, that was the explanation given to the authorities, and which was accepted for want of a better. Last week, again, a boy of 14 years shot himself in bed after showing extraordinary deliberation and invention in fixing up the apparatus by means of which he discharged the pistol.

These were three of the more remarkable cases. One may also remember a case of double suicide in which two school children, a boy and a girl, ended their lives, and many almost inexplicable cases of the suicide of young servant girls. Indeed, a casual glance at the suicide lists might lead one to believe that in Germany suicide is more common under 20 than in adult ages.

The general reasons are not very clear. School examinations and the strenuous programme of the German schools have undoubtedly been a factor in some cases. It is even said that the education system, which has certainly done so much toward the greatness of modern Germany is one that ultimately "sends the weak ones to the wall." Perhaps a greater factor is the psychological upheaval coming in the wake of a commercial rise of great rapidity. Parents who were brought up with Spartan simplicity now find themselves able to bring up their children in the lap of luxury. Indeed, there is possibly a tendency toward too much luxury. The mode of living of a part of the German race is thought to have produced a vein of degeneration. Still another cause may be seen in the precocious reading of philosophy, which seems to have as strong a hold on young Germans in some quarters as the "penny dreadfuls" in other countries.

THE REAL TEST.

Brave and Happy in Spite of Great Misfortune.

"Of course they are happy," said a neighbor of the Lacys. "They have never known any real trouble; they are always well, and they have plenty of means. It is easy to be happy under such conditions."

"I think that they are happy," said a second neighbor, "because of their sincere and deep religious faith."

"They have never had to depend on that," returned the first. "Any one could be happy with their good luck. Let them lose that, and we should soon see what their religion would do for them."

Two hours later Mrs. Lacy was called to the telephone. The message made her heart stand still.

"My husband! A serious accident! They are taking him to the hospital? O God, be merciful! Oh, I need Thy help!"

The next day the stricken wife learned that her husband would never walk again.

Blow after blow fell upon this hitherto fortunate family. A serious illness impaired the sight of the youngest child. Then Mr. Lacy's income was suddenly cut in two by the dishonesty of a business partner. The family faced actual poverty.

One day the two neighbors met and talked again. "It is astonishing!" cried the skeptical one. "I cannot believe it!"

"What?"

"The Lacy's. I have just been to see Mrs. Lacy. She is the same brave, happy woman, and he, too, seems as cheerful as ever. How do you account for that?"

"It is their religion," said the other. "It is real; it supports and comforts them."

"I cannot understand it. She said to me, 'We are happy. I cannot tell you how near the Heavenly Father has seemed to us through all these days. God is very good to us.' There must be something in a religion like that."

"Yes; did not Job say, 'Though he slay me, yet will I trust in him?' Isn't that what we all need—a religion that is sufficient for any experience in life? Unless we have it, can we call ourselves happy? I was sure the Lacys had it, and the test has proved it. In spite of their misfortunes, they are the happiest of us all."—Youth's Companion.

FROM MERRY OLD ENGLAND

NEWS BY MAIL ABOUT JOHN BULL AND HIS PEOPLE.

Occurrences in The Land That Reigns Supreme in the Commercial World.

At a ploughing match near Thetford, Norfolk, a yoke of oxen took part in the competition.

Rear Admiral R. O. Tucker, C.V.O., has been appointed rear admiral in the Home Fleets at Portsmouth.

Viscount Clifden has intimated to his tenants his intention to sell his Lanhydrock estates in Cornwall.

The King has subscribed $500 to the new Working Men's Club, for which he provides a site at Dersingham.

The King presented C. Foy, who rode his Majesty's horses this season, with a gold-mounted whip at Newmarket.

Violet Dawes, a baby girl, fell into the Severn at Shrewesbury and was pluckily rescued by James Pugh, a boy of 13.

It is stated that 130 people at Marlborough have been stricken with measles, and the epidemic is still spreading.

A driver of a motor car, in trying to avoid a boy at Reddish, ran on the footpath, and a woman was killed and two boys injured.

No fewer than 204,000 scholars were inspected by the L. C. C.'s doctors last year. More than 30 per cent. showed physical defects.

The question of facilities for obtaining promotion from the ranks is engaging the serious attention of the Secretary for War.

Mrs. W. J. Hopper, wife of the pastor of Zion Methodist Church, Boston, recently conducted the services in the absence of her husband.

Peter Tilker, of the "Five Bells," St. Mary Cary, Kent, was fined 10s. at Bramley for allowing a child under 14 to be on licensed premises.

Messrs. Vickers have launched submarine E 3 for the British navy. It is equipped with heavy oil engines and will carry a couple of guns.

Queen Alexandra received at Marlborough House, six nurses from the London Hospital who have volunteered for Red Cross service in Greece.

Richard Law, a naval veteran of the Crimea, and who was nursed by Florence Nightingale, has just been buried at Layer, Breton, near Colchester.

Cambridgeshire County Council proposes to establish a farm institute for specializing in fruit growing, market gardening, and associated industries.

Threepence per unit (6 cents) is the special low rate for electricity charged by the Bermondsey Council for public houses and places of worship.

Eight children were seriously injured in Stevant, St. Cubitt-town, by the explosion of a ship rocket that they had obtained from one of the boats at Millwall.

"You should keep wider awake," said the magistrate at Acton to a man who complained that his wife went through his pockets while he was asleep.

Robert Bretherton, landlord of the Weavers' Arms, Longridge, near Preston, met with a terrible death, when he fell into a vat of boiling beer.

Mr. Walter J. Wenham, a solicitor, practicing in Bedford Row, has been suspended for six months by a King's Bench Divisional Court for professional misconduct.

All the crew, numbering 21, of the steamer Walkure, which arrived at Barry Docks from the West Coast of Africa, were attacked by malaria during the voyage.

At the Star and Garter Hotel, Putney, Lord Desborough presented the "Sportsman" Sculling Challenge Cup for the English championship to Ernest Barry, the world's champion.

Art In Opening Letters.

In Russia one letter in every ten passing through the post is opened by the authorities as a matter of course. Indeed, the postal authorities of every country have experts who have raised letter-opening to a fine art. Some kinds of paper can be steamed open without leaving any traces, and this simple operation is finished by reburnishing the flap with a bone instrument. In the case of a seal a matrix is taken by means of new bread before breaking the wax. When other methods fail the envelope is placed between pieces of wood with edge projecting one-twentieth of an inch. The edge of the envelope is first flattened, then roughened, and finally slit open. Later a hair line of strong white gum is applied and the edges united under pressure.

"Anything romantic about their wedding?" "Not a thing. She can cook and he has a job."

When all the habits of life are suddenly rent asunder they are like a rope cut in two—they will never be the same again.

The Stirling News-Argus.

THURSDAY, NOV. 28, 1912

The Live Stock Industry of Canada

Last February there were brought together at Ottawa from the various provinces upwards of one hundred men officially delegated to represent forty-four Live Stock and Record Associations besides a large number of interested persons to consider and discuss the various features of the live stock industry. This gathering, which constituted the third general convention of the National Live-Stock Association, spent two days, each of three busy sessions, upon its program, which included reviews of the conditions of the live stock industry prevailing in the respective provinces, interprovincial trade in pure bred live stock, the beef cattle industry in the east and the west, the dairy cattle industry, the development of the sheep and swine industries, the market for Canadian horses, transportation of live stock, stallion legislation, the chilled meat trade, bovine tuberculosis, and other business.

A full report of the addresses and discussions that took place has been printed for the information of persons interested in the live stock or in fact the general agricultural welfare of the Dominion. Among many other striking things it was brought out that our export cattle trade is rapidly approaching the vanishing point, that South America tinned beef is being used all the way across the Dominion, that we are exporting very little mutton and importing a great deal, while millions of pounds of pork are each year imported into Canada.

This report which constitutes a book of 130 pages embodies a fairly complete review of the live stock situation in Canada and offers many wise suggestions for its much needed improvement. The distribution of this work is in the hands of the Publications Branch of the Department of Agriculture at Ottawa, to whom applications for copies should be sent.

The Woman on The Farm

Ask any farmer's wife whether she wants her daughter to marry a farmer. The chances are that she will answer promptly and with emphasis, "No!"

There are two fundamental weaknesses in the average farm home, and it is the women who suffer most from both of them. The first is that the family income is apportioned on a wrong principle; the second is a lack of modern conveniences.

In the home of a mechanic, or a man on a salary, the wife and mother finds her hands full in making a wise expenditure of her husband's income, but on the farm the woman must share the task of producing the income as well as that of determining how it is to be expended. In other words, she is her husband's business partner. What does she get from the partnership? Too often no more than what can be summed up in the terse saying, "Board and clothes and a good, steady job."

But the farmer's wife should have some money that she can call her own. She earns it. Young people also like to have their own money, a definite amount in the form of an allowance, or of payment for work, or of profits of trading that they have been permitted to do. It is to obtain a little money of their own that so many young people leave the farm and seek work in the town. They would stay at home gladly if they had a part in the farm business and a just share of the profits.

Lack of conveniences in the farm kitchen exists even in the homes of farmers who till their land with skill and knowledge, and whose barns are equipped with the latest machinery.

But there are also drawbacks not directly connected with the family life. What does it mean for the future of our country when boys and girls who advance beyond the grammar grades have to go into town to get their education? At the most impressionable age they are trained in the habits of the town. A fundamental purpose of the country school should be to enable a child to sleep in his own bed and eat at his own breakfast-table up to the age of eighteen, and yet receive an adequate education. That means not only that schools should teach agriculture, but that they should interpret to the children the beauty and the inspiration of "God's great outdoors." The curriculum of the city school is unsuited to them.

Another interest that lies close to the heart of the women of the open country is the social life of the community. The old, delightful forms of country social life—the husking-bee, the barn-raising, the quilting—brought the people together to work happily and play merrily. Changes in the organization of industry have made it impossible to bring back the old order, but some kind of social life that will be as well suited to the country must come in time. No imitation of city forms of entertainment will survive the clear air of the open country.

It is not the view of men, but the protests, the hopes and the ambitions of women that will solve the problem how to keep the country a good place to live in.—Youth's Companion.

The Public School in Campbellford, which has been closed for the last few days, re-opens on Monday.

PAID TO "THINK AHEAD."

The Part Imagination Plays in the Business World.

There is a man in an office in New York whose business it is to think ahead on behalf of the community and prepare for coming events, writes T. Sharper Knowlton in the Century, discussing "The Uses of Imagination in Business." He sits at a big table, and before him is a map of New York with its environs by land and sea. The problem is to determine what shipping accommodation will be required in the future and to begin the work of reconstruction now. During the last century the story was one of growth, growth, growth, and the story is to be continued. How? That is the question which the man with the map has to settle. He is not on piecework; he is paid for thinking. In other words, whatever his official title may be, I shall call him acting professor of imagination to the shipping interests of New York.

In every progressive house of business there is or ought to be a similar officer. Generally he is the principal himself. That is one reason why he divides his business into departments and pays men high salaries to superintend them. He wants time to think.

But the farseeing element in imagination is not the only one. There is one which concerns itself with details. If I might say so, imagination is telescopic for big things and microscopic for small things. You can imagine a billion dollar trust and you can imagine a new way of pointing a needle. Probably no man makes a sure advance without using both instruments, but the essential work of the imagination is always the same. It creates the things which are not. Judgment passes its verdict, and action brings realization.

ANTS IN AUSTRALIA.

They Eat Up Wooden Beams and Even Dine on Leaden Roofs.

The following extract from an Australian diary will give an idea of the ravages of the ants in that country:

"About noon it got too hot for anything, and I took a well earned swim in a secluded creek, amid shoals of fish, large and small, who apparently resented my intrusion from the way they came and stared at me.

"I found on emerging from the water that a host of blue brown ants had taken possession of my clothes, and when they were shaken out they revenged themselves by biting my bare feet in a way which was exceedingly painful.

"There are thousands of ants everywhere. Some of the ant hills are three feet high and six feet across, but except for a sharp nip at the time the ordinary ant's bite is not noticeable but if a soldier ant or a bull ant or a greenhead (an ant about one and a half inches long with a green head) bites you it is not to be forgotten because they take quite a big piece out.

"Then there are the white ants (not really ants, but termites), which cheerfully eat the insides out of the beams of the wooden houses and recently ate the sheet lead on top of the Sydney museum. The city fathers thought this was going a little too far, so now the ants are preserved inside the museum with samples of the half consumed lead as a warning to all who would allow their appetites to run away with them."—London Gentleman.

Quick Measurements.

A traveler was detained at a little country railroad station in England for half an hour and was chatting with the station master when the bell rang sharply half a dozen times. Instantly the three employees—station master, ticket agent and porter—ranged up in a line on the platform and stood at attention. A moment later a locomotive with a single saloon car slowed up. The solitary occupant of the car regarded the men sharply from the window, made hurried notes and quickly retired.

"Who was that?" the traveler asked the station master after the man had gone. "Some prominent officer of the line?"

"Oh, no," was the reply. "That was the railroad company's tailor measuring us for new suits."—Boston Transcript.

Scull and Skull.

"Sculls" and "skulls" are really one word in origin, and both at various times have been spelled capriciously with a "c" or a "k." Pepys, the diarist, tells how he went on the Thames at one time "in a scull," at another in a "skuller." The origin of the word is "skulle" or "sculle," a bowl or goblet. While the cranium was obviously bowl-like in shape a distant resemblance to a bowl was also detected in the scooped out blade of a "scull" as opposed to the flat blade of an oar proper.

A Strike.

Mrs. Nulywed—You don't love me any more. I know you don't. Nulywed—But, my dear, you're very much mistaken. I adore you. Mrs. Nulywed—No; you don't. No man could love a woman so badly dressed as I am.—Paris Rire.

A Snob.

Thackeray designated a snob as a being on a ladder who is quite as ready to kiss the feet of him who is above him as to kick the head of him who is below.

Goodness does not consist in greatness, but greatness in goodness.—Athenaeus.

COLORS OF INSECTS.

Their Protecting Hues and Outlines Are a Fascinating Study.

Consider the matter of color alone. Here is a brilliant green tiger-beetle of inland woods, bright as its native herbage; and here is an umber-colored relative of the shore whose darker, duller color fittingly protects this small forager while hunting among brown seaweeds cast up along the water-line. Another beetle of the same family shows a body so nearly pure white that only a tracery of black lines on the ivory-white wings distinguishes it from the surrounding sand.

Or contrast the dun-colored grasshopper of dusty inland roads with the white shore species of beautiful frosted whiteness; or compare the yellow-brown running spider of the woods and the Quaker-grey species here, well represented by that unobtrusively tinted arachnid which was seen earlier in the day. The male is even lighter, with a covering of hoary hairs which render it far less conspicuous; and, as this sex alone wanders abroad over the sand (only the female inhabiting the burrow), the instance of color adaptive to the specific creature's habits is most striking and significant. Another species is nearly pure white, for only a faint speckling of grey colors the body, and this, indeed, still further incorporates the body outlines with the sand against which it rests. These individuals seem to wander more widely abroad, and more openly expose themselves than do their slightly darker colored neighbors—again an instance of protective color and its correlative behavior.

That the theory of such protection and the mimicry of surroundings has been overdone no one can deny; but it is equally certain that a remarkable sympathy does exist widespread in nature between the color of a creature and its habitat. And whether this has come about through some chemical change, some physiological response to surrounding color initiated through the nervous system (the Maritime locust Trimerotropis shows even tinges of red or blue, according to the particular color of the home soil), or whether it has slowly evolved through slow variations gradually becoming more and more adaptive, the naturalist is obliged, in many cases, to admit its protective, and hence its perpetuative, value.

The First Elevators.

The idea involved in our modern elevator was anticipated in the middle of the seventeenth century by Velager, who also established the first letter boxes in Paris in 1653. Velager's lift was in demand until a mishap occurred to the king's daughter at Versailles. The mechanism failed to work when she was halfway up, and there she stuck for three long hours until the servants could break away the wall to release her. His "flying chairs" then fell into disrepute. The apparatus was simple in the extreme—just a chair attached to a rope which was passed over a pulley, with a weight as a counterbalance at its other end. In 1860 some one brought out as a new invention an imitation of this primitive lift, which has developed into our hydraulic or electric apparatus.

Distinguished by Movements.

Observant and farsighted persons distinguish at great distances a man from a woman, not by dress, face or figure, but by movements. The motions of the most graceful of men are ungainly when compared with the sinuous lines that most women instinctively assume. It often happens that a single motion of a distant figure, and especially a motion of the arms above the head, will instantly determine for a trained observer the sex of the person. If any one doubts this let him note the awkward, windmill like performance of a man arranging his hair and the graceful curves and deft touches with which a woman accomplishes the same thing.

A Nice Distinction.

"What is your profession or trade?" asked the lawyer of the witness.

"Well, I'm a kind of carpenter."

"A kind of carpenter, eh? What kind of a carpenter?"

"They call me a jackleg."

"They do? Well, if they call you that you probably are one. Will you please explain to the jury the difference between a jackleg carpenter and a real carpenter?"

"I—I can't tell the difference, but I can give an example."

"Well, sir, go ahead."

"It's the same difference as between you and a real lawyer."

How Are You Heeled?

Mentality is marked on the heel. Only those with pronounced brain ability have lines there sharply seen. Others have them as mere markings. If there is a network of small lines upon the heel it means great versatility. People who draw, paint, play and dabble in the languages have many heel lines. A smooth surface of heel denotes a placid, non-working brain.

Two Washes.

Poetic Bridegroom—I could sit here forever gazing into your eyes and listening to the wash of the ocean.

Practical Bride—Oh, that reminds me, darling; we have not paid our laundry bill yet.

Apparent Contradiction.

Editor—In your report of the fire you refer to the chiefs "our invincible old fire fighter."

Reporter—Yes, sir.

Editor—And yet in your next paragraph you say that he was "licked by the flames."

More of Him.

Miss Mugley—The idea of his calling me homely. I may not be very pretty, but I'm certainly not as homely as he is.

Miss Pert—No, dear, but that's simply because he's bigger than you.

Charity Bequests.

Bequests for religious, educational and charitable purposes in England during 1911 exceeded $20,000,000.

The boy's appetite is often the source of amazement. If you would have such an appetite take Chamberlain's Tablets. They not only create a healthy appetite, but strengthen the stomach and enable it to do its work naturally. For sale by all dealers.

ADVERTISEMENT

We believe that a great many of the thoughtful, sensible people of this vicinity have been surprised that a local minister has begun a campaign of slander against a minister of the Gospel, whose chief offence is that speaking the Truth in love has been somewhat hard hitting on the Higher Critics. We cannot see how he can justify his position with the Bible command, "Speak evil of no man," and especially as we are prepared to meet him before the public on any platform and prove that he has (we believe ignorantly, not wilfully) misrepresented the views of the International Bible Students' Association. It is not in a spirit of strife that we speak thus, but as Paul in Acts 17: 17 disputed with the Jews the devout persons and those that met him. We recognize also that our Saviour argued often with the scribes and Pharisees in the defence of the Truth.

We regret that any one who names the name of Christ should go hunting in the American yellow journals, such as the Brooklyn Eagle (now being sued for $100,000 for its falsehoods) to find material to slander a christian minister.

We have had ministers admit to us that the Bible does not teach eternal torment, but that the wilfully wicked will be destroyed. "All the wicked will he destroy." Psalm 145: 20. "They shall be as though they had not been." Obadiah 16. Why did they not preach it?

We assert that the Bible teaches ONE individual chance for every child of Adam, that the millions who have died in Christless ignorance will hear his voice and come forth in the World's Judgment day when Christ and His Bride, having been changed to the divine nature will be the invisible spiritual rulers. "Do ye not know that the saints shall judge the world" 1 Cor. 6: 2. "Judgment was given unto them and they lived and reigned with Christ a thousand years." Rev. 20: 4. "When thy judgements are in the earth, the inhabitants of the world will learn righteousness." Isa. 26: 9. "Let the heavens be glad and let the earth rejoice....because he cometh to JUDGE the earth." 1 Ch. 16: 31, 33.

Even the saintly Charles Wesley had glimpses of this wonderful "restitution of all things" as is clearly proven in hymn 732 of the Methodist Hymnal.

"The servant is not greater than his lord. If they have persecuted me they will also persecute you." John 15: 20. So the founder of Methodism suffered from the enemies of Truth, who seized greedily, as now, on his wife's separation to belittle him and destroy his influence for righteousness.

Yours in sincerity for Truth,

JOS. FRAPPY.

Swamp Elm Wanted

Delivered at Morgan's Mill, Spring Brook. Good, sound, straight timber, cut 10 or 15 ft. long.

10-8 JOHN MORGAN

Notice

All accounts due Coulter & Co. will be paid to R. P. Coulter. Customers will kindly call and settle by cash or note.

9-4 (Signed) R. P. COULTER

Taxidermy & Head Mounting

Specimens of all kinds mounted true to life. If interested write for prices.

DARWIN WHITE,
Scientific Taxidermist.
Smithfield, Ont.

Notice

After Nov. 15th, 1912, Morgan's Mill at Spring Brook will close down till Feb. 1st, 1913. All customers please take notice.

JOHN MORGAN.

For Sale

Three pure bred Ayshire Bulls. Apply to

W. J. HAGGERTY,
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MILLINERY

Latest Fall and Winter Hats, trimmed and untrimmed, at lowest prices. Orders promptly filled.

Also see our

Xmas Novelties

and Stamped Linens, including Centre Pieces, Tray Cloths, Cushion Tops, Etc.

Miss D. Caldwell

Two doors west of Post Office. 10-2

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

In the matter of the Estate of Almira McKee, late of the Township of Sidney, in the County of Hastings, married woman, deceased.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to the Ontario Statute, one, George V, chapter 26, section 55, that all persons having claims against the Estate of the late Almira McKee, deceased, who died on or about the 24th day of June, A. D. 1910, are required to send by post prepaid and registered, or to deliver to the undersigned Solicitor for the Administrator of the said Estate, at Stirling, on or before the 14th day of December, A.D. 1912, their names and addresses, and a full statement of the particulars of their claims, and the nature of the security, if any, held by them, duly verified.

And further notice is hereby given that after the said 14th day of December, A.D. 1912, the said Administrator will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased among those entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have notice, and he will not be liable for the Assets, or any part thereof, to any person or persons of whose claims he shall not then have received notice.

G. G. THRASHER,
Solicitor for the Administrator.

Dated this 16th day of November, A.D. 1912.

Santa Claus

As a compounder seems rather out of place, but if he does not worry much about sickness and its remedies, he finds lots of other things in our store that are surely in his line. Here in the way of presents are Fragrant perfumes, sachet powders ebony brushes, mirrors, purses, hand bags, toilet and fancy articles of all kinds.

Xmas Cards, Books and Fancy Stationery.

J. S. MORTON

TAKE A DIP IN PROSPERITY

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...Call at This Office For Jobwork...

Executor's Notice to Creditors

In the Surrogate Court of the County of Hastings, in the Estate of Albert Thompson, late of the Village of Stirling, in the County of Hastings, farmer, deceased.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to Ontario Statute I, George V, chapter 26, sec. 55, that all persons having claims against the Estate of the late Albert Thompson, deceased, who died on or about the 18th day of October, 1912, are required to send by post prepaid and registered or to deliver to the undersigned executor of the said Estate at Stirling, on or before the 14th day of December, 1912, their names and addresses and a full statement of the particulars of their claims and the nature of the security (if any) held by them, duly verified.

And further notice is hereby given that after the said 14th day of December, 1912, the said executor will proceed to distribute the Assets of the deceased among those entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have notice and he will not be liable for the Assets or any part thereof, to any person or persons of whose claims he shall not then have received notice.

EZRA THOMPSON,
Executor of the Estate of said deceased
by P. J. M. ANDERSON,
his solicitor.

Dated at Stirling this 5th day of November, 1912.

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Winter Tours to California, Colorado, Mexico and Pacific Coast Points

The Grand Trunk Railway is the most direct route from all points East through Canada via Chicago.

FEATURES

Double Track, Fast Service, Finest Roadbed, Modern Equipment, Unexcelled Dining Car Service.

All elements of safety and comfort.

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No more desirable route than via Grand Trunk to Detroit, thence via Cincinnati to Jacksonville, Palm Beach, Nassau, etc.

Round trip tickets, giving choice of all the best routes, together with full information and reservations, may be obtained from nearest Grand Trunk Agent, or write A. E. Duff, D.P.A., Toronto, Ont.

A. F. McDONELL, Agent, Stirling.

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and a cheap, poorly made one. We charge very moderately yet give the most excellent materials and workmanship.

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SOLICITOR, NOTARY PUBLIC, CONVEYANCER, &c. Office in W. S. Martin's Block, Mill Street.

PERSONALS.

Miss Louise Martin is visiting friends in Trenton.

Mrs. Chas. Black and children are guests of Mrs. J. S. Black.

Miss Kathleen Moore, the Rectory, is in Belleville, the guest of Miss Helen Fraleck.

Mrs. John Green, of Sine, is spending a few days at the home of Mrs. Robert Jones.

Mrs. Margaret Smith, of Michigan, spent the week end in town, the guest of Mrs. R. B. Jones.

Mrs. Yeats (Bank of Montreal flat) will receive Wednesday afternoon, Dec. 4th, from 4 to 6 o'clock.

Miss Gladys Tucker is attending the wedding of her cousin, Miss Pearl Thorpe, this week at Brinston's, Dundas Co.

Rev. B. F. Byers left Monday morning to attend a district meeting of the Public Library Board which is being held in Kingston this week.

"House Diseases"

Certain diseases occur most frequently in summer; others in winter. Among the latter are the acute infectious diseases; that is to say, those that are caused by germs. The most common of these "winter diseases" are affections of the respiratory organs—colds, pneumonia, bronchitis, and the like—or the so-called diseases of children, such as scarlet fever, diptheria and measles.

Formerly, physicans were puzzled to account for the prevalence of fevers in the winter, but they thought that the respiratory diseases were clearly due to the action of cold and dampness. Now, however, the chief cause of both is known to be the lack of ventilation. These "house diseases," for that is what they are, are part of the price we pay for the comforts of civilization.

As soon as the summer heat, which obliges us to live in the open moderates, we draw back into our houses, shut the windows, light the fires, and stop every crack through which a "draft" may enter.

The germs that cause colds and coughs are everywhere; we carry most of them about with us all the time on the mucous linings of our noses and mouths; but so long as we keep up our vitality with fresh air and healthful outdoor exercise, they cannot multiply enough to cause the symptoms of disease.

If we followed the same course of life in winter, they would still remain powerless, but as we give up outdoor exercises, shut out the fresh air, and perhaps bathe less frequently, we steadily lower our powers of resistance.

It is at night that we suffer most from the debilitation effects of bad air. Those who habitually sleep with the windows of their bedrooms wide open have little reason to fear pneumonia or tuberculosis, though they may be obliged to work during the day in overheated and badly ventilated places.

Street-cars, too, are mighty spreaders of disease, and the city dweller is fortunate who lives near enough to his office to walk back and forth every day.—Youth's Companion.

The Bank of Montreal has increased the salaries of about 1,600 of their employees in the various branches. The average increase was $100, but in special cases clerks received more. As far as possible, merit entered into the increase.

"It is a pleasure to tell you that Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is the best cough medicine I have ever used," writes Mrs. Hugh Campbell, of Laxonia, Ga. "I have used it with all my children and the results have been highly satisfactory." For sale by all dealers.

THE RELIABLE GROCERY
AND CROCKERY STORE

Prepare early for your Holiday needs. Our Christmas stock is now arriving. Leave us your orders and you will be assured of the best quality.

New Dates, 3 lbs.....25c
New Figs, 2 lbs.....25c
Select Valencia Raisins, 3 lbs.....25c
New Muscatel Raisins, 3 lbs.....25c
New Currants, 3 lbs.....25c
Cleaned Raisins in pkg.....10c. pkg
Cleaned Currants in pkg.....10c. pkg
Fresh dried Peaches, 2 lbs.....25c
Mixed Peel.....20c. lb
Grape Fruit.....3 for 25c
Almeria Grapes.....20c. lb
Cranberries.....15c. qt. or 2 for 25c
Sealshipt Oysters, always fresh, 60c. qt

Solid Meats—have you tried them?

Gunn's Ltd. brand of Cured Meats always fresh in stock and sliced to suit the taste with our sanitary meat slicer.

J. L. ASHLEY

Goods promptly delivered. Phone 31

ADVERTISING NOTICES

In the local column will be charged as follows: To Regular Advertisers.—Three lines and under, 25 cents each insertion; over three lines, 7c. per line. Matter set in larger than the ordinary type, 10c. per line.

To Transient Advertisers.—10c. per line each insertion. No insertion less than 25c.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE.

Trains call at Stirling station as follows:—

GOING WEST.		GOING EAST.	
Mail & Ex...	6.03 a. m.	Passenger..	10.17 a. m
Passenger...	6.45 p. m.	Mail & Ex.	3.31 p. m

The Stirling News-Argus.

THURSDAY, NOV. 28, 1912

LOCAL MATTERS.

Wellman's Epworth League intend holding an entertainment on the evening of Dec. 13th. See posters for particulars.

As the last Wednesday of December will this year, be Christmas, the annual school meetings in rural sections will be held on the following day.

A Christmas Tree and Concert will be held at the Town Hall, Harold, on Wednesday evening, Dec. 18th, to be given by the pupils of S. S. No. 13.

HELENA BAILEY, Teacher.

A meeting to organize a hockey club for Stirling for the coming season will be held at the Stirling House, on Monday evening next, at 8 o'clock. All interested are requested to attend.

Arrangements have been made for holding the annual Christmas entertainment in connection with Stirling Methodist Sunday School on Christmas evening. Further particulars later.

Rev. W. J. Troy, of Rochester, N. Y., will speak in the Methodist church next Wednesday evening at 7.30. An account of the South Africa Mission work will be given. Public cordially invited.

Keep the evening of Dec. 11th open for the first open meeting of the Stirling High School Literary Society, to be held in Convocation Hall of the school. A good program is being prepared. The Society hopes for the hearty support of all.

Anniversary services will be held in the Marsh Hill Methodist church next Sabbath Dec. 1st, at 11.00 and 7.30. Rev'd James Batstone will be the preacher of the day. All conference envelopes should be returned at either of the services. Public cordially invited.

Have you ever thought of all the papers printed in Ontario, there is only one Farm Business paper? That is The Weekly Sun, Toronto. For farm news and market reports it is without an equal. If you want to make the farm pay you cannot afford to be without this paper.

It has always been a rule with the editor of this paper not to admit to its news columns anything in the nature of religious controversy. The advertisement in another column is of this character, and is inserted as a paid advertisement, and could not be admitted under any other condition.

The flag on the Bank of Montreal building was at half mast on Monday afternoon on account of the death of Sir Edward Clouston, who was President of the Bank for many years, and was one of the greatest financiers of the Dominion. His death took place suddenly in Montreal. He was in his 64th year.

Rev. J. A. Connell will speak in the Methodist church next Sabbath morning in the interest of the Temperance and Moral Reform Work of the church. In the afternoon at 2.30 Mr. Connell will speak at Carmel at a special meeting, for the purpose of cancelling the indebtedness recently incurred for repairing and decorating the church.

The work on the extension of the rural mail delivery service has proceeded so far that it is anticipated at the end of the month there will be at least 900 routes in different parts of the country. Thirty new routes will be put in service this month, while about 200 more are under advertisement and at the beginning of the New Year there is a likihood that the 1,000 mark will be reached. Farmers in different parts of Ontario especially are showing a desire to comply with the regulations set out or a route to be established.

Notice

Ladies or Gentleman wishing Fur Coats remodeled or relined, apply to MRS. JERRY BIRD, Madoc Junction.

A Good Offer

By special arrangement we are enabled to offer the NEWS-ARGUS and the Daily Globe, or the Daily Mail and Empire from now to the 1st of April for $1.10. This period will cover the sessions of the Dominion Parliament and Ontario Legislature.

Sir Mackenzie Bowell, who was at the Wellesly Hospital, Toronto, for some weeks, as the result of an accident, has recovered sufficiently to allow of his removal to his home in Belleville.

Great Benefits of Co-operation

Hon. W. J. Hanna, at farmers' mass meeting in Convocation Hall, Nov. 13, says:—"Lambton county produced this year about 50,000 barrels of apples; 35,000 barrels have found their way to the markets or are on the way now, and 15,000 barrels, or thereabouts, have gone to waste. This is a very interesting story of the value of co-operation among the fruit-growers themselves. You know what happened the market this year.

"But let me tell you the prices received by those interested in apples in Lambton. One small association that sold 11,000 barrels did not sell a solitary barrel for less than $3.00. It was because of the reputation that that particular association had for quality, to start with, and because that association knew where they could go to sell. The association produced the quality of goods, were in touch with those who wanted that quality of goods, went out and sold these apples, and no doubt have today the money in the bank.

"Four associations sold their apples for about 2.25 per barrel; but the apple-growers of the county who were not in associations either failed to market, or failed to get their apples in shape for marketing in many instances; but those who were outside the associations sold many and many a barrel for fifty cents and one dollar. Of the 15,000 barrels gone to waste every barrel, practically without exception, was grown by people who were not in an association. I give these simple facts and figures. Co-operation has meant a great deal to our county in the last three or four years. To none of this Province of Ontario."

A Matter of Health

Anyone in his right mind would not deliberately go into a room, close the door and windows, open a bottle, and proceed to distribute poisonous germs and gasses around the room, and then lie down and go to sleep in that foul atmosphere. But that is what many of us do every night in the winter when we sleep in bed chambers with the windows closed.

This may seem to be a strong statement; but it is none too strong. When we breathe we are taking out of the air the oxygen that is conducive to health and releasing from our bodies carbon dioxide, a suffocating gas, and minute portions of organic matter which float in the atmosphere and are in many cases extremely poisonous. When the room becomes "close," it is an indication that the oxygen of the atmosphere is partially exhausted, and that in its place we are breathing carbon dioxide and inhaling along with the carbon dioxide poisonous substances. This "close" condition of the atmosphere is characteristic of bed chambers where the windows have been tightly closed.

It may be objected that it costs more to keep a house warm when the bedroom windows are raised at night. So also do fresh eggs cost more than stale eggs and good butter more than that which is rancid; but we are willing to pay the higher price every time. The extra cost of heating the house where the windows are raised in the night will be more than returned to us in the better health that we will enjoy, in the greater enjoyment that we will derive from the rest of the night, and in our increased efficiency for the work of the day.

Many of us who hitherto have slept with closed windows can add 10 years to our lives by hereafter sleeping in a pure, fresh atmosphere. We will not add these years to the end of our lives but right in the centre where they will do us the most good.

We farmers lay great stress on the ventilation of our stables. How much more important is the ventilation of our bed chambers?—Farm and Dairy.

A Special Offer

The Globe, Toronto, (Canada's National Newspaper) Daily Edition, including the Saturday Illustrated Section, by mail to any address in Canada (Toronto excepted), United States or Great Britain, from date of receipt of order till April 1st, 1913, for one dollar.

Subscriptions received at the News-Argus Office.

The Rev. Irl R. Hicks
1913 Almanac

The Rev. Irl R. Hicks Almanac for 1913 is now ready. It is the most splendid number of this popular YEAR BOOK ever printed. Its value has been more than ever proven by remarkable fulfillments of its storm, weather and earthquake forecasts this year. Professor Hicks justly merits the confidence and support of all the people. Don't fail to send 35c. for his 1913 Almanac, or only ONE DOLLAR for his SPLENDID MAGAZINE AND ALMANAC one year. The best one dollar investment possible in any home or business. Send to WORD AND WORKS PUBLISHING COMPANY, 3401 Franklin Ave., St. Louis, Mo.

Tweed Council has refused to submit to vote a by-law to repeal the local option by-law now in force in that municipality.

Belleville Ontario: Women and girls no longer sing in the choir of St. Michael's Roman Catholic Church. Henceforth male voices, bases, baritones and tenors only will be heard. This is in accordance with the mandate from the supreme pontiff at Rome, who also commands that the old Gregorian chant of the middle ages be the sole music heard in the Catholic Churches.

Auction Sales

WEDNESDAY, DEC. 4TH.—On south half of lot 38, con., 9, Sidney, the farm stock and implements belonging to Mr. Chas. Abrams. Sale at one o'clock. Wm. Rodgers, Auctioneer

THURSDAY, DEC. 5.—On lot 5, con. 10, Huntingdon, the Farm Stock and Implements belonging to Mr. W. T. Lidster. Sale at one o'clock. Wm. Rodgers, auctioneer.

FRIDAY, DEC. 6TH.—On lot 5, con., 7, Rawdon, the farm stock and implements belonging to Mr. Fred Broadworth. Sale at one o'clock. Wm. Rodgers, Auctioneer.

Lost

In Stirling, or between Stirling and Glen Ross, a parcel containing Dry Goods. The finder will please leave the same at W. H. Mather's store. The name of the owner was on the parcel.

MRS. W. H. RODGERS

To Farmers

The undersigned has for service a thoroughbred Berkshire Boar, registered pedigree.

JOHN C. WILSON

Hoard's Cheese M'f'g. Co.

The annual meeting of Hoard's Cheese Manufacturing Company will be held on Tuesday, Dec. 10th, at one o'clock at the factory for the purpose of settling up the year's business and electing officers for the ensuing year.

FRED JEFFS, Pres.

Harold Cheese Factory

The annual meeting of Harold Cheese Manufacturing Company will be held on Monday, Dec. 2nd, at one o'clock, p m., at the factory, for the purpose of electing officers, paying dividends, letting milk routes, and for voting on the new by-laws prepared, and for the transaction of any other business that may be brought before the meeting.

JOHN TANNER, Pres.

Stirling Cheese Factory

The annual meeting of the Stirling Cheese Manufacturing Company will be held in their factory on Friday, Dec. 6th, at 1 o'clock sharp, called for the purpose of settling up the business of 1912, election of officers, hiring of cheesemaker, selling of milk routes, and transacting any other business that may come up in connection with the business for 1913.

C. W. THOMPSON, Pres.

Dissolution of Partnership

Notice is hereby given that the partnership existing between the undersigned as coal merchants in the village of Stirling has been dissolved by mutual consent. All accounts due the late firm must be paid to Peter V. Green on or before the 1st of January, 1913.

PETER V. GREEN
H. McCUTCHEON

Stirling, Nov. 26th, 1912. 11 5

Something New - Soft Coal

A domestic Coal which costs less and burns as long and has no equal. Can be used in cook stoves, heaters, furnaces, fire places, and is also the best steam Coal used. Call and try some at

Phone 38 THOS. H. McKEE

Wednesday, Dec. 4th
Opera House, Stirling

The Kinetograph, the world's best productions in high-class Motion Pictures. Vaudeville selections in popular and comic songs. Musical specialities.

A BIG SHOW at a popular price. Admission, adults 20c. Children, 10c. Doors open at 7.45, p.m. Complete change of program every night.

For Sale

Two village lots, with frame house and barn, on south side of Church street, just west of High School. Going cheap to quick buyer. Apply on premises to owner

10 2 ARTHUR HULIN

Poultry Wanted

The undersigned will ship Poultry every Tuesday until further notice. Highest market price paid. No moulting fowls taken.

T. J. THOMPSON
JOHN TANNER

Farm For Sale

East half of lot 24 in the 7th con. Sidney, 85 acres. Good house, barn with basement stable, drive house, hog pen and hen house. Young bearing orchard. For further particulars apply to

ARTHUR HAMBLIN,
Chatterton.

SPRING BROOK CHEESE CO.

The Annual Meeting of the Spring Brook Cheese Manufacturing Company will be held at the Factory on Wednesday, Dec. 4th, at one o'clock, p.m., for the purpose of paying dividends, letting milk routes, hiring cheesemaker, and any other business in connection with the factory.

T. J. THOMPSON,
President

THE IDEAL GROCERY
LUERY'S WEEKLY STORE NEWS

Our ambition is to serve you with the largest, the newest and best variety of up-to-date Groceries and Provisions, Crockery, etc., in Stirling.

This week we are showing our Xmas Confectionery in package and bulk goods—Lowney's lead.

New Figs and Dates—
Figs.....4 lbs. for 25c
Dates.....3 lbs. for 25c
Pine Apples.....20 and 25c
Florida Oranges, Sweet and Juicy.....25c. and 30c. doz
New Nectarines and Peaches.....15c. lb
Mincemeat.....10 and 25c. lb
Sweet Potatoes.....5c. lb
Cranberries.....2 lbs. for 25c
Butter Crocks, all sizes
Haddie and Fresh Salmon always in stock, the best Fish you can eat.....12½c. lb
Pork Sausage.....2 lbs. for 25c
Head Cheese.....2 lbs. for 25c
Pastry Flour Baker's Flour
Buckwheat Flour

Produce handled.

G. H. LUERY

Goods promptly delivered. Phone 18

G. W. ANDERSON

We are headquarters for all the latest novelties in Ladies' Neckwear. Come in and see our range.

ROBESPIERRE COLLARS—Very pretty designs, newest style. Prices.....50c., 75c., $1.00 to $1.75

THE NEW NECK RUCHES—Very latest styles in all colors at.....50c., $1.00 and $1.25

SMALL BOWS—Latest thing out in Bows made of black Velvet with three Rosebuds in centre, all shades, 25c. ea

FANCY FLOWERS—Roses, etc., very new, provided with pin for fastening on. While they last.....25c. each

Sweater Coats

We defy competition in this line. They are absolutely the best procurable. Prices range from.....50c. to $4.00 Come in and see them.

Aviation Caps, Hoods, Etc.

Come and secure yours before they are all gone. Quality the best, styles the latest. Prices.....50c. to $1.25

AVIATION YARN—Special.....10c. per skein

Men's Mitts

We have the largest range of Mitts ever shown in Stirling. Quality guaranteed. Prices.....25c. to $2.25. Come in and see them.

Men's and Boys' Overcoats

The patterns are stylish, the quality of cloth is all that money can buy. Come in and choose your new coat while the range is complete. Prices.....$4.25 to $20.00

GROCERY SPECIALS

Corn Flakes, 3 for.....25c
Puffed Wheat, 3 for.....25c
Puffed Rice, 2 for.....25c
Best Lye, 3 tins for.....25c
Lipton's Jelly Tablets.....8c. each
Art Jelly Powders.....6 for 25c
John Bull Pickles.....9c. per btl
Best Seeded Raisins.....10c. pkg
Best Raisins, unseeded..3 lbs for 25c
Best Cleaned Currants..3 lbs. for 25c
Best Quality Mincemeat.....10c. lb
Large size Prunes.....3 lbs for 25c
Best quality cooking Figs.....5c. lb

450 CAKES INFANT'S DELIGHT SOAP, ONE WEEK ONLY—7c. PER CAKE OR.....4 CAKES FOR 25c.

Have you used FLEISCHMANN'S YEAST? It is the best.....2c. cake

G. W. ANDERSON

Phone 29 Goods delivered promptly.

Bring your produce here and get highest price.

Cold Weather Foot Comfort

You are wearing extra clothing for comfort and protection these days—but do you know that the feet are the gateway through which many colds enter?

If you are wise you'll wear extra foot covering—and naturally you'll expect this store to be prepared for you.

In this you'll never be disappointed. All our heavier lines for Fall and Winter are now on the shelves. All our Rubbers, Overshoes, Felt Boots, Slippers, etc., are unpacked and awaiting your inspection.

There's nothing you can need—there's nothing that cold or wet or slush or snow can demand, but it's here, and here at its LOWEST cost to you.

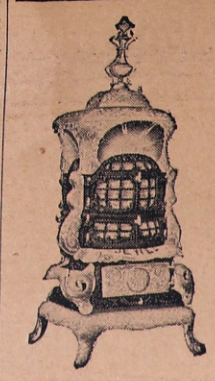
Drop in and let us show you.

Boots made to order and repaired

J. W. BROWN

Reliable Boot and Shoe Merchant.

THE IDEAL JEWEL
SELF-FEEDING BASE BURNER



This is the stove that gives the MAXIMUM OF HEAT WITH THE MINIMUM OF FUEL.

The system of dampers and the flue construction are so perfect that no heat is wasted.

The **Base** is very thoroughly heated.

The **Hot Air Flue** takes cold air from floor—which is made hot in its passage through flue, and conveyed to upper rooms by hot air pipes. As a **Double Heater** the Ideal Jewel cannot be excelled.

THIS STOVE CAN BE SUPPLIED WITH OVEN IF DESIRED.

JEWEL STOVES AND RANGES ARE MANUFACTURED BY

THE BURROW, STEWART & MILNE CO., LIMITED

AT HAMILTON, ONT., AND ARE FOR SALE BY

McGee & Lagrow

OPENING OF PARLIAMENT

Speech From the Throne Read by the Duke of Connaught at a Gorgeous Opening

A despatch from Ottawa says: The second session of the twelfth Parliament of Canada was opened by His Royal Highness the Duke of Connaught, on Thursday afternoon, with all the splendid formalities characteristic of the yearly function. The event was graced by glorious Indian summer weather with a soft haze hovering over the Gatineau hills, and the skies cloudless and blue. There was not a breath of wind and the boom of the guns from Nepean Point announcing the arrival within the gates of the royal party reached the ears of the waiting multitudes with startling reverberation. Larger multitudes than usual thronged the hills.

Speech From the Throne.

"Honorable gentlemen of the Senate:

"Gentlemen of the House of Commons:

"I have during the past summer spent several months in visiting the principal cities and towns of Canada from coast to coast, and have endeavored to make myself as far as possible acquainted with the conditions prevailing.

"It has been a source of the deepest satisfaction to me to see the almost universal prosperity which reigns throughout the Dominion, and to witness the energy and enterprise which are shown in developing the rich resources of the land.

"It is most gratifying to observe that the trade of the Dominion is increasing rapidly and steadily, the aggregate trade for the last fiscal year being the largest on record. During the present year the same steady increase has been noted, and it is anticipated that the total volume of our trade for the present fiscal year will greatly surpass that of any previous year in our history.

"The revenues of the Dominion continue to expand, and in every branch of business and industry there is a remarkable activity which gives assurance of continued progress and prosperity.

More Britishers Came.

"A copious and welcome stream of immigration has poured into our country during the past summer. The volume of immigration during the present year is greater than during any corresponding period of our history, and in larger measure than usual it has been drawn from the British Islands.

"The labors of the husbandmen have been blessed with an ample return; and, although in some districts the weather has been unpropitious for the harvest, it is expected that the total value of our field crops will be greater than in any previous year.

"Papers will be laid before you which embody trade arrangements that have been consummated between the Dominion and certain of his Majesty's possessions in the West Indies. It is hoped that these arrangements will prove of great advantage, not only to those possessions, but to Canada as well. A bill will be introduced for the purpose of carrying this agreement into effect.

The Emergency Grant.

"During the past summer four members of my Government conferred in London with his Majesty's Government on the question of naval defence. Important discussions took place, and conditions have been disclosed which in the opinion of my advisers render it imperative that the effective naval forces of the Empire should be strengthened without delay. My advisers are convinced that it is the duty of Canada at this juncture to afford reasonable and necessary aid for that purpose. A bill will be introduced accordingly.

"A contract for the construction of the Hudson Bay Railway from Le Pas to Port Nelson has been awarded, and the work is being pushed forward with all possible speed.

"It is abundantly evident that the highways of Canada constitute an important part of an efficient scheme of transportation. The necessity for improving our existing facilities in this regard is manifest, and a bill will be introduced for the purpose of enabling the Dominion to co-operate with the Provinces in the accomplishment of this most desirable purpose.

Agricultural Co-operation.

"It is satisfactory to know that the proposal of my Government to co-operate with the Governments of the various Provinces in promoting the agricultural industry has met with hearty approval. The appropriations which were made last session in connection therewith have proved to be of marked benefit to the country.

"After careful study of the whole question my advisers are convinced that co-operation with the Provinces on well defined terms and conditions will achieve the best results along the lines of agricultural instruction. Any such policy to be effective must be continuous. Accordingly, a bill will be introduced by which a substantial amount of money will be set apart from the consolidated revenue fund for the purpose of assisting the Provinces for a term of years in this highly important national work.

Reduced Cable Rates.

"My Government has succeeded in securing certain reductions in cable rates, and will continue its efforts to obtain still further reductions.

"Under existing legislation the charters of the banks will expire on the 1st day of July next. A bill revising and extending these charters will be submitted for your consideration and approval.

"Several other bills will be submitted, including measures providing for increased representation of the Provinces of Alberta, Saskatchewan, and Manitoba in the Senate.

Estimates at Early Date.

"Gentlemen of the House:

"The accounts for the last fiscal year will be laid before you. It will be satisfactory to you to learn that the revenue has been ample to cover both ordinary and capital expenditure.

"The estimates for the next fiscal year will be submitted at an early date. They have been prepared with due regard on the one hand for economy and on the other hand for the necessary development of the resources of the Dominion.

"Hon. Gentlemen of the Senate:

"Gentlemen of the House:

"I invite your earnest consideration of the subjects to which I have alluded, and I invoke the blessings of Divine Providence upon your deliberations."

Nothing is worse than a bad loser unless it be a poor winner.

PRICES OF FARM PRODUCTS

REPORTS FROM THE LEADING TRADE CENTRES OF AMERICA.

Prices of Cattle, Grain, Cheese and Other Produce at Home and Abroad.

Breadstuffs.

Toronto, Nov. 26.—Flour—Ninety per cent. patents, $4.10 to $4.20. Manitobas, $5.30, in jute bags, for first patents, $4.80 for seconds, and $4.70 for strong bakers'.

Manitoba Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 90c, Bay ports; No. 2 at 87 1-2c, and No. 3 at 85c, Bay ports. Feed wheat, 65 to 67c, Bay ports.

Ontario Wheat—No. 2 new, white and red wheat, 95 to 96c, outside, and sprouted, 85 to 90c, outside.

Oats—Ontario oats, 36 to 37c, outside; and 40c, on track, Toronto. Western Canada oats, 40 1-2c for No. 2, and at 40c for feed, Bay ports.

Peas—No. 2 at $1.10 to $1.15.

Barley—Forty-eight-lb. barley of good quality, 65 to 68c, outside.

Corn—No. 2 old American, 65 1-2c, all-rail, Toronto, and No. 3 at 65c, all-rail. New corn, December delivery, 55c, Toronto.

Rye—No. 2 at 83 to 85c, outside.

Buckwheat—54 to 55c, outside.

Bran—Manitoba, $22.50 to $23, in bags, Toronto freight. Shorts, $25.50 to $26.

Country Produce.

Butter—Rolls, choice, 26 to 27c; bakers', inferior, 22 to 24c; choice dairy, tubs, 26c; creamery, 31 to 32c for rolls, and 28 to 29c for solids.

Eggs—Case lots of fresh, 32c per dozen, and of cold storage, 27 to 28c; strictly new-laid quoted at 40 to 45c per dozen.

Cheese—14 1-4c for large, and 14 1-2c for twins.

Beans—Hand-picked, $3 per bushel; primes, $2.90, in a jobbing way.

Honey—Extracted, in tins, 12 to 12 1-2c per lb. for No. 1, wholesale; combs, $2.50 to $3 per dozen for No. 1, and $2.40 for No. 2.

Poultry—Well-fatted, clean, dry-picked stock was quoted as follows:—Chickens, 13 to 15c per lb.; fowl, 10 to 12c; ducks, 14 to 16c; geese, 12 to 14c; turkeys, 18 to 22c. Live poultry, about 2c lower than the above.

Potatoes—Good stock quoted at 80 to 85c per bag, on track, and New Brunswick, 95c per bag.

Baled Hay and Straw.

Baled Hay—No. 1 at $14 to $14.50, on track, Toronto; No. 2, $12 to $12.50. Mixed hay is quoted at $10 to $11 a ton, on track. Baled Straw—$10, on track, Toronto.

Provisions.

Bacon—Long clear, 15 1-4 to 15 1-2c per lb., in case lots. Pork—Short cut, $26 to $27; do., mess, $21.50 to $22. Hams—Medium to light, 17 to 17 1-2c; heavy, 15 1-2 to 16c; rolls, 14 1-2 to 15c; breakfast bacon, 18c; backs, 21 1-2c.

Lard—Tierces, 14 1-2c; tubs, 14 3-4c; pails, 15c.

Montreal Markets.

Montreal, Nov. 26. — Oats — Canadian Western No. 2, 45 1-2 to 46c; extra No. 1 feed, 45 to 45 1-2c; No. 2 local white, 42c; No. 3 local white, 41c. Barley—Manitoba feed, 61 to 62c; malting, 78 to 80c. Buckwheat—No. 2, 56 to 57c. Flour—Manitoba Spring wheat patents, firsts, $5.40, do., seconds, $4.90; strong bakers', $4.70; Winter patents, choice, $5.35; straight rollers, $4.95 to $5; do., in bags, $2.35 to $2.40. Rolled Oats—Barrels, $5.05; bag of 90 lbs., $2.40. Millfeed—Bran, $22; shorts, $26 to $27; middlings, $28 to $30; mouillie, $30 to $35. Hay—No. 2, per ton, car lots, $13 to $13.50. Cheese—Finest western, 12 1-4 to 12 3-4c; do., easterns, 11 3-4 to 12 1-8c. Butter—Choicest creamery, 30 1-4 to 30 1-2c; seconds, 28 3-4 to 29c. Eggs—Selected, 30 to 31c; No. 2 stock, 21 to 22c. Potatoes—Per bag car lots, 80 to 85c.

United States Markets.

Minneapolis, Nov. 26.—Wheat—December, 80 3-4c; May, 86 1-2c; No. 1 hard, 83 3-4c; No. 1 Northern, 81 3-4 to 83 1-4c; No. 2 Northern, 79 1-4 to 81 1-4c; No. 2 hard Montana, 82 1-4c; No. 3 wheat, 77 1-4 to 79 1-4c. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 45 to 46c. Oats—No. 3 white, 26 1-2 to 28c. Rye—No. 2, 55 to 58 1-2c. Bran—$18 to $18.50. Flour—First patents, $4.15 to $4.45; second patents, $4 to $4.25; first clears, $3 to $3.50; second clears, $2.20 to $2.50.

Duluth, Nov. 26.—Linseed—On track, $1.34 1-4; to arrive in November, $1.34 1-4; to arrive, $1.29 3-4; November, $1.33 1-4; December, $1.28 3-4 bid; January, $1.29 1-2; May, $1.33. Wheat—No. 1 hard, 83 3-8c; No. 1 Northern, 82 3-8c; No. 2 Northern, 80 3-8c; December, 81 3-8c asked; May, 86 3-8 to 86 1-2c.

Live Stock Markets.

Montreal, Nov. 26.—The top price realized for the best cattle was $5.50, while the lower grades sold from that down to $3.50, and bulls from $2.50 to $3.50 per cwt. Sales of ewes were made at $4.25 to $4.50 per cwt. Lambs, $6.20 to $6.50 per cwt. Hogs, $8.75 to $9 per cwt., weighed off cars. Calves, $3 to $12 each, as to size and quality.

Toronto, Nov. 26.—Cattle—Choice butcher, $5.75 to $6.35; export, $6 to $6.10; good medium, $5.25 to $5.75; common, $2.75 to $3.75; cows, $3 to $4; bulls, $3 to $4.50; canners, $1.50 to $2. Calves—Good veal, $7 to $8.50; common, $3 to $3.25. Stockers and Feeders—Steers, 350 to 1,050 pounds, at $5.25 to $5.35; feeding bulls, 300 to 1,200 pounds, at $2.75 to $4.25. Milkers and springers—From $50 to $80. Sheep and lambs—Light ewes, $4 to $4.50; heavy ewes, $3 to $3.50; lambs, $6 to $6.65. Hogs—$8.20 to $8.25 fed and watered, and $7.25 f.o.b.

they have earned, instead of compelling an unconditional capitulation.

A Naval Engagement.

Two more chapters of the war are reported—a naval engagement off Varna between the Turkish cruiser Hamedieh and Bulgarian torpedo boats, and the occupation of Florina by the Greeks. The Bulgarians report that they did great damage to and probably sank the cruiser. The Turks report that they sank two torpedo boats and that the cruiser was only slightly damaged.

By the occupation of Florina, which lies to the south of Monastir, the Greeks, according to the Athens report, have cut off the rear guard of the Turkish army to the number of 30,000, retreating from Monastir.

Turks Lost Heavily.

Bennett Burleigh wires to The London Daily Telegraph from Meustafka Pasha, under date of Friday morning:—The great bombardment of Adrianople proceeds furiously. It became intense about 2 o'clock this morning. The Turks, who used electric searchlights, replied hotly for a time with all their guns. There were attempted sallies, but these were repulsed with much slaughter. New positions and forts have been captured. In this fighting there was by far the heaviest fire of the siege.

Greeks Torpedo Gunboat.

A despatch from Athens says: A Greek torpedo boat entered the harbor of Aivala on Sunday and attacked a Turkish gunboat there. On the appearance of the Greeks the Turkish sailors abandoned the gunboat after opening the vessel's stop-cocks. Greek marines went on board, but were unable to stop the inrush of water. They then blew up the gunboat with a torpedo.

Peace Negotiations Resumed.

A despatch from Constantinople says: Negotiations for an armistice were begun on Sunday at a place near the town of Tchatalja between three Bulgarian and three Turkish delegates. The Turkish Commander-in-chief, Nazim Pasha, Gen. Hadi Pasha, and Rechid Pasha, Minister of Commerce, are the three Ottoman delegates. Nazim Pasha had a conversation on Saturday with General Savoff, the Bulgarian Commander-in-chief. If the conditions for an armistice recently proposed by the Bulgarians are modified negotiations for peace probably will begin immediately.

KILLED IN PICTURE SHOW.

Fifty Children Lose Their Lives in Spanish Circus.

A despatch from Bilbao, Spain, says: A terrible panic was caused on Sunday afternoon by the cry of "Fire!" at a moving-picture show here. About fifty children and others were killed. Only one woman up to a late hour at night had been found among the dead. The number of injured is not known, as most of them were taken to their homes by friends.

Gained in Weight, Digestion Restored, Health Renewed

Here Is More Proof of Quick Cure For All Folks That Are Weak, Ailing, Nervous.

More Praise for Dr. Hamilton's Pils!

"For a period last summer the thought of food excited feelings of nausea," writes Mrs. C. A. Dodge, of Bloomsbury. "The heat had made me listless and the distaste for food reduced me to a condition of semi-starvation and brought me to the verge of nervous collapse. Tonics were useless to restore an active desire for food. The doctors told me my liver and kidneys were both at fault, but the medicines they gave me were too severe and reduced my strength so that I had to abandon them. At the suggestion of a friend who had been cured of blood and skin trouble, I began the use of Dr. Hamilton's Pills. The difference I first noticed was, that while they cleansed the system, instead of feeling weaker I felt better after taking them. Indeed their activity was so mild it was easy to forget I had taken them at all; they seemed to go right to the liver, and in a very brief time not only did all source of nausea disappear, but I began to crave food and I digested it reasonably well. Then I began to put on weight until within three months I was brought to a condition of good health. I urge Dr. Hamilton's Pills for all who are in poor health."

Get this best of all medicines today and refuse a substitute for Dr. Hamilton's Pills of Mandrake and Butternut. Sold by all druggists and storekeepers, 25c. per box or five for $1.00. Sent postpaid by The Catarrhozone Co., Buffalo, N.Y., and Kingston, Canada.

At Toronto, on Saturday, Charles Gibson was found guilty of the murder of Joseph Rosenthal.

TORONTO CORRESPONDENCE

INTERESTING BITS OF GOSSIP FROM THE QUEEN CITY.

Reminiscences of a Politician—Toronto and Normal School Square—Harbor Commissioners' Plans.

The publication of a volume of reminiscences by the late Sir Richard Cartwright has caused something of a sensation in political circles. Sir Richard deals with the men and events of his time with great frankness and his book contains more than one surprise.

A particularly significant chapter is one in which he pays a tribute to the intelligence and ability of the Ontario farmer. In part he says: "No one thing has been made more clear to me during my political experience than the extreme ignorance of a vast number of otherwise intelligent and well-informed professional and business men of the political doings of the day. There is, curiously enough, in Ontario at least, a very great deal more interest taken, and a very great deal more accurate idea of the aims and proceedings of the several political parties, among the better class of farmers than among the so-called more highly educated classes. I am myself a city man, more or less of the public school and university type, but I have always represented agricultural constituencies, and from the very first I was immensely struck with the attention and intelligence with which many of my auditors would listen to and discuss political questions. They were very critical, and by no means given to enthuse on any subject, but they would listen for hours to an analysis of the public expenditure or an explanation of the reasons for adopting a particular line of policy, and, what is more, would consider and remember what you told them. Many a time, and sometimes after the lapse of twenty years, I have been reminded of statements made by myself in times past and called on for explanations if they thought there was any discrepancy between my then and former position.

Ontario of Scotch Origin.

"Of course the percentage of such men would vary in different ridings. But taking the farm populations of Ontario as a whole you would have found in most constituencies a considerable number of just such men as I have described—earnest, thoughtful, intelligent and well-read men, at least as far as the political history of Canada was concerned. They had their limitations, no doubt, but as a whole they stood for honest government. If they had a fault, it lay in their staunch devotions to their respective parties, which sometimes made them condone conduct which at the bottom of their hearts they really condemned. Once they had taken a side it was a matter of extreme difficulty to induce them to change it. In some respects they answered very nearly to the class of old English yeomen in the days when they owned the lands they cultivated. They were largely of Scotch origin, and as you know Ontario is to a great extent a Scotch colony. At any rate they were a class of whom any country might be proud, and the men from whom most of our leading public and professional men have sprung. They would study our blue books, and even such a formidable document as the Auditor-General's report, with a zeal which very few of our members of Parliament ever bestow upon them."

Criticism of Blake.

Perhaps the most surprising thing about Sir Richard's book is his criticism of Edward Blake. He rarely mentions Blake except to censure him. He accuses him of disloyalty to Alexander Mackenzie and of repeatedly ruining the prospects of the Liberal party in the House of Commons and in the Province of Ontario by his bungling politics. His conduct in trying to publish his famous West Durham letter previous to the election of 1891 is described as "treacherous" to Laurier and Cartwright, the Dominion and Ontario leaders respectively in the House of Commons. His resignation of the Liberal leadership in 1887, one is led to infer, was the act of a quitter, when victory was within sight.

One of the most serious charges against Blake is that he deliberately and needlessly estranged the Orange Order from the Liberal party, particularly by his attitude on Riel and by his direct attack on the Order in Parliament. This, Sir Richard affirms, will take generations to counteract.

Of Sir John A. Macdonald he speaks vehemently, but with some mellowness. Repeatedly he declares that Sir John's Pacific deal and his subsequent re-endorsation by the country did more to degrade the public life of Canada than will be overcome for generations.

Of Laurier.

Of Laurier he speaks cordially, but without any apparent enthusiasm. No doubt he will have more to say on this subject in a second volume, which the publishers promise later, the present one stopping short at the year 1896. Alexander Mackenzie is praised for his personal qualities, and his weaknesses as a politician pointed out. McGreevy is described as an honest man, but a scapegoat. Of course, Sir Richard, during a long life, came in contact with all the prominent men of an interesting era, and he gives his estimate of most of them.

His views on public questions were made known pretty thoroughly during his lifetime, but he leaves a succinct account of them for future generations. The depopulation of Ontario and the issue of protection receive the fullest consideration.

There is little doubt but that the book will have influence on future generations. Sir Richard had undoubted ability, and a turn of the wheel of fortune might at more than one stage in his career have made him Premier of Canada. Doubtless he would have made a judicious Prime Minister, but in that case he would have scarcely left us his delightful reminiscences.

No Gift for Toronto.

Sir James Whitney has replied in characteristic fashion to the request of the city of Toronto that the Normal School grounds should be turned over to the city as a civic park. The Square is worth probably a million dollars now, though it was originally purchased by the Government for a few thousand. The argument that the increase should be handed over to the city because it was the city's growth that gave it the increased value is knocked into a cocked hat by the Premier, who points out that "the Province as a whole has been unquestionably the chief factor in the increased values of property and of the great increase of wealth in the city."

The Premier dictated his reply, but it was not delivered until he was on the middle of the Atlantic on his way to England, where he and Dr. Pyne are spending a flying visit preparatory to the session. The Minister of Education is one of Sir James' strongest personal friends, dating from long before Sir James was called to the Premiership. They are both fond of an ocean trip and will no doubt manage to get some enjoyment out of it even during the chill days of December.

Toronto's Harbor Plans.

No proposed civic improvement has ever created more, perhaps not as much, enthusiasm as has the plans of the recently appointed Harbor Commission. They call for a total expenditure of $19,000,000, of which $6,000,000 is to be contributed by the Dominion Government, and most of the rest will be raised by the Commission itself by the sale of bonds on which the interest will be paid by revenues from docks and rentals.

Doubting Thomases smile when members of the Commission declare that the whole expenditure will be made and the scheme carried out within ten years. But the Commission insists that it means it. The Dominion Government work, consisting chiefly of dredging, will begin at once, and plans for the Commissions' own expenditure are well under way.

The chief effects of the improvement plan will be to make Toronto practically an ocean port, to turn the vast area of Ashbridge Bay, now chiefly waste, into exceptionally desirable industrial sites, and to beautify the city by a ten-mile waterfront boulevard and driveway extending from the Humber to the Don.

The results of these changes is hard to foretell without some imagination. The Ashbridge's district can easily support an industrial population of 100,000, and the establishment of real shipping facilities will give Toronto a stronger grip than ever on the distributing business of Canada. It may be that after all, Toronto's dream of a million people may not be so far in the distant future.

SIR EDWARD CLOUSTON DEAD

Famous Montreal Financier Passes Away in a Few Hours.

A despatch from Montreal says: Death came with startling suddenness Saturday afternoon to Sir Edward Seaborn Clouston, Bart., formerly General Manager of the Bank of Montreal. The well-known financier appeared to be in his usual health Saturday morning, and drove down-town to his office at 10 o'clock, later going to the office of the Royal Securities Corporation. While there he was stricken with an attack of heart failure and lost consciousness. He was hurried in an ambulance to the Royal Victoria Hospital, where he passed away at three in the afternoon, in spite of all that medical science could do. Death was due to heart trouble, from which he had been a sufferer for a number of years.

THE ROYAL GEORGE FLOATED.

Steamer Lord Strathcona Pulls Her Into Deep Water.

A despatch from Quebec saps: When Pilot Roux of the Royal George sent a wireless message ashore some days ago that the steamer would be floated off on the 24th inst., he evidently left a margin of twelve hours in case of accident, as the tide was high at 5.42 a.m. on Sunday, while, as a matter of fact, she was floated off at 4 o'clock, or an hour before high water, on Sautrday afternoon. The steamer Lord Strathcona, having a hawser attached to the Royal George, commenced to pull her into deep water, which she reached without any grating sound. The Royal George, at 6 p.m. left for Quebec under her own steam, making eight knots an hour.

The Bank of Montreal has raised the salaries of 1,000 employees, the increases averaging $100.

John Connell, St. Thomas, and Charles Ryckman, London, were killed in a radial railway collision near London, on Saturday.

Safe Investment

IT is easy to make money, but hard to save it—why not exercise the same care in the investment of your savings as do Banks and Trust Companies and buy guaranteed bonds?

We specialize in Government, Railway, Public Utility and Industrial Bonds, from the purchase of which you derive safety of principal and a good income yield.

We can offer securities of this class, yielding from 5 to 6%.

J. A. MACKAY & COMPANY
LIMITED

Guardian Bldg. MONTREAL — Royal Bank Bldg. TORONTO

A Treat Anytime

Crisp, delicately browned

Post Toasties

Ready to serve without further cooking by adding cream or milk.

Often used with fresh or canned fruit.

"The Memory Lingers"

Canadian Postum Cereal Co., Ltd. Windsor, Ontario.

BALKAN TERMS REJECTED

Kiamil Pasha, Turkey's Grand Vizier, Declared That the Allies Overtures were Im possible

Turks Resume Fight.

A despatch from Constantinople says: The battle at the Tchatalja lines has been resumed. Cannonading was reopened with great violence on Thursday evening, and is plainly audible here.

A despatch from London says: The formal suspension of the Eastern war proved only for a day. Turkey rejected the Balkan terms for an armistice apparently before the plenipotentiaries had time to come together at Hademkeui.

Kiamil Pasha, the Grand Vizier, declared that the allies' overtures were impossible. He ordered the Commander-in-Chief to continue fighting.

Decision of the Porte.

A despatch from Constantinople says: The official announcement of the Porte's decision with regard to the armistice is as follows:—

"The Bulgarian Premier has addressed to the Ottoman Government a document containing conditions for an armistice which were communicated on Thursday to the Council of Ministers and were considered to be unacceptable.

"Consequently, and likewise in view of the fact that the Commander-in-Chief has been entrusted in principle with the task of negotiating conditions with the plenipotentiaries of the belligerent States—if these plenipotentiaries are invested with the necessary powers—and has also been directed to communicate the result of such negotiations to us, the Commander-in-Chief has been instructed to continue military operations, with the help of the Almighty, until reasonable and moderate conditions are proposed to us."

The continued successful defence of Tchatalja lines would undoubtedly strengthen Turkey's diplomatic position, but defeat, after prolonged fighting of her own choosing, would inflame the Bulgarians' desire to make a triumphal progress into Constantinople.

Popular clamor in Sofia is demanding more strongly each day that the advance shall stop only at the Bosphorus.

European military officials consider the allies' terms harsh in one respect, that is, they should concede to the garrisons of Adrianople and Scutari the right of marching out with the honors of war, which

DISEASE IS DUE TO BAD BLOOD.

To Cure Common Ailments the Blood Must Be Made Rich and Red.

Nearly all the diseases that afflict humanity are caused by bad blood—weak, watery blood poisoned by impurities. Bad blood is the cause of headaches and backaches, lumbago and rheumatism; debility and indigestion, neuralgia and other nerve troubles, and disfiguring skin diseases like eczema and salt rheum show how impure the blood actually is. No use trying a different remedy for each disease, because they all spring from the one cause—bad blood. To cure any of these troubles you must get right down to the root of the trouble in the blood, and that is just what Dr. Williams' Pink Pills do. They make new, rich blood and thus cure these diseases when common medicine fails. Mrs. John Jackson, Woodstock, Ont., suffered from both nervous troubles and a run-down condition and experienced a complete cure through the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. She says: "I was a sufferer for a number of years from neuralgia, and a genaral debility of the nerves and system. I had tried several doctors and many medicines, but to no avail, until I began Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. At the time I began the Pills I had grown so bad that I could hardly be on my feet and was forced to wear elastic bandages about the ankles. The pain I suffered at times from the neuralgia was terrible. I had almost given up hope when I began the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. In the course of a few weeks I felt an improvement, and I gladly continued the use of the Pills until I was once more quite well and able to attend to all my household duties."

If you are ailing begin to cure yourself to-day with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

FOR TOURIST AND HUNTER.

The Great Athabaska Region Offers New Delights.

The rapid linking together of the Grand Trunk Pacific to form a new transcontinental highway across central Canada opens another hinterland for the tourist. It makes easy of access a vast new section of the Rockies in central Alberta and the sunset province, and of all this area it is doubtful if there is a more interesting and inviting region than that embraced by the upper watershed of the Athabaska River and its several southern tributaries. The natural starting point for tourists intending to visit any of this country is Fitzhugh, a picturesquely situated frontier town in Jasper Park, some two hundred and fifty miles west of Edmonton.

How little of this region has been actually trodden by white men is evidenced by the fact that only four short summers ago the largest sheet of water on the entire east slope of the Rockies was found in its recesses. This beautiful mountain lake, some seventeen miles in length and lying between green wooded slopes, forms a broad expansion of the Maligne River, and resembles a Scotch tarn in its far melting vistas of water and crag. This lake is some thirty miles southeast of Fitzhugh, and twenty miles further south is another large lake, where the trout fishing is excellent. The latter body of water forms the chief source of the Brazeau River. To the west of it, in Alpine grandeur, lies the region of wild, lofty peaks, dominated by Mount Alberta, where enormous glaciers give birth to the Athabaska and North Saskatchewan Rivers.

This region is also a noted game country. It lies far enough north to have escaped in part, during recent years, the far searching reach of the Stoney Indian; bears of all kinds are still fairly numerous; the sheep (and more especially the goat) hunting is good, while scattered moose, deer, and even elk may be occasionally seen.

Meantime the crying need of the district, for tourist and fire-ranger alike, is the need for more and better trails. Hence, to provide a good and adequate system of trails will be the first and constant effort of the Dominion Forestry Branch in carrying out its recently assumed duty of administering this region, so as to protect its forests from fire and make every auxiliary resource contribute its part to the public welfare. During the present season, the rangers in charge made a good start on this work, and next year it will be again pushed with vigor. Already, between Laggan or Morley on the C.P.R., and Fitzhugh, an old through trail is in existence: a trail which promises to be a very popular Alpine tourist route when improved. It traverses the Brazeau, Clearwater and Bow River forests and everywhere its improvement will be promptly undertaken by the Forestry Branch.

The scenery in this upper Athabaska country is varied and beautiful in its color effects, and especially so in early autumn. From the deep green carpet of pine and spruce on the valley floor, the eye passes to intermingled belts of blushing gold, poplar and light green lodgepole, fringed above to timber line by sombre masses of Alpine fir. Higher still, the warm reds and ochres of disintegrating ferruginous rocks form a Joseph's coat of many colors, while over all loom the background of summits wrapped in their eternal snows!

A FRIEND'S ADVICE.

Something Worth Listening To.

A young man was advised by a friend to eat Grape-Nuts because he was all run down from a spell of fever. He tells the story:

"Last spring I had an attack of fever that left me in a very weak condition. I had to quit work; had no appetite, was nervous and discouraged.

"A friend advised me to eat Grape-Nuts, but I paid no attention to him and kept getting worse as time went by.

"I took many kinds of medicine but none of them seemed to help me. My system was completely run down, my blood got out of order from want of proper food, and several very large boils broke out on my neck. I was so weak I could hardly walk.

"One day mother ordered some Grape-Nuts and induced me to eat some. I felt better, and that night rested fine. As I continued to use the food every day, I grew stronger steadily, and now have regained my former good health. I would not be without Grape-Nuts, as I believe it is the most health-giving food in the world." Name given by Canadian Postum Co., Windsor, Ont.

Read the book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

CHEATING THE GALLOWS.

Ingenious Contrivance Which Prevented Death.

A very ingenious attempt to cheat the gallows was made by a man named Richard Johnson, who was hanged at Shrewsbury in 1696, says the London Chronicle. He hung half an hour, and his body was about to be handed over to his relatives, when the hangman thought he detected some signs of life. On examination it was found that Johnson had wreathed cords round and under his body connected with a pair of hooks at his neck by which the usual effect was prevented, the apparatus being cleverly concealed under a frilled shirt and a flowing periwig. He was taken down and then promptly rehanged with success.

Perhaps the most startling story about resuscitation after hanging is told of the famous anatomist, William Hunter, under whose hands the body of a man who had just been hanged revived while being dissected. This was not all, however, for the fellow insisted on considering Hunter what lawyers term "in loco parentis," as being the author of his renewed existence. In this filial character he repeatedly applied for, and finally demanded, financial assistance. But, to Hunter's great relief, he one morning received a "recent subject from Newgate . . . the same criminal executed a second time for some fresh offence. The experiment of resuscitation was not again attempted."

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

5 Years' Rheumatism Really Cured!

Your Case Isn't Likely to Be Worse, and Can Be Cured Quickly by Nerviline.

Here Is The Proof.

"After being an enthusiastic user of Nerviline for years, I feel it my duty to tell you personally what your wonderful preparation has done for me.

"I suffered torture from rheumatism and heart trouble, tried scores of so-called remedies, consulted for weeks and months with Toronto's most eminent physicians, but derived only slight benefit.

"A friend insisted on my using Nerviline, and to my surprise a vigorous rubbing of this powerful liniment eased the pains and reduced the stiffness in my joints. I continued to use Nerviline and was permanently cured. I am now perfectly well, and for three years have had no rheumatism at all. I know many families where no other medicine but Nerviline is kept—it is so useful in minor ailments like earache, toothache, neuralgia, coughs, colds, lumbago, and sciatica. I call Nerviline my 'Life Guard,' and urge all to try its merit."

Dec. 17th, 113 Palmerston Avenue, Toronto.

(Signed) FLORA CHAPMAN.

It is almost criminal to keep on suffering when Nerviline can be had in any drug store. 50c. buys a large bottle, 25c. for the trial size. Prepared by The Catarrhozone Co., Buffalo, N.Y., and Kingston, Ont.

THE UNKINDEST CUT.

Sir Glenholm Falconbridge is much interested in library work. One day, recently, the Toronto Public Library Board made a tour of the city for the purpose of visiting the various branches and seeing how the work was being carried on. On entering one street the car in which Sir Glenholm was riding

Chief Justice Falconbridge.

was greeted by loud cries from several street-urchins.

"What are the boys saying?" asked Sir Glenholm.

"They are calling out, Controllers, Controllers!" explained the gentleman next to him.

"Ah! that is one of the cruelest things I ever had said to me," replied Sir Glenholm sadly.

Cure For Consumption.—For consumption, weak lungs, lingering coughs, laryngitis and bronchitis. Names and addresses of those only given a few days to live by specialist and doctors, after taking this cure are alive and well, will be sent on request. Write Wm. R. Copeland, 511 Pape Ave., Toronto Ont.

Not As Yet.

Bank Teller—"How is it you deposit nothing but pennies and nickels?"

Saddmann—"I hide 'em in my shoe and wife hasn't found it out yet."

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, &c.

His Is Not.

Cynicus—"I wonder why he never married?"

Sillicus—"I believe he was once disappointed in love."

Cynicus—"Impossible. No man is ever disappointed in love till he marries."

The wedding ring is an exclusive circle.

FROM BONNIE SCOTLAND

NOTES OF INTEREST FROM HER RANKS AND BRAES.

What is Going on in The Highlands and Lowlands of Auld Scotia.

Mr. A. Proven, postmaster of Moffat, has been appointed postmaster of Biggar.

The Marquis of Ailsa has been elected president of the Glasgow Athenaeum.

The sum of $195 was collected in certain Helensburgh churches on Hospital Sunday.

The death has occurred in her 102nd year of Mrs. Macfee, of 21 Wellmeadow, Paisley.

The death has occurred of Mrs. Euphemia Waugh, aged 99, the oldest inhabitant of Hawick.

Provost William Bruce Macguire has signified his retiral from Dunoon town council after ten years' service.

The Glasgow members of the Royal Scots Greys' Association held the Balaclava commemoration dinner recently.

The death has occurred in Inverness Poorhouse of Peter Macleod, an old Highlander, who served in the Indian Mutiny.

The Wishaw burgh rates have been increased by ½d. per £1 each on owner and occupiers, and the burgh general and public health assessments are up to 5d.

Provost Fyfe, Port Glasgow, has collected about £400 for the establishing of a scholarship for apprentices in the shipbuilding and engineering trades.

It has been decided to confer the freedom of the city of Glasgow on Councillor Robert Graham in recognition of his valuable services as member of the town council.

Mr. Graham Moffatt, author of "Bunty Pulls the Strings," and a native of Milngavie, has become a life member of the London-Dumbartonshire Association.

LETTERS FROM MOTHERS.

Every day we have letters from thankful mothers telling us what Baby's Own Tablets have done for their little ones. Some praise them for constipation, others for teething troubles, and still others for vomiting, indigestion and the many other ills of babyhood and childhood. We have received thousands of letters—all giving praise. Mrs. W. G. Crowe, Midland, Ont., says: "I think very highly of Baby's Own Tablets. I gave them to my baby when troubled with constipation and they helped her so much I always keep them in the house and now use no other medicine." The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Growing of Cinnamon.

The aromatic spice, called cinnamon, is the inner bark of a beautiful tree, attaining the size and similar in appearance to our pear-tree. The small, smooth and shiny branches, or young shoots, are alone available. To produce the commercial bark the trees are allowed to grow for from five to seven years, when they are felled and the stumps allowed to produce new shoots, called "coppice." The same methods, says the Scientific American, are followed in the East Indies to grow straight and smooth shoots of cinnamon as the basket-willow grower adopts in this country. It is kept coppiced in order to induce the formation of long, willowy shoots.

Minard's Liniment Co., Ltd.

Gentlemen,—In July, 1905, I was thrown from a road machine, injuring my hip and back badly and was obliged to use a crutch for 14 months. In Sept., 1906, Mr. Wm. Ou ridge, of Lachute, urged me to try MINARD'S LINIMENT, which I did, with the most satisfactory results, and to-day I am as well as ever in my life.

Yours sincerely,
his
MATTHEW x BAINES.
mark

The Two Real Troubles.

After all death and disgrace are about the only two troubles that really amount to anything.

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

A Remarkable Canal.

Between Worsley and St. Helms, in the north of England, is a remarkable canal. It is underground, from end to end, and is 16 miles long. In Lancashire the coal mines are very extensive, half the country being undermined, and many years ago the Duke of Bridgewater's managers thought they could save money by transporting the coal underground instead of on the surface. The canal was constructed and the mines connected and drained at the same time. Ordinary canal boats are used, but the power is furnished by men. On the roof of the tunnel arch are crosspieces, and the men do the work of propulsion by lying on their backs on the coal and pushing with their feet against the cross-

Beyond Her.

As a slight diversion the teacher suggested that each child in the class draw a picture from which she could guess what the child wanted to be when grown. All sorts of articles were illustrated: books for bookkeepers, hats for milliners, etc. One little girl, however, had a blank sheet.

"Why, Doris, don't you want to be anything when you are grown?"

"Yessum," said Doris, "I want to be married, but I don't know how to draw it."

BEWARE OF BLOOD-POISON

Zam-Buk is a Sure Cure.

Mr. Jas. Davey, of 786 Ellice Avenue, Winnipeg, says:—"A few months since I was cured of a poisoned finger through the timely use of Zam-Buk.

"I cut a deep gash across the knuckle on the first finger of my right hand in opening a lobster can. I suffered at the time with the soreness and pain, but had no idea it would become a serious wound. However, in about two days my whole hand and arm to the elbow became inflamed, and the finger was much discolored, showing signs of blood-poisoning.

I then decided to start the Zam-Buk treatment, and having first bathed the cut, I applied the healing balm. It soothed the pain almost instantly.

"In a week's time, through perseverance with Zam-Buk, a complete cure was brought about."

Zam-Buk is just as good for eczema, ulcers, scalp sores, abscesses, piles, ringworm, boils, varicose ulcers, running sores, cold sores, chapped hands, etc. Use it, too, for cuts, burns, bruises and all skin injuries. Zam-Buk Soap should be used in conjunction to the balm for washing wounds and sore places. Excellent, too, for baby's bath.

All druggists and stores sell Zam-Buk at 50c. box and Zam-Buk Soap at 25c. tablet. Post free for price from Zam-Buk Co., Toronto.

Exercising Her Right.

"Mamma, young Mr. Ketchley wants to come and see me."

"When did he tell you so, child?"

"Last time I saw him I asked him if he wouldn't like to call, and he said, 'Why, certainly.'"

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows.

No Deception.

Toff—"You told me that horse was free from faults. Why, it's blind."

Dealer—"Blind? Well, that's not a fault; that's a cruel misfortune."

Side-Kick.

Wallie Clerk — "Lew is pretty popular, isn't he?"

Willie Clerk—"Yes. He's liked by every one that doesn't know him."

Most men I ask little from, I try to render them much, and to expect nothing in return, and I get very well out of the bargain.—Fenelon.

INFLAMMATORY RHEUMATISM

Conquered by GIN PILLS

Mr. W. G. Reid, Hamilton, Ont., writes: "I have been for the last two years a cripple with Muscular and Inflammatory Rheumatism. I tried almost everything known to medical science and sought change of climate without relief. Your manager in this city recommended Gin Pills and I have since taken eight boxes and am now cured. I consider Gin Pills the conqueror of Rheumatism and Kidney Disease".

50c. a box. 6 for $2.50. Sample free if you write National Drug and Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited, Toronto. 132

Just the refreshment you need after a hard day's work

LIPTON'S TEA

Goes farthest for the money

It isn't what you do while your boss is watching you, but what you do when he's not there that counts.

FARMS FOR SALE

H. W. DAWSON, Ninety Colborne Street, Toronto.

HUNDRED ACRES—COUNTY HALTON; Good House; Buildings; Orchard. Cheap and on easy terms.

SEVENTY-SIX ACRES WITH GOOD buildings and apple orchard; about five miles from Hamilton.

H. W. DAWSON, Toronto.

150 ACRE FARM — MIDDLESEX County; soil dark clay loam, 1 acres fruit; 5 acres timber; good buildings. Farm in good condition; anxious to sell. The Western Real Estate, London, Ont.

MALE HELP WANTED.

BY NEXT SPRING THE RAILWAYS will require Five Hundred Telegraphers and Station Agents. Good wages and advancement rapid. School endorsed by railways and has direct telegraph wire connection. Free Book 19 explains. Dominion School Railroading, Toronto.

STAMPS AND COINS.

STAMP COLLECTORS—HUNDRED DIFferent Foreign Stamps, Catalogue, Album, only Seven Cents. Marks Stamp Company, Toronto.

MISCELLANEOUS

CANCER, TUMORS, LUMPS, etc. Internal and external cured without pain by our home treatment. Write us before too late. Dr. Bellman Medical Co. Limited, Collingwood, Ont.

WANTED—BLACK, SILVER AND Cross Foxes, Marten, Fisher and Mink, alive. Blake Vannatter, Ballinafad, Ontario.

GALL STONES, KIDNEY AND BLADder Stones, Kidney trouble, Gravel, Lumbago and kindred ailments positively cured with the new German Remedy, "Sanol," price $1.50. Another new remedy for Diabetes-Mellitus, and sure cure, is "Sanol's Anti-Diabetes." Price $2.00 from druggists or direct. The Sanol Manufacturing Company of Canada, Limited, Winnipeg, Man.

CLEANING LADIES' WALKING OR OUTING SUITS

Can be done perfectly by our French process. Try it.

British American Dyeing Co.

Montreal, Toronto, Ottawa and Quebec.

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Write to-day for Catalogue. It's FREE.

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BOILERS New and Second-hand, for heating and power purposes. TANKS AND SMOKE STACKS. Agents for Sturtevant Ventilating and Heating Systems.

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The Soul of a Piano is the Action. Insist on the

"OTTO HIGEL"

Piano Action

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Protect — Preserve — Beautify

Samples and Booklets on Application

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Warm Baths with Cuticura Soap

and Gentle Applications of Cuticura Ointment

For All Kinds of ECZEMA

Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold by druggists and dealers everywhere, a liberal sample of each, with 32-page booklet on the care and treatment of the skin, will be sent post-free, on application to "Cuticura," Dept. 6M, Boston, U.S.A.

Foot Protection For Cold Days

The Popular Shoe Store can now furnish you with all the latest, warmest and smartest styles for Men, Women and Children.

See all our lines in Heavy Rubbers, including "Kant Krack." All our Rubbers are new, fresh and perfect, and guaranteed best quality. Ours all come direct from the factory. Prices very reasonable and we have them in all styles.

All our Felt Boots, Overshoes, Leggins, Felt Lined Boots, Larrigans, are in, and just have a look at our stock this Fall. It will surprise you, the quality and variety—also the prices.

We have good lines in Waterproof Boots (guaranteed).

For Women and Children we have a complete stock in Felt Boots, Fleece-lined Boots (in Box Calf, Dongola and Gun Metal), Overshoes, Cloth Rubbers, Felt Juliets and Slippers, Mocassins.

See Our Complete Lines Of Winter Hosiery

For Men, Women and Children. Ours are all new goods and can compete with any on the market.

See our "All Wool" 25c. Stockings for Women, and "Buster Brown" Stockings for the Children.

A pleasure to show goods at

GEO. E. REYNOLDS
SHOE KING

THE MERIT OF THE FIXED PREMIUM

¶Recent events in the domain of life insurance afford another illustration of the superiority of the Fixed Premium system, under which the regular legal reserve companies operate.

¶In the evening of life, when earning power is declining, a man's monetary obligations should grow less, rather than greater.

¶That is just what happens when profits are applied to reduce premiums annually, or when payments cease altogether at the end of the term, as is the case in

THE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA

BURROWS, of Belleville,
Agents wanted, General Agent.

The Cause of The Destruction of the Canadian Tamrack

The almost total destruction of the tamarack, or larch, which took place throughout eastern Canada almost thirty years ago was caused by an insect, the Larch Sawfly. It appeared again about eight years ago and in its spread westward it is repeating its former devastation on the younger tamracks.

To all who are interested in our forests the appearance of a comprehensive account of this insect entitled "The Large Larch Sawfly, with an account of its Parasites, other Natural Enemies and Means of Control", by the Dominion Entomologist, Dr. C. Gordon Hewitt, will be welcome. This has been published by the Dominion Department of Agriculture as Entomological Bulletin No. 5 & No. 10 of the Second Series of the Experimental Farms Bulletins, and may be had free, on application to the Publications Branch, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa.

Dr. Hewitt has studied the life-history, habits and mean of control of this injurious sawfly, both in England and North America. In England, it was found that the natural enemies, especially parasitic insects, effectively gained control of outbreaks of the insect. Other natural enemies were mice and birds and a system of bird encouragement was started on a large scale. The devastating spread of the sawfly in North America was due to the comparative absence of the natural means of control. Several important species of parasites new to science were discoved and have been studied and described. To increase the number of natural enemies of the Sawfly, attempts are being made to introduce and establish in Canada parasites which were discovered in England and which appeared to control the pest there. An account of these interesting experiments and of the methods devised to encourage the birds and other means of control are described in this bulletin, which consists of forty-two pages and contains twenty-six figures, including a coloured plate. The publication of this bulletin is indicative of the attention which the Division of Entomology is now devoting to the insect pests of our forests which are responsible for incalculable loss each year.

An adequate and thoroughly equipped Training Institution for the officers of the Salvation Army in Canada, to cost $250,000, is to be erected as a memorial to the late General William Booth, founder of the denomination. The building will be erected in Toronto and will provide accommodation for 125 persons.

What Is Life to You?

To the preacher, life's a sermon ;
To the joker it's a jest ;
To the miser life is money,
To the loafer life is rest.

To the lawyer life's a trial,
To the poet life's a song,
To the doctor life's a patient
That needs treatment right along.

To the soldier life's a battle,
To the teacher life's a school ;
Life's a good thing to the grafter,
It's a failure to the fool.

To the man upon the engine
Life's a long and heavy grade ;
It's a gamble to the gambler,
To the merchant life is trade.

Life's a picture to the artist,
To the rascal life's a fraud ;
Life perhaps is but a burden
To the man beneath the hod.

Life is lovely to the lover.
To the player life's a play ;
Life may be a load of trouble
To the man upon the dray.

Life is but a long vacation
To the man who loves his work ;
Life's an everlasting effort
To shun duty to the shirk.

To the earnest Christian worker
Life's a story ever new ;
Life is what we try to make it—
Brother, what is Life to you?

Mr. R. F. Downey, B. A., Principal of the Peterboro Central School, has been elected one of the four Public school representatives to the Council of Education.

William P. Hudson, for many years a prominent resident of Belleville, and ex-M. P. P., for East Hastings, died on Thursday last. He was seventy-one years of age.

The C. P. R. freight sheds at Prescott, the largest west of Montreal, were destroyed by fire, with a large quantity of freight, 200 tons of coal, and the offices. Total loss estimated at $250,000.

Here is something that may be of interest to dog owners here. A recent supreme court decision outlines responsibilities of owners of dogs. The decision was a case where action had been brought to recover damages from the owner of a dog that barked and frightened the plaintiff's horse. The plaintiff was thrown and injured and brought suit to recover $1,500 damages. The jury gave him a verdict for that amount and the owner of the dog appealed to the supreme court. The supreme court sustained the verdict and said in strong words that the owners of barking and vicious dogs are responsible for all damages caused by such dogs, and the owners keep them at their own peril.—Ex.

HARDWARE

We keep everything in the line of

STOVES

See our line of Cook Stoves finished with onyx tiled back, nickle plated closet door and panel with mirror.

We can give you the best that brains, skilled mechanics and good material can produce.

Every Stove guaranteed.

We keep heaters of every description, from the cheap Heater to the best Base Burner.

See our line of Base Burners before you buy.

If you want a Furnace call and see us.

Our prices are rock bottom.

L. & R. W. MEIKLEJOHN
Phone No. 13

The British Press is practically unanimous in opposing the attempts to drag Britain into Europen war.

The Carnegie Corporation has set aside a fund of $125,000,000 to provide an annual pension of $25,000 for ex-Presidents and their widows.

The NEWS-ARGUS to new subscribers to Dec. 31, 1913 for $1.00.

"There could be no better medicine than Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. My children were all sick with whooping cough. One of them was in bed, had a high fever and was coughing up blood. Our doctor gave them Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and the first dose eased them, and three bottles cured them," says Mrs. R. A. Donaldson, of Lexington, Miss. For sale by all dealers.

Special Clubbing Offers

The NEWS-ARGUS will be sent for one year with any of the papers named at the following rates :

Weekly Globe to Jan 1, 1914	$1.60
Weekly Mail and Empire to Jan. 1, 1914	1.60
Weekly Sun	1.70
Weekly Witness	1.80
Family Herald and Weekly Star	1.80
Toronto Daily Star	2.25
Toronto Daily News	2.25
Daily Globe	4.75
Daily Mail and Empire	4.75

These prices do not apply to subscriptions to the United States.

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Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the
Scientific American.
A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms for Canada, $3.75 a year, postage prepaid. Sold by all newsdealers.
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Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

A Halton county fruit-grower is authority for a story which throws an interesting sidelight on the high cost of living problem. He says the Winnipeg Manager of a fire insurance company opened a barrel of Ontario apples, and found beneath the lid the following note from the farmer: "I got seventy-five cents for this barrel of apples ; how much did you pay for it?" The insurance man paid $5.75. Both the farmer and the consumer are now wondering who got the other $5.

There promises to be a lively contest in Seymour at the January election. Reeve Hume has announced his candidature for re-election and Councillor G. A. Hay, V. S., is slated as his opponent. Councillor Stewart will oppose Mr. John Currie for the Deputy-Reeve's chair. In all probability Councillor Varcoe will seek again his present position, and Mr. Walter Post will also be a candidate. Several other new men will likely be out for the position of councillor.—Campbellford Herald.

Don't waste your money buying strengthening plasters. Chamberlain's Liniment is cheaper and better. Dampen a piece of flannel with it and bind it over the affected parts and it will relieve the pain and soreness. For sale by all dealers.

Lumber, Lath

AND SHINGLES

All kinds of dressed and undressed lumber on hand.

Also, Lath and Shingles of the very best quality.

J. W. HAIGHT.

Farms and Village Property For Sale

Farms situated in Rawdon, Hungerford and Thurlow, and two choice village properties.

A General Insurance business transacted. No fees charged on renewals or new business.

For full particulars write

W. S. MARTIN & SON
Stirling

Breeders

Insure you Live Stock, Stallions, and in foal Mares.

Why risk the lives of your high-bred stock, or the life of a valuable mare and foal, when a policy in the

General Animals Insurance Co. of Canada

Will protect them. For full information as to rates, write or apply to

MORDEN BIRD,
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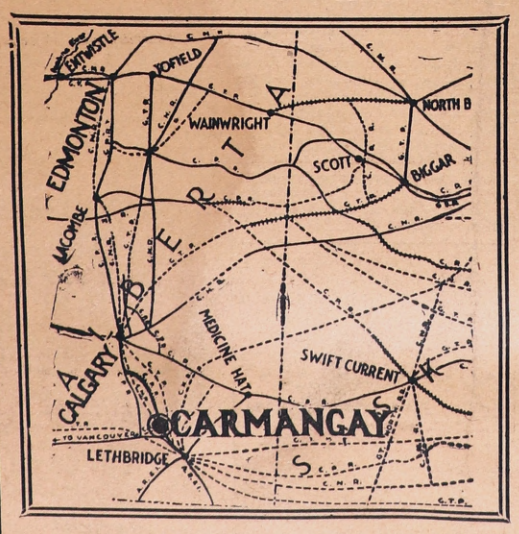
Representing first-class Fire, Accident and Health Insurance Companies.

SOUTHERN ALBERTA, THE SUNNY AND THE GOLDEN

CARMANGAY

NATURE'S FAVORITE

Nature made the future of Carmangay absolutely certain. Agriculture and industry must follow when Nature shows the way.



CARMANGAY has the finest climate in Canada.

CARMANGAY has the purest water supply in the Western Prairies. The railroads appreciate this, as the water is free from alkali, and they have planned accordingly.

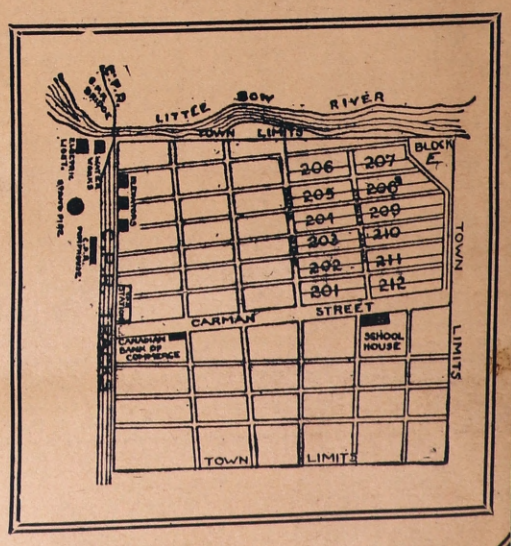
CARMANGAY has abundant coal within a few miles. Again the railroads appreciate this. Industries must go where coal and railroads join. Pittsburg, Pa., is an example.

CARMANGAY has inexhaustible quarries of the finest building material.

CARMANGAY has two banks, although the present population is but five hundred. The bankers know what is coming, and also that the first comers will reap the rewards of foresight.

CARMANGAY has a $60,000 school. Others will soon be required.

CARMANGAY has three large elevators, and plans for others are completed.



CARMANGAY is on the main line of the Canadian Pacific from Calgary to Lethbridge. This line was completed only five months ago, which accounts for the fact that property in this most desirable townsite in Southern Alberta is now available. We strongly recommend our clients to act promptly, as Carmangay offers such an unusual opportunity for investment that Western buyers will rapidly take up the remaining lots within the town limits.

We wish to impress upon our friends that the Carmangay property is not a subdivision. It is a portion of the original townsite, and is indicated by the words "Block E" in the diagram. It will be noted that the property is within the town limits, and adjoining the best residential district. We repeat, quick action is necessary. To our clients for whom we have made money in the past this recommendation from us will be sufficient incentive for promptness.

Please write name and address plainly in coupon in opposite corner, and mail without delay. Allotments will be made in the order that applications are received. First come, first served.

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502 TEMPLE BUILDING, TORONTO

The Western Canada Real Estate Company
502 Temple Building, Toronto

Please mail me descriptive folder on Carmangay.

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